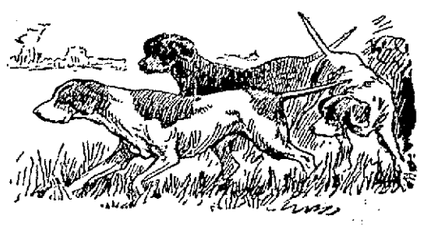
GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Wednesday, Sept. 29, 1904.

VOL. XXXI, NO. 22



A FEW POINTERS

That any man who is interested in saving his good $ $ $ and cts. will readily accept.

Don't put off buying that lumber you need any longer.

Don't let the season slip away and find you with your place in its present condition.

Don't buy without getting our prices.

Don't get the mistaken idea that our prices are high because our stock is the best.

Don't forget our location, nor that we'll be glad to send you our estimate on whatever you'll need.

Kellogg Bros. Lumber Co.

East Grand Rapids. Tel. 357. | West Grand Rapids, Tel. 356. | Nekoosa Tel. 20.

Announcement.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of sheriff on the republican ticket.

Wm. E. Little.

Candidate for Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for sheriff subject to the action of the republican county convention.

James McLaughlin.

Low Rates to the Pacific Coast

Via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. $36.90 to San Francisco, Los Angeles and at any other points in California.

$30.50 to Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and many other points in Oregon and Washington.

$25.50 to Butte, Helena and many other points in Montana.

$28.00 to Salt Lake City, Ogden and a number of other points in Utah, Idaho and Colorado.

$28.00 to Spokane and other Eastern Washington points.

Tikets on sale every day until October 15. Further information about rates, routes and train service gladly furnished by the ticket agent, or by writing to F. A. Miller, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chicago.

Wreck at Kellner.

Train No. 438, which passed thru Kellner about 7 o'clock last evening was partially wrecked by one of the trucks breaking on a car. Two cars were pretty badly smashed up and a wrecking crew was kept busy until five o'clock this morning in getting the track cleared. Nobody was hurt.

A Banner Yield.

D. M. Huntington has one-eleventh an acre of potatoes from which he dug forty bushels of potatoes. He considers that 440 bushels per acre is a pretty good yield, even for Wisconsin, which we all admit to be about the best state in the entire bunch. If any body can tell of anything better than this, let him speak out.

Johnson & Hill Company.

BIG BASEMENT BARGAIN SALE NOW ON



300

MEN AND BOYS

Suits and Overcoats

AT JUST HALF PRICE.



COPYRIGHT 1902 BY A. B. KIRSCHBAUM & CO.

Some people buy 2 suits they are so cheap

ALSO UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, GLOVES AND MITTS.

Ladies Walking Skirts.

A 10c Counter that is a hummer. Come and see for yourself.

Do you need any WALLPAPER in your home this fall!

If you do here is an opportunity you can't afford to miss. In order to make room for our 1905 stock we will close out our present stock

AT COST.

Our stock consists of many beautiful and tasty designs, Patterns that will suit everybody both in quality and design. Remember we will close out the entire stock at cost price. Come early while assortment is complete.

Johnson & Hill Company's

Drug Department.

SHOT BY BROTHER.

LORETTA CUMMINGS THE VICTIM.

Little Girl Receives Bullet in Brain as Result of Playing With Fire Arms.

A remarkable and unusual accident happened in this city last Friday when little Loretta Cummings was shot by her brother with a pistol, the bullet entering the top of the head and passing down thru the brain and lodging in the base of the skull. One of the most remarkable things about the matter is that the little girl is still alive at this writing and may recover from the wound.

Loretta and her brother, who is only about five years old, were playing in the yard, and the little fellow had taken a small pistol from one of the rooms of the house, where it was kept by a boarder, and during their play the weapon was discharged. Nobody saw the accident, but the little girl was found lying on the ground apparently soon after the shot occurred, she being in an unconscious condition. Dr. Waters was summoned and upon examination he found that the bullet had entered the top of the head and apparently taking a downward course. It could not be told how far in the bullet had gone in, but an examination of the pistol showed it to be a 22 caliber of Stevens make, with a barrel about seven inches long, so it was thought that the wound might be a very serious one. A part of the brain was protruding from the wound, there being quite a hole in the skull. The wound was dressed and everything possible done for the little one and she rested comparatively easy considering the seriousness of the wound.

On the following day Dr. Waters, assisted by Drs. Hougen and Rockwell, performed an operation on the little one, opening up the skull and removing a quantity of brain matter that had been destroyed in the path of the bullet. The bullet was located in the base of the skull, but was not removed, as it was considered that it would do less harm to remain there than it would to attempt to remove it thru the entire thickness of the brain.

Since the operation the little girl has been getting along fairly well. Of course a wound of this sort is very apt to prove fatal at any time, and very little hope is held out for her recovery. She rests comparatively easy, suffering no pain and sleeping the greater part of the time. When she does wake up she is apparently conscious. There has been partial paralysis of different parts of the body, but this is apparently nothing permanent.

The pistol was owned by a young lady that boarded at the house and has been attending the training school in this city. The children apparently got the weapon from her room, where it must have been loaded, as it is doubtful if they could have loaded it.

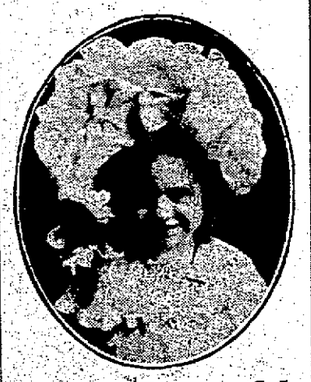
Taken altogether the history of the case is a most remarkable one, and one of which there are few parallels known.

Preached His Farewell.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw preached his farewell sermon at the Congregational church last Sunday, and his words were listened to with great attention by the large number of his congregation present. Mr. Shaw has been pastor of the Congregational church in this city during the past six years, and it is doubtful if there has ever been a minister of the gospel in this city who is more universally liked by the people of all denominations than is the case with Mr. Shaw. He has the peculiar faculty of appealing to the men folks of a community and his meetings were always largely attended by the male portion of the town. It is doubtful if another man will be secured to fill the pulpit as acceptably as Mr. Shaw has done during his administration here.

Opera House,

SATURDAY, OCT. 1.



Nonie Reynolds

as "SISSY" in

WHY DO WOMEN SIN?

SPOKE OF SOCIALISM.

Rev. Carl Thompson not Greeted by a Very Large Crowd.

Rev. Carl D. Thompson spoke on the subject of Socialism at the opera house last Wednesday evening. Mr. Thompson is a good speaker and was entitled to a better audience than listened to him that evening. Socialism, while it has gained quite a foothold in the larger cities, does not seem to appeal to the classes in farming communities and in small towns. This is probably explained by the fact that in the country districts each individual feels to be more his own master than in the larger places where every man is directly dependent on some large corporation or company for his bread and butter. There each workman is ground down in many instances to the last notch and while he is scratching to make both ends meet he sees his employers amassing great fortunes and he feels that the condition of affairs is an evil and he seeks and hopes to remedy it.

However, the idea of the socialist, to leave everybody equal, does not seem to agree with the highest ideal of the average American. In this country every man with any life in him wants to feel that he is at liberty to rise above his neighbor if the opportunity presents itself and it is this feeling that has done as much to bring civilization to its present plane as anything else. The bone and sinew of the nation is the middle class. Those people who are neither too rich to work nor too poor to try to help themselves. It is from this class that the reserves are drawn who eventually make our great men and women. Every working man in the nation is unconsciously trending toward this class, no matter how low nor ignorant he may be at the present time. He may never reach the ideal state, but some of his children or grand children may, which is the same thing in the long run.

The average American is afraid of socialism because it has a suggestion of anarchy about it, altho the two things are as opposite as two things could be. Socialism believes in all government, while anarchy tries to conjure up an ideal state of existence where there is no government. One extreme is as bad as another and there is little liklihood of the bulk of the American people going to either one.

Clark Recital Oct. 5.

In the evening Mr. Clark read the "Ulysses" of Steven Phillips with such acute understanding, such thoro impersonation, such exquisite appreciation that the changing scenes and various characters were brought into clear view, without the aid of a stage and scenic devices. Talented cast and artistic setting could not have made this modern dramatization of the old Greek tragedy more real to his audience. The launching forth from the enchanted isle, the descent into hell, the home coming of the hero came like vivid pictures before the mind. Prof Clark easily lifts his hearers to enthusiasm for the highest things in literature—Shreveport (La.) Times.

Prof. Clark will be at the Lincoln high school on Wednesday afternoon and evening, Oct. 5.

Married.

Wednesday evening, Sptembeer 21, Rev. John Korczyk of the Polish Catholic church, united in marriage Albert O. Otto and Miss Tillie White. Both of the contracting parties a • well and favorably known in this city where they have a large circle of friends. Mr. Otto is employed with the Consolidated people as electrician and Miss White is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. White of the west side, and is a most estimable young lady. They will make their home on the west side. The Tribune extends congratulations.

Emmons-Garrison.

Miss Laura Emmons and Erestus Garrison were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at ten o'clock this morning at the home of the bride, Rev. B. J. H. Shaw performing the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Garrison took the noon train the same day for the south and will be absent a week or more on a wedding tour.

Both of the young people are well and favorably known in this city, the bride being the daughter of Mrs. N. E. Emmons of High street, while the groom is the son of Frank Garrison and is employed at the Port Edwards paper mill. The Tribune unites with their many friends in extending congratulations.

Kern-Boston.

Miss Alma Kern of this city and Fred Boston of Stevens Point were united in marriage in this city this morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Kern, the brides parents, on the east side. Miss Kern has lived here with her parents during the past two years and is a most estimable young lady, well liked by all her associates. Mr. Boston is one of the principal furniture dealers of Stevens Point and is considered one of the rising young business men of Central Wisconsin. Mr. and Mrs. Boston left the is morning for the south and will make their home at Stevens Point. The Tribune extends congratulations.

One of the most important requirements in a medicine to be given to small children should be that it is pleasant to take. Bad tasting medicines disturb the stomach, destroy the appetite and it is extremely difficult to get children to take them. The pleasant flavor of Re-Go Tonic Laxative Syrup, the certain cure for dyspepsia, constipation and billiousness pleases the most sensitive person and is the ideal laxative for young children. 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles at Sam Church and John E. Daly druggist.

FOOTBALL A FARCE.

Saturday's Game Ends with Several Minutes to Play.

The football game on Saturday between the local high school team and the eleven from Merrill high school ended very abruptly during the second half by the failure of the local team and the crowd in general to agree on one of the decisions of the referee. According to the decision of the referee the game stood 5 to 5 when the thing was called off, and the game was given to the Merrill team by the score of 6 to 5.

Merrill kicked off to Grand Rapids, but it took the local team so long to capture the ball that they were downed about twenty yards from goal, before the pigskin had been advanced any. Then the local team went to work and by continually bucking the line, advanced the ball by small but steady gains until they carried it the entire length of the field and Brennan made a touchdown for the locals. Goal was missed, and this made the score 5 to 0.

During this time Merrill had made several kicks on the referee and in order to satisfy the visitors a change was made. The Merrill boys claimed that the referee had given the locals four downs instead of three.

After the touchdown Merrill kicked off again to Grand Rapids. The locals got the ball, but lost it on a fumble before any advance had been made. Merrill made a short advance by long end runs when Grand Rapids got the ball on downs. Before any playing could be done the end of the first half was called.

At the beginning of the second half Grand Rapids kicked off. Merrill took the ball but was unable to advance it and the ball went to Grand Rapids. Then the Merrill boys held the locals and took the ball on downs. They made several short advances, and had got the ball within about thirty yards of goal, when it looked as if they were going to be held, when they punted. The ball went over the goal line, and the Merrill team claimed that one of our men touched the ball as it went over his head. If he did touch it the play would count the visitors five as a touchdown and give a right to kick for goal. If he did not touch it the play would be a touchback and count the visitors two. The referee called it a touchdown and bedlam immediately broke loose. Both the Grand Rapids players and the spectators seemed to be universal in their claim that the local man had not touched the ball, while the referee stuck to his original decision. After the matter had been argued for some time Supt. Youker asked the spectators to get off the field that the game might go on, but this they failed to do, and the game was called off, and later given to Merrill.

It was evident that the players would have abided by the decision of the referee had the crowd acted like civilized humans, but this they refused to do. In view of the performance last Saturday it seems as tho it might be advisable to play future games without the use of a referee. Then each citizen as he proceeds to the grounds can arm himself with a baseball bat or other weapon of offense and thus be prepared to settle all close points in a neat and expeditious manner. The crowd can always see the plays much better than the referee, anyway, and then they are better qualified to judge a matter of this sort, and are not prejudiced either way, as a referee is apt to be. It also adds to the enjoyment of the game when the spectators can step in and take a hand. Of course these are only suggestions and they do not have to be taken advantage of unless they are thought to be a good thing.

Register of Deeds Report.

Register of Deeds E. A. Upham has made his annual report. It shows that the real estate transfers have been considerably less this year than they were during last. Following are some comparisons from the report:

The total number of acres of unplatted land sold this year is 28,579½ as against 63,057 for the previous year the average selling price per acre being $19.68 to $16.19 for last year. The increase in the average price per acre is more than 21 per cent. The assessed valuation per acre of the lands sold this year is $9.07 to $7.49 for last year. The town of Saratoga is first in the number of acres sold with 5,965 and Remington is second with 5,287 acres. The total consideration for acreage sales is $759,361 for this year as against $921,424 last year.

The total value of the platted lots this year is $243,421 to $521,178 last year. In the city of Marshfield 177 lots assessed at $88,342, were sold for $128,226, while in the city of Grand Rapids 101 lots assessed at $36,834 were sold for $74,168. This year Marshfield leads the county seat in amount of sales by a large margin, the consideration of lot sales being about double. Last year Grand Rapids led in the number of lots sold. The average price per lot in Marshfield was $724.50 and in Grand Rapids $73.30.

Unclaimed Letters.

Following is the list of advertised letters Sept. 26.:

Gentlemen—Buttler, D. F. Lantz, Rev. E. D., Maynard, W. M., Peck, Clyde Denton, Preiser, Fred; Schneider, Will, Sporhman, Louis E., Roenius, Ernst. Ladies—Aulkie, Miss Emma, Bayne, Mrs. Jas., Bundy, Miss Martha, Gardner, Miss Helen, Kuntzman, Miss Eldth, Kukbh, Miss Cristine, Larson, Miss Emma, Mueller, Miss Irma, Smith, Miss Adelia, Waren, Mrs. B. M.

When calling for any of the above please state that they are advertised.

WENT OVER THE DAM.

ONLY A BROKEN LEG AS THE RESULT.

George Minahem has a Narrow Escape from a Sudden Death Tuesday.

George Minahem went over the dam on Tuesday morning, and outside of a broken leg and a few severe bruises he is little worse for his experience. It is probable that had he not sustained the broken limb he would have been able to continue work after he had got the water dried out of his system.

Mr. Minahem, in company with several fellow workmen, was engaged in removing needles from one of the sluiceways near the west end of the dam when the accident occurred. Some planks were lying across the opening of the sluiceway, and just as Mr. Minahem stepped onto these one of the work men gave them a shove to one side, causing him to lose his balance and fall into the water. There was a lot of water running thru the sluiceway and he was carried over quicker than a wink. He appeared beneath the dam, however, and made a brave struggle for shore, and managed to reach a rock in spite of his crippled condition, and some of his fellow workmen helped him to the shore.

He was taken to his home as quickly as possible and a surgeon summoned who set the broken bone and left him feeling as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

When one views the place where Mr. Minahem went thru the sluice it is a wonder that he came out of it alive. The water falls on immense rocks there and boils with a vehemence that makes it evident that the bottom is very rough. It was a lucky escape, and he is to be congratulated in having got out of it with his life.

Father VanRoosmalen to Leave.

Rev. W. F. Van Roosmalen, who has been pastor of SS. Peter & Paul Catholic church in this city during the past six years, has been transferred to De Pere where he will take charge of the Immaculate Conception church of that city. De Pere is considered one of the finest parishes in the Green Bay diocese. In speaking of the transfer the De Pere Standard says:

Rev. Wm. F. Van Roosmalen, at present pastor at Grand Rapids, has been appointed by Bishop J. J. Fox to succeed the late Rev. John Verdegen as pastor at the Immaculate Conception church, this city. Father Van Roosmalen was in the city this week and will take charge of his new station here about October 1st.

Father Van Roosmalen was formerly pastor of St. Willebrord's, Green Bay, and is very well known here. He is a man of unusual imposing stature, a most fluent and forceful pulpit orator in either English, Holland, German or French and all in all a very desirable choice.

While Father Van Roosmalen is thus being placed at the head of one of the finest parishes in the diocese of Green Bay (though the one he leaves at Grand Rapids is by no means an inferior one) we believe that the congregation here which is to have him as its pastor and the citizens of De Pere in general may be congratulated as well as he because of the Bishop's speedy and most acceptable decision.

Father Van Roosmalen should be given a hearty welcome, for he is likely to be a very prominent figure here for many years to come.

Enlisted in the Army.

August Bandelin, Kirk Muir and Egbert Bunge have enlisted in the regular army and they left last Friday for St. Louis. It is probable that three years in the regular army will do the boys good, and when discharged they will have solved all the mysteries of a military life and discovered that the gold braid of the commissioned officer seldom glistens on the coat of the young man who starts in as a private and tries to work up.

Looking for Information.

A veteran bee keeper in this city would like to have reports from bee keepers in this vicinity as to what their yield has been this year, and their opinions as to what causes the shortage where such exists. So far as received the reports show a remarkable shortage in the honey crop, notwithstanding fairly favorable conditions. Reports received will be published in the Tribune.

Will Wrestle October 13.

The Beell-Adamson wrestling match is at last a go and will be held at the opera house Thursday evening, Oct. 13. Seats will be on sale at the drug stores at 50c, 75c and $1. Those desiring to see a clean match by two of the best men in the business should not fail to attend.

Rummage Sale.

The members of St. Catherine's Guild are preparing to hold a rummage sale some time in October, place of sale to be made known later. Prospective buyers are requested to govern themselves accordingly.

Excursion to Marshfield.

On Thursday, Sept. 29, the Wisconsin Central will give excursion rates to Marshfield, at a rate and one third for the round trip. Excursionists can leave here on any train during the day and a special train will leave Marshfield at 10 o'clock in the evening on the return trip. Gov. La Follette speaks at Marshfield that afternoon and evening, the Marshfield fair is in progress and the Democratic convention occurs there, so there should be amusement for all. The regular trains leave this city at 9:35 in the morning and at 6:40 in the afternoon.

A Narrow Escape.

J. W. Strupe had a narrow escape from instant death last Friday while at work on the plant of the Grand Rapids Brewing company. He was going down a ladder when a plank that was being lowered by some of his fellow workmen slipped from its moorings and struck Mr. Strupe's cap on the front edge, then struck his hand, which was on the ladder, and continuing its course, took several rounds out of the ladder and then fell to the ground. Mr. Strupe's hand was badly lacerated but he otherwise escaped without injury, which he was very lucky to do. Had the plank fell only a few inches to one side it would have caused his instant death.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Annual Clearance Sale of Pianos and Organs.

It has been our custom for several years at our Oshkosh store and all branches to hold an Annual Clearance Sale. We must make annual settlement with the manufacturers about Oct. 1, and desire to reduce our stock to the minimum, therefore we offer our entire stock of Pianos and Organs for the balance of this month and up to and including Oct. 8, at ABSOLUTE COST. Sale positively closes Oct. 8.

$325.00 pianos at $260.00; $300.00 pianos at $225.00; $250.00 pianos at $185.00; $200.00 pianos at $150; $65.00 organs at $55.00; $55.00 organs at $45.00; $45.00 organs at $38.00. All sold on small monthly payments or for cash.

Now, a word about our goods: We have the Hallet & Davis, Kimball, Whitney & Hinze Pianos. The Hallet & Davis Piano is justly celebrated for those merits which appeal to the most accomplished pianist, professional or amateur. The Hallet & Davis has that something which a musician cannot describe, perhaps, but which fascinates and satisfies. It is a superb instrument in tone and construction. The Kimball Piano is standard the world over. The world's greatest musicians use them, including Jean Dereske, Lillian Nordica and Adelina Patti. Bring in your musical friends to test them. The Kimball tone has the power to charm. Please call and hear them before deciding your purchases. Kimball organs need no praise from us. They have been standard the world over for fifty years. They are known and used in every hamlet in the land.

This is an opportunity of a lifetime for you to be the possessor of a high grade piano or organ at absolute cost. We would suggest that you call early while the stock is complete. A Kimball Piano Player, former price $225.00, now $185.00.

A visit to our store will convince you of the merits of our goods. Every one cordially invited to call and inspect our stock. Store open evenings until 9 o'clock.

W. H. Babcock & Company

New Lyon Block. West Side

GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

JOHN BURT

By FREDERICK UPHAM ADAMS

Author of "The Kidnapped Millionaires," "Colonel Monroe's Doctrine," Etc.

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CHAPTER EIGHT.—Continued.

When the launch approached, Arthur Morris was seen in the bow. There were several richly dressed young women in the party. John Burt saw at a glance that Morris and some of his companions were under the influence of liquor. Jessie guessed as much, and her suspicions became a certainty when Morris stepped unsteadily to the landing and came toward her, a vacant smile mantling his face.

"A thousand pardons, Miss Carden," he said, his voice husky and his body very erect, but wavering. "A thousand pardons! Detention unavoidable, assure you—unavoidable detention, assure you! 'Sall right, though; 'sall right now. Allow me, Miss Carden," and he stepped forward to offer his arm. John Burt remained by Jessie's side.

"Do not dare to speak to me, sir!" cried Jessie, shame and anger driving the crimson to her face. "Don't let him come near me, John!" she exclaimed, clinging to Burt's stalwart arm.

"Stand back, Morris!" said John in a low, clear tone, a glitter in his dark gray eyes. "You are in no condition, sir, to meet Miss Carden."

The gaudily-dressed throng of guests was grouped behind Arthur Morris. One of the young women grasped Arthur Morris by the lapel of the coat.

"Come on, you fool!" she said with a vindictive little laugh. "Don't you see you're not wanted?" She turned him half round and Kingsley grabbed him by the arm.

"Come along, commodore," said that young blood. "You are in the wrong pew, commodore! Cheer up, sad sea dog; we may be happy yet!" And with laughter and taunts the guests of the Voltaire led the yacht's befuddled owner along the pier into the grove.

"I must go to the hotel for a few minutes. I'll meet you and Sam later," he said. "You'll excuse me, won't you, Jessie?"

"Oh, John, for my sake don't get into trouble!" pleaded Jessie, who guessed something of the truth.

John walked hurriedly away. Entering the hotel, he saw Arthur Morris and five of his male companions seated around a table loaded with champagne bottles and glasses.

John stood unobserved in the deep-tering the hotel,he saw Arthur Morris was attempting to sing, hammering on the table with a cane to beat time.

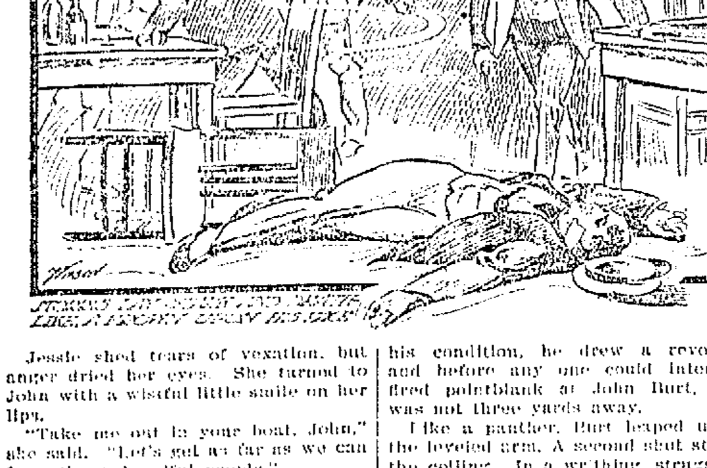
"You're a fine Lothario, commodore!" said Kingsley, as he slowly filled his glass. "After all your boasts you let a yokel cut you out, shake his fist in your face, and sail away with the fair maiden! Your amours weary me!"

"Hold your tongue, Kingsley!" growled Morris. "You'll sing a different tune a few weeks from now. As for this fellow, Burt, I'll horsewhip him the first time I meet him! You need not worry about my success with the Carden. I'll wager you that in less than a year I will—"

John Burt glided across the room, grasped him by the shoulders, dragged him from the chair, and with a grip of iron shook him as a dog does a rat. His wine-glass fell with a crash to the floor.

"Another word, you drunken insulter of women, and I will beat your head to a pulp!"

Morris' guests threw themselves between the two men, and John relaxed his grasp on Morris' neck. Dazed for the moment, Morris recovered himself, and his face became distorted with rage. Seizing a heavy bottle, he hurled it at John's head. The bottle missed its mark and crashed through a mirror. Reaching into his pocket with a quickness wonderful in



MORRIS LAY STARK AND DEATH-LIKE, A FROWN UPON HIS FACE.

Jessie shed tears of vexation, but anger dried her eyes. She turned to John with a wistful little smile on her lips.

"Take me out in your boat, John," she said. "Let's get as far as we can from those dreadful people."

In a few minutes the Standish bobbed saucily at the landing, and Jessie stepped on board. The wind had scarcely filled the sail when Morris came running down the pier. He stopped as he saw the pair in the boat, and glared at them as they glided away, brute rage showing in every feature of his flushed face. His friends followed and led him back.

Little was said between the two as the boat moved swiftly along. Each was busy with thoughts, and both seemed under the spell of threatened trouble. John pointed the boat for Minot's Light, and having passed inside followed the rocky shore, avoiding the reefs and shoals, which were to him as an open book.

"Tell me a story, John, or anything! We're both awfully stupid to-day. Don't you think so?"

"I will tell you a secret—two secrets," said John, gravely.

"Don't tell me secrets if you wish them kept, John," laughed Jessie. "I'm a regular tell-tale!"

"You will keep these secrets—at least, one of them," replied John. "I'm going away. That's the first secret."

"Going away?" echoed Jessie. "Where, John?"

"Out West—to California."

"Going to leave Harvard? Going to California? Surely you're joking! What does this mean, John?" The little face was serious now.

"That is the second secret, Jessie."

There was that in his voice and in his eyes which thrilled the girl by his side. Jessie's soft brown eyes opened wide, then dropped as they met his fervent gaze.

"I am going away, Jessie, because I love you."

The little hand became imprisoned in a tender clasp, and she listened as in a dream to the words which clamored for her love.

"Listen to me, Jessie—listen to me!" His voice was commanding in its earnestness. "I do not ask you to love me now. I do not ask you to promise to be my wife. I only ask you to know that I love you; to know there is one man who has no thought other than your welfare; who cherishes no ambition other than to see you showered with all the blessings and honors which God can grant to a good woman. That is my love, Jessie! If some day I have an honest right to ask your love in return, I shall do so, making no claim on our old friendship. May I love you that way? Say that I may, Jessie!"

"I—I want you to love me, John, but please don't speak of it again, John!" said Jessie, raising her eyes glistening with tears. "I mean—not to speak of it for years, John. I have not thought of love; at least, I—I don't think I have! Please, John, promise me that you will not say anything more about it until—things are different. Will you promise?"

John Burt's face was radiant as he made the promise.

The sail was raised, and they started back toward the grove. John helped Jessie to the landing, and turned to see Sam Rounds running toward them.

"Excuse me," said he breathlessly to Jessie. "I want you, John!" He drew John aside. "Arthur Morris and his friends are drunk in the hotel," he said excitedly. "He says he's going to kill you, and he's insulted Miss Carden half a dozen times."

John's teeth were set and his hands clenched, but his voice was calm as he turned to Jessie.

his condition, he drew a revolver, and before any one could interfere fired pointblank at John Burt, who was not three yards away.

Like a panther, Burt leaped under the leveled arm. A second shot struck the ceiling. In a writhing, struggling mass, amid overturned chairs and tables, and the flight of panic stricken spectators, both men lurched heavily to the floor, John Burt uppermost. As they fell, a third shot was fired, the report being muffled as the shell exploded within their close embrace.

The smoking weapon fell to the floor from the nerveless grasp of Arthur Morris. John Burt seized it and thrust it into his pocket, but the precaution was unnecessary. Morris lay on the sanded floor of the inn, stark and deathlike, a frown upon his face. On the white flannel shirt above his heart was an ominous smear of red, slowly widening in a circle with each respiration, before the eyes of the men who bent over him. A froth tinged with blood oozed and bubbled from his mouth.

CHAPTER NINE.

The Parting.

John felt the touch of a hand on his shoulder, and, turning quickly, faced Sam Rounds.

"Fer God's sake, git outer here, John, as soon as ye can!" whispered Sam. John hung back defiantly. "Come on, John, Jessie's waitin' for ye!"

At the sound of Jessie's name a wave of agony swept over John Burt. With a glance at the motionless form of Morris, he turned and followed Sam Rounds. No hand was raised to stop him. The witnesses of the tragedy, held in a spell, had eyes for naught but its victim.

Jessie ran forward to meet him, her face white with fear.

"Oh, what has happened, John? What has happened?" Her voice trembled and her lips parted with a vague terror. "Are you shot? Are you hurt, John? Oh, tell me, John!"

"I'm not hurt, darling," said John, looking into the uplifted eyes. "Something has happened, and we must leave at once. I will tell you about it on the way home."

By a stern effort John Burt mastered his emotions and calmly told Jessie what had happened. He said no word of the shameful insults in which her name had been bandied in a public drinking place. He explained that a quarrel had arisen, during which Morris had been shot with his own weapon. Jessie listened breathlessly. It had grown so dark that John could not see her face, but there was a tremor in her voice when she asked:

"Will he die, John?"

"I fear so," replied John.

It might have been imagination, but he thought that Jessie shuddered and drew away from him. They heard the rapid beat of hoofs behind them and she clutched his arm.

Out of the darkness a horse, madly ridden, dashed forward, and was pulled back on his haunches by the side of the carriage. A face peered in—the homely but welcome face of Sam Rounds.

"Drive on as fast as ye can, John," gasped Sam. "I've thrown 'em off the scent. I ran the Standish out inter the bay, set 'er tiller an' let 'er go, an' come back an' told 'em you had given 'em the slip that way. Pretty slick, eh? You bet none o' them dudes can get the best of Sam Rounds! Git up!"

Sam gave the horses a cut of the whip which sent them dashing down the road. A few minutes later they reached the Bishop farmhouse. Sam held the excited horses while John helped Jessie to alight.

"Jump on my horse and git!" said Sam in a whisper.

John drew Jessie to the shadow of a maple and held her hands in his.

"Jessie, I am innocent, but the world will hold me responsible for the death of that blackguard. Sweetheart, I had dreamed of bridging the gulf between us. I had faith that some lucky star would smile on my ambitions; that my youth and health would one day make me worthy of the grandest gift God gives to man—the love of the woman he worships! That hope is not dead, but it has gone far from me. I must endure either imprisonment and disgrace at home or exile abroad. I can face, either, Jessie, if I have the support of your friendship, and the knowledge that you hold me guiltless. Can you give me them, sweetheart?"

"Both, John," said Jessie, softly. "I—I—shall pray for your success. Go now, John! Take Sam's advice and mine. Good-bye, dear!" There were tears in the sweet voice.

"Will you kiss me, Jessie?"

(To be continued.)

ODD SCENES IN CHURCH.

Dr. Rainsford Tells of Preaching Sermon Under Difficulties.

In "A Preacher's Story of His Work" Dr. Rainsford tells of some strange interruptions he encountered while preaching one of his earliest sermons in the English cathedral town of Norwich.

Dr. Rainsford was in the middle of his sermon when he chanced to look down from the high pulpit to where the members of the choir were seated in a large box-like pew, screened from the congregation by a curtain. Much to the preacher's surprise one of the men in the choir put his arm around a girl, drew her head down on his shoulder and then looked up at Dr. Rainsford and winked.

The preacher stopped his sermon, walked down out of the pulpit and told the rector the members of the choir were acting outrageously. The rector walked to the pew, drew the curtain down with a jerk and exposed the spooning couple to the view of the congregation.

Then Dr. Rainsford resumed his sermon. A minute later he chanced to look down the main aisle, and there, walking in solemn procession, were a hen and a dozen chicks. To crown it all, when the sexton tried to drive them out he was so drunk he fell right on top of the hen. And then from his place the old rector cried out:

"Let her alone, John; she is doing no harm."

A Teacher Taught.

Dr. Vaughan, for many years headmaster at Harrow, once had an amusing encounter with a small boy who carried off the honors of the occasion. The incident greatly pleased the doctor.

A frightened child named Dodd was brought before Dr. Vaughan, charged with some dire scholastic offense.

"What is your name?" asked the master, with due severity.

"Dodd, sir," answered the trembling boy.

"Dodd! Do you spell it with one 'd,' or with two?"

"No, sir, three," answered the boy.

The doctor put his head upon the desk, covered it with his hands a moment, and then dismissed the dangerous criminal with a warning.

He said afterward: "I could no more have punished that boy than I could have flown. Nobody before ever gave me such a lesson in spelling."—Short Stories.

A Bright Boy.

Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the executive committee of the Steel Trust, used to live in the Illinois town of Wheaton.

"One day in Wheaton," Judge Gary said recently, "I took dinner with a clergyman and his family. The clergyman had an eight-year-old son called Joe, and Joe was a very bright boy.

"'Look here, Joe,' I said during the course of the dinner, 'I have a question to ask you about your father.'

"Joe looked gravely at me.

"'All right; I'll answer your question,' he said.

"'Well,' said I, 'I want to know if your father doesn't preach the same sermon twice sometimes.'

"'Yes, I think he does,' said Joe, 'but the second time he always hollers in different places from what he did the first time.'"

Quite Feasible.

Joseph M. Edwards, who travels for a Baltimore dry gods house, told the following at the Grand the other evening:

"In Baltimore there's an old bachelor I'm acquainted with who's a bit of a wit in his way. He lives, or rather did, before the fire, as it burned him out, in a very dilapidated house, and his rooms were always in great disorder.

"Why don't you get married?" I said to him one day. "Then you would have some one to keep the place tidy, and make it homelike.'

"'The fact is, I've never thought of it,' he replied, 'but it seems quite feasible that a better half would want better quarters.'

"Since the fire I have not seen the old fellow, and no one seems to know of his present whereabouts."—New York Globe.

Historic Farm for Sale.

Corley Hall farm, a picturesque English homestead on the main road between Nuneaton and Corley, is to be offered at public auction. Within a short distance was born the Warwickshire novelist, George Eliot, and in "Adam Bede" Corley Hall farm figured conspicuously. Here it was that the immortal Mrs. Poyser lived, and with her the unfortunate Hetty Sorrel. George Eliot described the place as it was in the earlier half of the nineteenth century. Since then it has undergone considerable renovation, but is still yearly visited by tourists from all parts of the world.

Wealthy Woman Evangelist.

Miss Mary B. Robinson of Pittsburg, Pa., is the richest woman evangelist. She is the niece of John G. Robinson, secretary of the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railway; has a fortune of $500,000 in her own right and owns one of the most luxurious homes in the smoky city. She is young, pretty and has such a glorious voice that an impresario offered her $10,000 a year to sing in public. She has decided to enter the field of evangelical work and devote her life to teaching the moral law and trying to save sinners.

Bronze Work for Fair.

The striking bronze cartouch and chapeaux in Senator William A. Clark's residence in New York will be exhibited at the World's Fair. It is one of the handsomest pieces of architectural bronze work not only in this country, but in Europe.

THE STRAIN OF WORK.

Best of Backs Give Out Under the Burden of Daily Toil.

Lieut. George G. Warren, of No. 3 Chemical, Washington, D. C., says: "It's an honest fact that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great lot of good, and if it were not true I would not recommend them. It was the strain of lifting that brought on kidney trouble and weakened my back, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have lifted six hundred pounds and felt no bad effects. I have not felt the trouble come back since, although I had suffered for five or six years, and other remedies had not helped me at all."



For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Her Brushes Did the Work.

Ethel's father is an artist, and he often permits his little daughter to stay in the studio with him and paint. Ethel has some brushes and paint all her own, and she is very fond of playing artist. One day a visitor called at the studio and Ethel eagerly showed him one of the pictures.

"Did you paint this?" asked the visitor, in surprise.

"Yes, sir," said Ethel.

"Well, well, it is very good indeed! Are you sure you painted it all yourself?"

"No—no—not all! Papa helped me a little," admitted Ethel, reluctantly.

"O!"

"But he used my brushes!" the little girl hastened to add.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ¾-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

A Vindictive Scribe.

"What was the matter with the Plaindealer last week?" asked the washing-machine agent. "I picked up a copy over at Allegash, and could not make head or tail of a considerable portion of it."

"Aw!" replied the landlord of the Pettyville tavern. "The editor emptied all the dashes, exclamation points and asterisks he had into the forms, and set 'em all up together to express his opinion of some feller that found six complimentary tickets that he accidentally dropped on the street circus morning and then returned 'em to him by mail two days after the show had gone."—Puck.

A Beautiful Niagara Picture.

There is nothing better to hang on one's study wall than a fine picture of some grand scene of nature. Niagara Falls is probably the grandest sight on earth, and one of the finest pictures of the cataract is the water color of Chas. Graham. This has been reproduced by lithography in twelve colors, 15x24 in., on heavy plate paper and will be sent to any post-office in the world on receipt of fifty cents, in stamps or silver. Address, O. W. Ruggles, G. P. & T. A., Michigan Central R. R., Chicago.

In Lieu of Wages.

Boy—What wages will I get, doctor, if I come to work for you?

Doctor—Wages? You'll get my services free. What more would you have.

Boy—But, doctor, I am never ill.

Doctor—Oh, but you will be; I'll see to that.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Not Qualified.

"I would like to get a position as assistant bookkeeper," said the young man at the door.

Can you keep a day book?" asked the merchant.

"I—I'm afraid not, sir," faltered the applicant. "I only attended night school."

ARE YOU GOING TO ST. LOUIS?

The Hamilton Hotel is located but a few blocks from World's Fair. It is fireproof and moderate in charges. Good rooms with bath, $2.00 per day and up. European plan. Breakfast 50c. Write for Booklet. Address F. Williamson, manager.

Large Enough.

Mrs. Shapeleigh—Dear, have you an envelope?

Mr. Shapeleigh—Yes, I have some, but they are rather small.

Mrs. Shapeleigh—O, one of them will do. I only want to put my bathing suit in it.

The Best Results in Starching

can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

Three thousand dollars' worth of cigars burned in a New York fire. Expensive smoke!

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

But then, no American girl wanted the German crown prince, anyway.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package, 10 cents. One-third more starch for the same money.

A man gets along beautifully with his wife by mail.—New York Press.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The best thing about the vacation season is the home-coming.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaint, and purifies the blood. $1 all druggists.

The world is beginning to miss Gen. Uribe-Uribe.

The Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, send Home Eye Book free. Write them about your eyes.

Sentiment will not pass for service.

WISCONSIN NEWS

Choice items from over the state, specially selected for our readers

ACCUSE CHILDREN OF MURDER

Son Flees When Police Seek to Place Him Under Arrest.

The body of Louis Donnerstag, aged 60 years, who resided at Woodboro, was taken to Rhinelander with his skull crushed in and two bullet holes in his body. The information as to his condition was given by his daughter, who stated that her father had committed suicide. The daughter, together with Sadie Slack, who had been staying at the Donnerstag home, are under arrest, charged with guilty knowledge of the manner of Mr. Donnerstag's death. Hugo Donnerstag, a son, is also wanted, on a murder charge, but he escaped to the woods before the officers arrived. The police suspect that the man was murdered. Donnerstag, it is said, did not approve of his son's attentions to Sadie Slack, and is said to have chased her from the house with a knife on one occasion. Donnerstag is said to have served a term in Waupun on a charge of killing a "Soo" line brakeman about twelve years ago. He is also said to have resisted the officers who attempted to arrest his son two years ago, when the latter was charged with theft by his neighbors. From appearances the man was first shot and, not dying instantly, his head was beaten in with an ax.

CHARIVARI CROWD IS INSISTENT

Cadott Couple Suffer Torture of Serenaders for Eighteen Nights.

For eighteen successive nights Prof. and Mrs. Verbeck of Cadott have been visited by a boisterous charivari party. When the continuous performance will cease no one knows, as both sides state that they will not surrender. Prof. Verbeck, who is principal of the Cadott high school, arrived in that village Sept. 5 with his bride. In the evening of that day their home was visited by a charivari party, and as the groom refused to deal with them they remained almost all night. Since then the party has visited the Verbeck home every night.

National Bank Statement.

The report of the condition of the national banks of Wisconsin, exclusive of Milwaukee, at the close of business Sept. 6, has been made public by the comptroller of currency. Compared with the corresponding statement a year ago the Wisconsin banks make a strong showing. Resources have increased from $70,696,000 to $74,812,000. Individual deposits from $52,505,000 to $54,683,000. Loans and discounts from $43,248,000 to $44,563,934. The issuance of national banks notes is given at $4,493,910, an increase of more than $300,000 in the year. The present holdings of gold coin aggregate $1,689,161, a gain of about $75,000. The percentage of legal reserve to deposits is 16.08.

Settles With Legion of Honor.

Carl Heim, who was sent to Boston in the interests of 612 members of the American Legion of Honor in an effort to obtain for them a division of the assets of the supreme lodge after the payment of the liabilities, returned to Milwaukee after making a settlement for his clients, each of whom will receive $80. Mr. Heim represented the members of the organization in the states of Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa and Minnesota.

Receiver Is Named.

In the federal court at Madison Attorney Ralph W. Jackson, son-in-law of Secretary of State Houser, was appointed receiver in Wisconsin for the Western Supply company, dealers in farm implements, which has been thrown into bankruptcy in Chicago. The company has three local agencies in Wisconsin, one at Madison, another at Oshkosh and a third at Marshfield.

Object to Saloon.

Racine officials and members of the Danish Norwegian Trinity church are in a clash over the location of a saloon by Ernest Klinkert, a wealthy brewer. The objectors claim that the saloon will be directly in the rear of their house of worship.

Robbers at Baraboo.

While almost the entire population of Baraboo was at the county fair several residences in the city were ransacked and considerable plunder was taken.

Chief Justice Is Ill.

Chief Justice J. B. Cassoday of the state supreme court has been at his home in Madison, being slightly indisposed as the result of a cold.

Grasshoppers Damage Tobacco.

Grasshoppers have caused considerable damage to growing tobacco in Rock county.

Dismisses Auto Accident Case.

Judge Tullar of Waukesha has dismissed the case of the state of Wisconsin vs. George Clark of Evanston, the result of an automobile accident which resulted in serious injuries to Mrs. William Keppel, the complaining witness.

Sells Tobacco Warehouse.

R. W. Jackman, receiver of Sutter Bros., leaf tobacco dealers at Madison, has sold the bankrupts' big warehouse to the American Cigar company for $7,000.

May Merge Gas Plants.

The Oshkosh Gas Light company has taken an option on the Oshkosh Electric Light and Power company, which option expires on Oct. 1, and the plants may be merged. The property was recently sold at receiver's sale for $215,000.

Sues Son for Property.

Mrs. Cinthia Dudley has begun suit against her son, Dr. E. H. Dudley, at Janesville, to recover property alleged to have been turned over to him for her support.

Federal Disbursing Agent.

Charles Wilson Harger, vice-president of the Marathon County bank, has been appointed disbursing agent for the Wausau public building.

Inspects Menomonie Schools.

J. S. Heiller of Berlin, Germany, inspected the Stout schools at Menomonie, as the representative of the German government.

Horse's Kick Is Fatal.

August Feldt was kicked by a horse and killed instantly at Brandon.

CORRESPONDENT GETS DUCKING

Article on Football Did Not Suit the Students of Ripon College.

Because he printed an article on Ripon college football which his fellow-students did not like, Frank Bruins, a senior, and correspondent for a Milwaukee newspaper, was dragged from his room, bound, and taken in a carriage to a mill pond. He was ducked in the pond and then taken back to his room. Members of the faculty say the article to which exception was taken is untrue, and Bruins has been given three days in which to resign as correspondent. It is expected that he will leave college. The faculty members say Bruins has been forced before the present occurrence to apologize for reports he has published. In view of this attitude of the college officials it is not probable that the hazers will be severely punished.

FACTORY INSPECTOR IS INJURED

August Lehnhoff Is Hurt While Testing Fire Escape Apparatus.

Before the opening of the International Association of Factory Inspectors of North America at the Christian Endeavor hotel at St. Louis, Mo., Factory Inspector August Lehnhoff of La Crosse, Wis., broke his right collar bone while attempting to descend the emergency fire escape apparatus at the hotel. The apparatus is a simple device, consisting of a pulley and a wide belt attached. Others had made the descent successfully. Mr. Lehnhoff arranged the belt and was about to descend when the noose around his waist slipped, causing him to fall twenty-five feet.

Deaths of Wisconsin People.

Thomas Mullen, aged 74 years, at Fond du Lac.

John Swarthout, aged 85 years, at Columbus.

Mrs. Elizabeth Schaeffer, aged 56 years, at Somers.

Nicholas Pirsch, president of the Pirsch Wagon company, and one of the best known of the pioneer manufacturers of Kenosha.

Reformatory Is Overcrowded.

Owing to the overcrowded condition of the state reformatory at Green Bay and the state prison at Waupun, the state board of control will ask the next legislature for an appropriation for enlargements at both institutions. The reformatory has 238 inmates and the prison is even more seriously crowded.

Lineman Is Electrocuted.

John Steele, aged 21, a lineman in employ of the La Crosse Gas and Electric company, was instantly killed by coming in contact with a live wire. Steele was working on top of a pole and lost his balance. As he fell he caught his arm and chin on a wire and was electrocuted.

Hunters' Licenses.

It is estimated by Charles D. Nelson, chief deputy state game warden, that the total number of hunting licenses issued for the present season will considerably exceed that of last season, when 78,874 resident and several hundred non-resident licenses were issued.

Maniac Tries to Kill.

An unknown insane man appeared at Racine and made an unsuccessful attempt to kill six people. By running and locking their doors they escaped, but panic ensued in the neighborhood. It took three policemen half an hour to overpower the maniac and land him in jail.

Committee to Raise Funds.

Mayor Nelson of Racine has appointed a committee of three, with the city attorney, to devise some way of raising funds for the building of a new fire engine house and police station, to cost $25,000, on a site deeded to the city by the J. I. Case company.

Hunter Is Killed.

August Marczinski, a Pewaukee shoemaker, was shot and killed, probably by accident, while on a hunting trip. His body was found on a farm near the village.

New Electric Line.

According to Clinton Case, a real estate dealer of Racine, an independent electric railway line will be built between Racine and Corliss, seven miles west.

Racine Man Is Robbed.

George Hanson of Racine was robbed of his watch, a gold broach, and $50 in money at Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Challenge to Class Rush.

The Beloit sophomores have posted rules for the freshmen and a class rush is in prospect.

Prisoner Bites Officer's Finger.

As a result of an attempt at Kenosha to land an Italian in jail, Deputy Owen O'Hare had the little finger of his left hand bitten off. Frank Cremanara, who is in jail, is charged with mayhem as a result of the biting.

Find Babe on Doorstep.

A beautiful brown-eyed baby girl, 3 weeks old, was found on the doorstep of Edward W. Zobel's residence in Madison, and a fashionably dressed young woman seen in the vicinity is suspected of deserting the infant.

Appeals From Bouck Decision.

Mary A. Wadleigh has filed notice in county court at Oshkosh that she will appeal to the circuit court from the decision that she is not the widow of the late Col. Gabe Bouck. She has filed a bond of $350 with Ald. John J. Stevenson as surety.

To Improve Pewaukee.

Five hundred dollars has been subscribed by the village of Pewaukee by the city residents around the lake, for the purpose of improving the lake front and building a pier.

Boys Are Poisoned.

Two sons of Dr. Martin of Merrimac, aged 6 and 8 years, have been poisoned in a mysterious manner. Both are unconscious and in a serious condition.

Carnegie Library Is Finished.

The new Carnegie library building is completed at Fond du Lac, and it will be dedicated early in October.

Man Is Killed by Cars.

John Nelson of Dane was instantly killed by the cars near Lodi.

UNIVERSITY Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Brick and Stone Structure to Be Five Stories in Height.

Plans for new quarters for the Young Men's Christian association to be erected at the University of Wisconsin grounds at Madison in the near future were selected at a meeting of the state board of the association at Milwaukee.

It is anticipated that about $75,000 will be spent in constructing the building. According to plans formulated Milwaukee members of the society will undertake to raise $10,000, provided $15,000 is collected throughout the state and $6,000 is contributed by residents of Madison. Of the amount needed $52,000 has already been raised in Wisconsin.

The building will be of brick and stone, 57.4 feet in width and 123 feet in length, and will include five stories and a basement. It will be erected west of the university gymnasium, facing the lower campus on the south. The lot selected is 67.4 feet wide and 340 feet long, and extends to the shores of Lake Mendota.

A feature of the new structure will be an auditorium on the second floor, the balcony of which will extend to the floor above. The hall will have a seating capacity of 600 people. The remainder of the second floor will be divided into committee rooms for student organizations, such as the athletic board, the Badger board, the Students' Debating league, the co-operative board, and similar organizations.

A cafe and lunchroom will be given prominence in the basement. In addition there will be a barber shop. Plans are being made for the reservation of space to be devoted to three bowling alleys. Reception halls, game rooms, lounging rooms and offices will be on the first floor. The office of the state secretary will be placed there. There will be a ladies' entrance and parlor on this floor of the building.

In addition to the balcony of the auditorium, student dormitories will be on the third floor. The fourth and fifth floors will also be reserved for the same purpose. It is expected that nearly seventy-five men will be accommodated when the building is completed.

Gives Birth to Triplets.

Mrs. Anton Martinek, wife of Anton Martinek, a laborer employed in the Pfister & Vogel tanneries, at Milwaukee, gave birth to triplets. The mother and the little girls are all in good health. The children were born an hour apart. One weighs seven pounds and the other two weigh six and one-quarter pounds each. There was no physician in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Martinek are Bohemians and have lived in this country for twenty-two years. Mrs. Martinek is 38 years of age, and weighs about 125 pounds. They have five other children, all boys.

Ask for Bank Receiver.

Creditors holding claims aggregating $1,400 against Ryder Bros., who are doing a private banking business in the village of Waterloo, have petitioned the federal court at Madison to declare the firm bankrupt. Other creditors opposed the action, declaring that the firm was solvent. Judge Bunn referred the case to Court Commissioner H. M. Lewis.

Provides for Grandchildren.

One of the unique provisions of the will of the late August Horn, president of the Oshkosh Brewing company, who leaves an estate of $50,000, is that it provides for the establishment of a "grandchildren's fund," $500 being set aside for each of thirteen grandchildren. They are to have the income until of age and then to be given the principal.

Promise to Secure Funds.

At the conference held at Green Bay under the auspices of the Business Men's association, Senator Quarles and Congressman Minor made pledges to exert themselves to the utmost to secure the additional appropriation desired for Green Bay's proposed federal building.

Priest Is Paralyzed.

The Rev. James O'Malley, for twenty years pastor of St. Peter's church at Oshkosh, suffered a stroke of paralysis and is in a critical condition. He had resigned to take effect Oct. 1.

Pension Fraud Is Alleged.

Joseph Greemore, accused of fraud and irregular handling of a pension check, has been captured at Prairie du Chien, and will be examined before the grand jury in La Crosse.

"Ad" Car at Fair.

The northern Wisconsin exhibit car, "Grassland," is being filled with the products of the Superior south shore counties and will first be shown at the Beaver Dam fair.

Hazed Student Leaves Ripon.

Frank Bruins, the hazed Ripon college student correspondent, has left Ripon. Further investigation develops that his general tendency to belittle the efforts of the students through the press brought about the climax.

Blackmailer Is Sentenced.

Jack Leonard, charged with impersonating an officer and blackmailing young couples whom he found in the parks, was convicted at La Crosse and will go to the penitentiary for from one to two years.

Elopers Are Arrested.

A telegram to Chief of Police Dieneen of Sioux City, Ia., from Madison, Wis., says that Harry Way and Mrs. Hugh Montgomery, who eloped three months ago from there, have been arrested at Madison, where they have been living. They will be taken back.

Two Men Are Scalded.

G. H. Benkendorf and Herman Hass, employes at the University dairy building in Madison, were seriously scalded by steam while cleaning a separator.

Oakfield License Election.

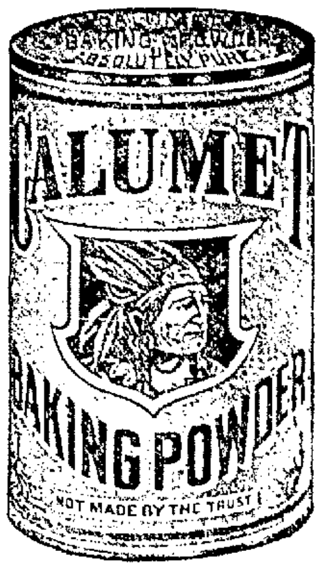
At a special election at Oakfield fifty-one votes were cast for $500 saloon license; fourteen for $350, and twenty-six for $200.

Bolt Destroys Barns.

Lightning destroyed two large barns and their contents on the Hugh Burns farm, near Askeaton, the loss being $3,500.

Raises License Fee.

Mauston has voted to raise its license fee to $500.



Health

Calumet makes light, digestible wholesome food.

Economy

Only one heaping teaspoonful is needed for one quart of flour.

A Mild Question That Soothed.

In one of the parlor cars of a train wending its way to this city a man who looked the typical "sport" was making himself obnoxious and all the other passengers uncomfortable by the continuity and senselessness of his "kicks." He had the porter in every few minutes to complain about something. That was bad enough, but at length he grew profane. It seemed as if any attempt to check the flow of his evil language must lead to a fight. A benevolent looking old man who sat next to him proved, however, that a mild question as well as a mild answer will turn away wrath. Just after the "sport" had indulged himself in another violent outburst of profanity the old man bestowed upon him a gentle glance through his gold-rimmed spectacles, and with the utmost gravity drawled out the innocent inquiry:

"Say, my brother, where do you preach to-morrow."

A roar of laughter went up from the car, the "sport" himself had to grin, and the rest of the journey to the city was made in peace and quiet.—New York Press.

Lesson for Women.

Jersey Shore, Pa., Sept. 26 (Special)—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done worlds of good for me." That's what Mrs. C. B. Earnest of this place has to say of the Great American Kidney Remedy.

"I was laid up sick," Mrs. Earnest continues, "and had not been out of bed for five weeks. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I am so I can work and go to town without suffering any. I would not be without Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have good reason to praise them everywhere."

Women who suffer should learn a lesson from this, and that lesson is, "cure the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and your suffering will cease." Woman's health depends almost entirely on her kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills have never yet failed to make healthy kidneys.

Blissful Ignorance.

Growells (in cheap restaurant)—Here, waiter, are these mutton or pork chops?

Waiter—Can't youse tell by de taste?

Growells—No.

Waiter—Den wot do youse care which dey is, huh?

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Victory.

"They say there was a big battle raging in the East yesterday," said Pottering Pete. "I wonder who won it."

"We did, by two columns," replied the Western editor. "We had a four-column account of it and our miserable contemporary only had two."

The Curtiss-Williams Co., Rush St. and Michigan Ave., Chicago, have just issued another great catalogue which far surpasses any of their former books for completeness and beauty. The new book contains 28 departments and thousands of illustrations; it is a veritable department store and one which every thrifty housekeeper should have for a guide. They mail the book free to all who ask for it on receipt of ten cents in stamps to show the request is bona fide, which ten cents they refund in a credit certificate.

The Result.

"Do you believe that mosquitoes are affected by the use of kerosene in the swamps."

"Yes," answered Farmer Corntossel. "Kerosene drives more of 'em from their homes an' makes 'em crosser an' blood-thirstier than ever."

World's Fair Visitors.

Persons attending the great Exposition at St. Louis should secure a room close to the Fair and in a safe brick building. Hotel Epworth has all the conveniences of a first-class modern hotel, within four minutes' walk of Convention and Administration entrance. Rooms $1.00 per day and up. Meals at reasonable prices. From Union Station, go to Olive street, take Delmar Garden car, going West to 6600. Our boys meet all cars.

The Ideal

"Madame, will you officiate at our church fair?"

"Dear me, I never did a dishonest thing in my life."—Life.

Sensible Housekeepers

will have Defiance Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.

A New York chophouse manager has fallen heir to $20,0000,000. She can now afford to eat at her own restaurant.

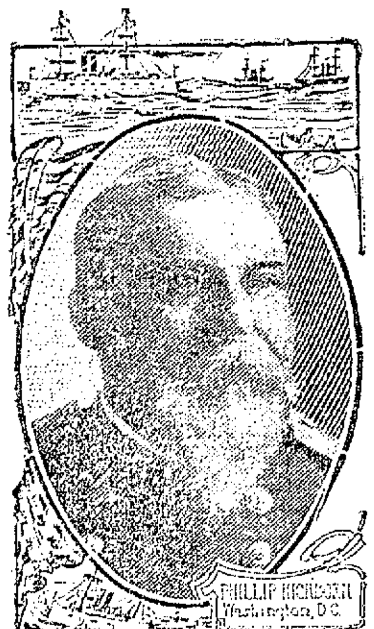
"Get thee to a brewery!" is the latest injunction of medical science to the despairing lockjaw sufferer.

When You Buy Starch

buy Defiance and get the best, 16 oz. for 10 cents. Once used, always used.

Every benedict has a mind of his own, but the title is apt to be clouded.

Rear Admiral Hichborn Recommends Pe-ru-na.



Philip Hichborn, Rear Admiral United States Navy, writes from Washington, D. C., as follows:

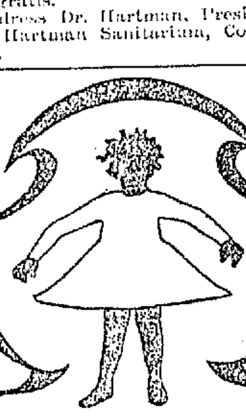
"After the use of Peruna for a short period, I can now cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy to any one who is in need of an invigorating tonic."—Philip Hichborn.

No remedy ever yet devised has received such unstinted eulogy from so many renowned statesmen and military men as Peruna.

Our army and navy are the natural protection of our country. Peruna is the natural protection of the army and navy in the vicissitudes of climate and exposure.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.



A striking contrast between Defiance Starch and any other brand will be found by comparison. Defiance Starch stiffens, whitens, beautifies without rotting.

It gives clothes back their newness.

It is absolutely pure.

It will not injure the most delicate fabrics.

For fine things and all things use the best there is. Defiance Starch 10 cents for 16 ounces.

Other brands 10 cents for 12 ounces.

A striking contrast.

THE DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Neb.

The Big Four Route

Having acquired trackage rights between Carey and Toledo over the tracks of the Hocking Valley R. R., will, on September 4th, 1904, commence the operation of

Through Train Service

Between

Cincinnati Toledo and Detroit

(Via Michigan Central R. R.)

3 Daily Trains 3 each way.

Parlor Cars. Sleepers. Dining Cars.

Your patronage is solicited.

Ask for tickets via

BIG FOUR

Warren J. Lynch, Gen'l Pass. Agent, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

SHOES

Bearing the

"Sign of the Crown"

Trade Mark

Are built to WEAR

Ask for them

Booklet Free

Edwards-Stanwood Shoe Co., Makers, Chicago

There are two ways to purchase an article, one is to have a knowledge of the goods, another is to know who makes "The Best." THE NATIONAL CASKET CO. make "The Best."

GINSENG Fortunes in little gardens. Easily grown everywhere. Sells in American market at $7 to $12 per lb.; costs to grow less than $1. Big demand; roots and seed for sale; booklet free; write to-day. OZARK GINSENG CO., Dept. 8, Joplin, Mo.

Fellow Musicians.

When supper's cleared away at last,
And feeble grows the day,
And stars are gathering thick and fast
Out there across the bay,
The bull frog basso clears his throat
And night birds pause to sing
Forth to the breeze a tender note
And Teeny starts to sing.*

She's only just a little lass
Who sings straight from her heart
To help the hours of toil to pass —
What more availeth art?
Out from the kitchen rises sweet
Her childish caroling.
The twilight choir is not complete
Till Teeny starts to sing.
—Washington Star.

The Merton Jewels

By W. Q. Amer

Richard Merton, head of the shipping firm of Merton & Co., prospered and grew obese with his good fortune. His progress westward had at length culminated in a pretentious mansion in the charming suburb of Richmond, where he looked forward to spending the rest of his days in placid contentment. It pleased him to provide a liberal hospitality and to surround himself with good company.

Among the crowd of guests on this particular evening was a young man, tall and muscular, with a flowing mustache and distinguished features. Herbert Hendley had never yet taken life very seriously. He had had thoughts of entering one of the professions, but hitherto his modest income had sufficed for immediate needs and he had procrastinated.

He had met the Mertons at a house party in Scotland and had gladly accepted an invitation to renew the acquaintance on his return to the metropolis. He had now been several times to the house and was fast establishing a reputation as a constant visitor.

His attention was directed to the farther end of the room, where a portly, pompous individual was chatting with the charming Geraldine.

"It is stifling here. Would you not like to take a turn on the terrace?" he asked when he reached her side.

"Thank you, it is warm," she assented.

"It is a perfect night," he said enthusiastically.

"Yes, it is very pleasant," and she smiled at his earnestness.

"Do you remember our excursion up the mountain side in Scotland and how we got caught in the Scotch mist?" he mused.

"And how you wrapped me up in your great coat?" she exclaimed. "Am I likely to forget it? What an object I must have looked!" And she laughed musically.

"Well, it was then."

"What was then?" she asked softly as he stopped, seemingly lost in reverie.

"That I first loved you," he burst forth. "I had not intended to speak to-night. I have no right; I am a poor man," and he smiled bitterly. "But I love you, Geraldine; you are dearer to me than my own life. If you could wait, dearest, till I am in a position to marry I would work hard to make an income. Am I asking too much?"

"You can not ask me too much," she said simply, glancing up at him with the lovelight shining in her blue eyes.

He caught her to his breast and kissed her lips again and again. Then straining her to him he whispered, "My darling, you have made me happy."

There was considerable commotion in the Merton household on the following morning. A robbery had been committed during the night.

Mr. Merton communicated with the police and called in the aid of a private detective.

Then the housemaid made a discovery. While attending to her duties in Mrs. Merton's room she found a man's gold cuff link. It was passed from hand to hand and scrutinized closely. Geraldine gave a start when it was shown to her.

"Why, it is just like Herbert's—I mean Mr. Hendley's," she said, blushing. Suddenly realizing that her words might connect him with the robbery she added quickly: "But of course it can't be his."

The detective said nothing, but gave her a sharp, penetrating glance.

The warm, breathless afternoon was almost at an end and in his comfortable bachelor chambers at Lancaster terrace, West Kensington, Herbert Hendley was entertaining his friend, Dr. George Wallace, who sat at his ease meditatively smoking a cigar and listening with an amused expression to Hendley's recital.

"Preposterous!" exclaimed that young man, excitedly pacing up and down the room. "Preposterous to be made out a common thief, a burglar, a house breaker, and accused of robbing the father of the girl I love. It's—it's perfectly monstrous."

"It is certainly a trifle awkward," commented George with a smile.

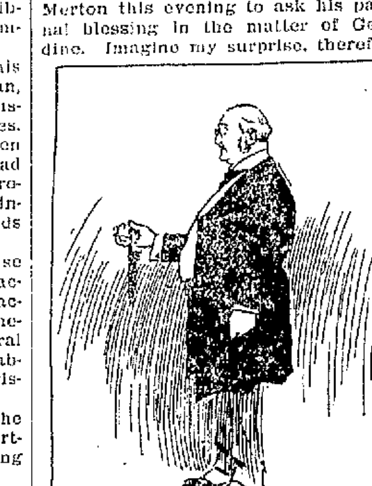
"It's enough to provoke a saint, and—"

"Yes, yes," interposed George, raising his hand deprecatingly, "all that may safely be left to the imagination. Suppose we confine ourselves to the simple facts of the case. You see, at present I only know that you love Geraldine Merton, which shows a pretty taste on your part, and that Mr. Merton accuses you of committing a burglary."



"You cannot ask me too much."

"Well, the story is soon told. It appears that during the night some thieves broke into the Mertons' place and made off with £5,000 worth of jewelry. A nice little haul. As I told you, I had intended looking up old Merton this evening to ask his paternal blessing in the matter of Geraldine. Imagine my surprise, therefore, when a private detective chap called on me about midday and without too much euphemism charged me with committing the theft, informing me that if I would return the jewelry he thought no further steps would be taken in the matter. I need scarcely say I was dumfounded for the moment."



"Most extraordinary thing!"

"No—o," said George, thoughtfully. "How do you account for the presence of your cuff link in the room?"

"Dashed if I know, except—"

"Yes?"

"Well, there's the possibility when I was with Geraldine it might have dropped."

"I see—dropped into the folds of her dress, and she carried it into the room and deposited it unconsciously upon the floor."

"It's the only way I can think of."

"What do you want me to do in the matter?" asked George, steadily puffing at his cigar.

"I thought you wouldn't mind acting as go-between and explain the affair to Merton."

"Hum! Tell him a prospective son-in-law is scarcely likely to rob his prospective father-in-law? Eh?"

"Well—er—hang it all, man—it's preposterous."

"Quite so, but the cuff link is nasty evidence. However, much depends upon the circumstances of the robbery. Look here, Bert, I won't promise to see you through, but I'll interview Merton and do the best I can for you."

Upon going down to breakfast at the Merton house a trifle late the next morning Dr. Wallace found his host in a state of considerable perturbation. Nothing, however, was said until the meal was finished and they had retired to the library.

"Most extraordinary thing!" burst forth Mr. Merton, as soon as he had closed the door. "I found this necklace," producing it from his pocket, "one of the stolen articles, on my dressing table this morning."

"Yes, I know," said Dr. Wallace.

"You know!" exclaimed Mr. Merton, staring in astonishment at his companion. "What do you mean? You put—"

"No. It was never in my possession."

"But—how—did—it—come—there?"

"The thief put it there."

"The thief!"

"Yes, so far as there is any theft in the matter. The fact is the jewels have never been out of the house."

"Never been out of the house!" cried Mr. Merton. "I—don't understand."

"The explanation is simple. You are a sleep-walker, Mr. Merton, and have hidden the jewels yourself."

Mr. Merton declared there was no occasion for the young people to wait, and expressed his intention of behaving handsomely toward them.

Reporter Not Posted.

Col. Lovell H. Jerome of the collector's office, who boards all the incoming steamers, told the other day of an unpublished incident attending the recent arrival of the Archbishop of Canterbury. A very young reporter on a very yellow newspaper was among those assigned to meet the primate, and he sat up all night to do it. Somehow, however, he missed the Archbishop at the dock.

Nothing daunted, he rushed to a telephone and called up Archbishop Farley, whom he had once interviewed, and asked him what time he could meet his distinguished colleague from England at the archiepiscopal palace. It is said that Archbishop Farley's secretary, who is a very diplomatic ecclesiastic, explained to him as gently as possible that all archbishops did not belong to the same church.—New York Times.

Superstition of Author.

Winston Churchill, novelist, has a superstition regarding the letter C. The titles of all his stories have begun with that letter—Celebrity, Crisis, Caravel, Crossing—and all have been successes. He believes that if he should write a novel with a title beginning with a D or a K, or a W the book would be a flat failure.

DAUGHTER OF SOUTHERN GENERAL WILL WED HER FATHER'S FRIEND



PHOTO BY GIBSON.

Miss Lucy Lee Hill.



Gen. James E. Magill.

Miss Lucy Lee Hill, daughter of the famous Gen. Ambrose Powell Hill of Virginia, and herself a loved daughter of the South, after a few years of standing face to face with the prosaic business world of Chicago, is about to come into her own, like the Princess in the fairy tale. Her marriage to Gen. James E. Magill, a wealthy planter of Pulaski, Va., will take her back to her own country, where up in the Alleghennies she will be mistress of Cleremont, Gen. Magill's old home.

In Chicago she has been examiner for the civil service.

Gen. Magill is a division commander of the Virginia Confederate Veterans' association, and was a well known officer in the army of Gen. Lee.

Miss Hill went to Chicago from her home at Petersburg, Va., during the World's Fair in 1893 in the capacity of lady commissioner to the world's Fair. Her mother and her sister, Mrs. Russell Hill Hale, then went to Chicago and Miss Hill took the position in the city hall.

Shortly after this, and upon the death of Miss Winnie Davis, Jefferson Davis' daughter, Miss Hill was offered the title of "Daughter of the Confederacy," and although she has been known by that name throughout the South ever since, at the time she refused the title and wrote the refusal to Mrs. Davis.

She is still first with the southern soldiers, however, and has been sponsor at their various reunions for fourteen years. Two years ago, at Dallas, Texas, she was sponsor for the entire Confederacy, and last year at New Orleans she had sixteen maids of honor, selected as the prettiest girls of Virginia. The Third corps, Army of Northern Virginia, of which division her father was lieutenant general, has presented Miss Hill with four diamond medals of great value, and they have erected a monument to her father that is a landmark of the South.

The marriage of the general's daughter to the general's friend will take place some time in November at Petersburg, Va., where her father was killed.

EVILS THAT FOLLOW DIVORCE.

Truancy and Waywardness of Children as Shown in Chicago.

Divorce is the root of crime and truancy among the juvenile delinquents of Chicago. This conclusion has been reached by W. Lester Bodine, superintendent of compulsory education, after investigations extending over a year.

Arrests made by the truant officers and court records, Supt. Bodine declares, shows that a great majority of the boys and girls who "go wrong" are the children of divorced parents. By testimony taken in his office and in court, these children have shown, he says, that they first lose respect for their quarrelsome parents, and when the parents separate the child has only the influence of one.

Supt. Bodine, after collecting statistics from court records and other sources, declares that there are 18,000 divorced women in Chicago and nearly as many divorced men. A majority of these divorced people had children, he has found. On his estimate of two children for each couple, the number of children of divorced people in Chicago would be nearly 40,000.

The superintendent quotes statistics to show that many of the boys committed to the parental school, the John Worthy school, the jail, and other corrective and charity institutions, are half orphans through divorce decrees. The same holds true, he says, of the girls committed to the various industrial schools and institutions for wayward girls.

Other statistics collected by Supt. Bodine show, he says, that marriages and births are increasing and divorces decreasing among the large and growing foreign-born population, while marriages and births are decreasing and divorces are increasing among the American-born population.

New York Woman Wears Monocle.

The woman with a monocle has made her appearance in New York, creating quite a sensation on Broadway the other afternoon. She was dressed in English-made costume, but evidently was an American. She didn't seem to care that nine out of every ten persons she passed turned to get a second look at her eye gear; in fact, she appeared to enjoy the attention she attracted. One woman observer offered a ray of hope. "It may be smart," said she, "but, really, I doubt if many women in New York will wear monocles."

Englishman Is Non-Committal.

The interviewers are finding a difficult subject in the Right Hon. James Bryce, who is a distinguished visitor to this country. Asked whether he thought the Filipinos were capable of self-government, Mr. Bryce replied: "I don't know. I've never seen one." Which recalls the response of the American young woman to the query whether she could speak French: "I don't know; I've never tried."

First Woman to Manage Airship.

Mme. Lebaudy, wife of M. Lebaudy, the aeronaut of Paris, owns the honor of being the first woman to take charge of an airship and direct the same on its tour of the circumambient atmoshphere. This she did on a recent Sunday in Paris, remaining in the air for nearly an hour and making her descent in a most successful manner.

Oldest West Point Graduate.

Gen. Herman Haupt, the oldest living graduate of West Point, was appointed a cadet at the age of thirteen by Andrew Jackson.

DUTCH RULE IN JAVA.

Elaborate System of Etiquette Insisted on by Conquerors.

The government clerks in Java are probably the best educated civil servants in the world. They are all Dutch, of course, for Java is owned and governed by Holland, and every mother's son of them is and must by law be a graduate of the University at Delft.

Special courses are maintained there for those who expect to go out to Java in the government service, and none can gratify the ambition to do so unless he has mastered French, German, English and at least two of the four languages spoken in Java, one of which must be Malay. The higher officials and the judges must speak three of the native tongues.

It is forbidden to a native to speak Dutch, or "high" Javanese, to a superior, and no superior would think of using anything but "low" Javanese to an inferior. Servants must always appear before their masters with covered heads. Javanese, except of high rank, may not smoke in the presence of any European. The Dutch say that if they did not insist on native recognition of their superiority they would not be able to attain their authority at all. The etiquette of rank as insisted upon among the Javanese themselves is ever more severe than that imposed by the Dutch upon the natives.

Persia's Ruler Decorates American.

A. A. Rutis, manager of the foreign department of the Iron City Trust Company of Pittsburg, has received notice from the Persian government that the shah has bestowed upon him the Order of the Comradeship of the Lion and the Sun, said to be one of Persia's highest orders. Mr. Rutis has been instrumental in increasing imports of rugs and carpets from Persia. He has sent many buyers to Persia with letters to the Persian authorities.

Noted English Journalist.

William Maxwell, now in the far East as war correspondent for one of the big London dailies, is perhaps the best all-around journalist that London possesses to-day. Maxwell was with Kitchener to Khartoum and has the medal with clasp for Omdurman. He went to South Africa and was present at all the preliminary fighting, including Elardslaagte and Lombard's kop. He was in Ladysmith during the siege.

Dreaded English Critic.

Edgar Jepson has the reputation of being the most barbarously honest critic among contemporaneous English writers. His natural aptitude for telling what he considers the truth, no matter what it may cost (the other fellow), has made Mr. Jepson one of the mainstays of the terribly frank Saturday Review. Mr. Jepson is himself an author.

Civilization in Tibet.

A few days after the British expedition entered Lhasa, the officers got up a race meeting outside the city walls and the Tibetans are reported to have shown much interest in the sport. This appears to be rushing civilization with a vengeance—teaching the hermits to bet before teaching them to booze.—Portland Oregonian.

May Demand Equal Rights.

"Asiatics" are excluded by law from white privileges in South Africa and Australia. Some interest is being taken in the question whether the Japanese after the war will submit tamely to these restrictions.

THE FUTURE OF THE OYSTER.

Fear That Succulent Bivalve May Become High-Priced Dainty.

As the Chesapeake oyster crop has grown annually less, the general demand has grown annually greater. The oyster appetite prevails from the Alleghenies to the Rockies, and the great interior has in the past looked to the Chesapeake bay to meet the demand for the savory mollusk. But in recent years this general demand has been supplied largely from the bayous and estuaries of the gulf coast. The inlets from the Long Island sound and those that indent the coast of New Jersey are also producing an output of high-grade oysters that is increasing constantly from a careful and intelligent system of artificial culture. Many of these northern beds are supplied with young oysters from the lower Chesapeake, especially from Virginia waters. Original propagation has been adopted in many of the northern waters where the natural supply has become almost extinct. Notwithstanding the fact that the oyster product has been increased vastly in other sections by artificial breeding, the present price of the oyster is double that which prevailed a generation back. It is to be feared that the oyster may in time become a high-priced dainty instead of a general article of diet.

Baby's Diagnosis.

Seated on a bench in Central Park, a nurse girl was gently moving to and fro a perambulator in which was a baby of about fifteen months. At the the other end of the bench was a man whose prominent lower jaw was adorned with a luxuriant beard which parted in the middle and curved gracefully outward and upward.

For several minutes the baby regarded the man, and especially the whiskers, with grave attention, while he looked at her with an air of lofty condescension. At length a beatific smile overspread the little one's features. Then, with her blue eyes still fixed upon the whiskers, and kicking up her tiny feet in an ecstasy of delight, she gurgled:

"Bow-wow! Bow-wow!"

A wave of color suffused the man's face above the whiskers, and he hitched uneasily in his seat. It was an awkward situation, and to relieve it the nurse girl patted the baby and said:

"No, dearie, that isn't a doggie."

The man remained to hear no more. —New York Press.

A GREAT INSTITUTION.

It is unusual that a single institution in a city of 8,000 people will overshadow in importance every other interest, but such is the case with the American School of Osteopathy, and A. T. Still Infirmary at Kirksville, Mo.

A stranger in Kirksville is immediately impressed with the idea that the town is sustained by this institution, in fact, Kirksville has been made what it is to-day by Dr. Still and his famous School and Infirmary. It is the largest patronized unendowed institution of its kind in the United States.

Dr. Still's school enrolls over 700 students yearly and each student is required to attend four terms of five months each before completing the course of study. There are over 2,000 graduates and they are practicing in every state and territory of the Union. About two-thirds of the states have passed special laws legalizing the science.

This school teaches every branch taught in medical colleges except "drugs" and osteopathy is substituted for that. So thorough is the teaching in anatomy that over one hundred human bodies are dissected yearly by the students.

At the Infirmary, patients from every part of the country and with almost every form of disease are constantly under treatment. For the past fifteen years almost every train coming to Kirksville has brought some new sufferer hoping to find relief by the science of Osteopathy. By the thousands who have left the institution benefited by the treatment, the science has been heralded to the world as a safe and rational method of cure. Several years ago a free clinic was established in connection with the practice department of the school and this is still in operation. Hundreds of the worthy poor, who are unable to pay for treatment, are treated every afternoon by the senior students free of charge.

"Knockout Drops" in a Ring.

"A knockout ring," said the detective. "Look at it well. It belonged to Jimmy the Kid. He was notorious."

The ring was of gold, and it contained a huge dark blue stone.

"Now, watch the stone," continued the detective, and he pressed with his thumb a spring, smaller than a pinhead, on the gold loop, opposite the setting.

Instantly the middle of the stone slipped back like a sliding door, and out of the opening three or four drops of fluid fell. When the detective ceased to press the spring the stone closed up again.

"See how it works?" he said. "I sit with you, and there are two glasses of booze before us. Talking away, I draw the hand with the ring on it across your glass, and with my thumb I press the spring. Then into your glass there falls enough chloral to put you out of business."—New York Press.

In France the other day a floor gave way under the weight of fifty people, but as they had been witnessing a fight between a wildcat and a pig, nobody has any reason to feel really sorry for them.

Try One Package.

If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

Madame President Dressmaker urges all ladies to make their belts dippy, "the dippier the better." At last we have heard the worst.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOS. ROBBINS, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Thow away your anthracite scarfpins and buy wheat kernel pins instead—if you have the price.

Do Your Clothes Look Yellow?

Then use Defiance Starch, it will keep them white—16 oz. for 10 cents.

It is about time for some scientist to go gunning for the divorce microbe.

You Should Try

Mapl-Flake

A great help for all who have trouble finding food they can DIGEST

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER

THE BEST QUALITY STRAIGHT 5¢ CIGAR ALWAYS RELIABLE

Your jobber or direct from Factory, Peoria, Ill.

TRUSSES Elastic Stockings, Etc. Flavell, 1001 Spring Garden, Philadelphia, Pa. Catalog FREE.

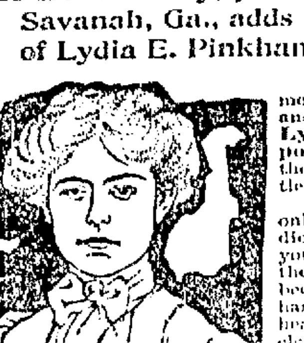


Miss Nellie Holmes, treasurer of the Young Woman's Temperance Association of Buffalo, N. Y., strongly advises all suffering women to rely, as she did, upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your medicine is indeed an ideal woman's medicine, and by far the best I know to restore lost health and strength. I suffered misery for several years, being troubled with menorrhagia. My back ached, I had bearing-down pains and frequent headaches. I would often wake from restful sleep, and in such pain that I suffered for hours before I could go to sleep again. I dreaded the long nights as much as the weary days. I consulted two different physicians, hoping to get relief, but, finding that their medicine did not seem to cure me, I tried your Vegetable Compound on the recommendation of a friend from the East who was visiting me.

"I am glad that I followed her advice, for every ache and pain is gone, and not only this, but my general health is much improved. I have a fine appetite and have gained in flesh. My earnest advice to suffering women is to put away all other medicines and to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MISS NELLIE HOLMES, 540 No. Division St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Irene Crosby, prominent in Social Life in East Savanah, Ga., adds her testimonial to the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—"It always gives me pleasure to find an article of real value and unquestioned merit. I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound well calculated to relieve and cure the various troubles arising from irregularities and menstrual pains.

"Much suffering could be spared if we only paid more attention to proper living and diet, but as long as women do not do this, your Vegetable Compound has come to the front as a true friend in need. I have been very pleased indeed with the relief it has brought me. I find that I have perfect health now, and that my mind is also more clear and active since I used your Vegetable Compound. It has been of great benefit to me, and I gladly recommend it. Very sincerely yours, MISS IRENE CROSBY, 313 East Charlton St., East Savannah, Ga."

Remember that every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her case or symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and is cheerfully given to any ailing woman who asks for it.

$5000 FORFEIT If we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

For Man — For Horses

For Over 60 years

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Has been the STANDARD REMEDY for curing aches and injuries

For Cattle — For Poultry



W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. **$3.50 SHOES** FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were

$6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere. *Fast Color Eyelets used Exclusively.*

Superior in Fit, Comfort and Wear.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $5.00 to $7.00." B. S. McCUE, Dept. Coll., U.S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE GIVING FULL INSTRUCTIONS HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—500 tracts of timber, oil, slate, farming land throughout the U. S., Canada, B. C., Mexico and Cuba on easy terms. Alluren Hall, Gainesville, Fla.

To parties who are contemplating investing in Southern lands, Ashley county, in Southeast Arkansas, is an attractive proposition. Though a new county, it already has three lines of railroad, and is the third county in the state in the production of cotton. Its climate is mild and healthy. Farms, timber, grazing and agricultural lands can now be bought at reason prices and upon responsible terms. If interested address Jas. O. Norman, Hamburg, Ark.

FOR SALE—Splendid farm, 150 acres, near Indianapolis and Danville, Indiana, on gravel road. Traction line, now building, passes it. Soil, fencing, drainage, barn and outbuildings excellent, house fair. $100 per acre; terms easy. Beautiful home, worth investigating. GEO. T. PATTISON, Danville, Indiana.

Iowa Farm for Sale—$65 per acre for Central Iowa quarter section. Improvements cost $3,500. Good water, good markets, only 8 miles from Rock Island, Ill. Central or Northwestern roads. Terms half cash, balance 5%. F. L. SPANCER, Alden, Iowa.

N. E. ¼, Sec. 19, Twp. 7, Range 35, located in Hayes Co., Neb., adapted for grazing or farming. Every foot cultivable. Splendid crops in the region this season. One mile from running water. No improvements. Price $7.50 per acre. Easy terms arranged. Miss Edith Hicks, 505 S. Broadway, Albuquerque, N. M.

F. E. Eldridge, Burkeville, Va., says if you wish to get rid of the Grip, Hay Fever or Asthma, be well, prosperous and happy (I speak from experience) write for what you wish. We have it, farms, plantations, timber lands, stores, merchandise, mills and hotels at prices that will make money. I am from Iowa and know what Western men wish. All information for asking. Don't wait, prices are advancing.

AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents and Canvassers for Linette Handkerchiefs. Absolutely new. No competition. Sell on sight. Address for particulars, YOKOHAMA HANDKERCHIEF CO., 167 So. Center Ave., Chicago.

Strawberry and Vegetable Dealers

The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company have recently issued a publication known as Circular No. 12, in which is described the

best territory in this country

for the growing of early strawberries and early vegetables. Every dealer in such products should address a postal card to the undersigned at Dubuque, Iowa, requesting a copy of "Circular No. 12." J. F. MERRY, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agent.

Semi-Monthly Excursions

TO

VIRGINIA NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA

VIA

Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.

ONE FARE

Plus $2.00 on the first and third Tuesdays of each month—21 day limit. Many cheap farms for sale where the climate is always ideal. For detailed information address

238 Clark St. Chicago — J. P. SPINING, N. W. P. A. C. & O. Ry.

WORLD'S FAIR

ST. LOUIS, MO.

BILLON AVENUE HOUSE

Rate $1 per day for bed and breakfast

Only three blocks from Fair Grounds Entrance. Everything new. Service the best. Cool and sightly. Send for circulars. Gratiot & Wilden, 6111 W. Park Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

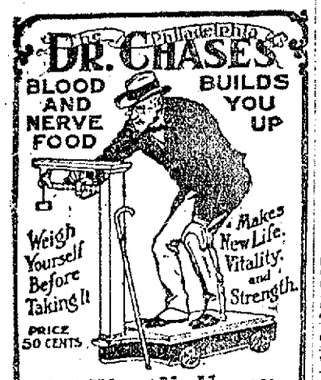
GREAT OPPORTUNITY.

Gold Bonds and Stock in Mexican Smelter now constructing. Immense profits, absolutely no risk. A few weeks only. Address, NATIONAL METALLURGICAL CO., 1503 Arrott Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 40, 1904.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION



We Want No Money

Unless We Help You

Give it a fair trial if it does not help you send wrappers to us and get your money. You have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

What Can Be More Fair?

THE DR. CHASE COMPANY,
No. 224 N. 10th St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold and guaranteed by
John E. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co

The "HUB"

SAMPLE ROOM.

C. W. MASON, Prop.

Dealer in Fine Wine, Liquors and Cigars.

West side, Grand Rapids.

ALL KINDS OF

COAL

PRICES RIGHT.

E. C. KETCHUM.

TELEPHONE:

Office, 164. Residence, 351

PLUMBING

AND STEAM FITTING

All Work Guaranteed to be of the best

Shop at Metzger's old stand on Baker Street east of the court house.

A. GITCHELL,

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin

TAKE WINE OF CARDUI AT HOME

Are you a sufferer?

Has your doctor been unsuccessful?

Wouldn't you prefer to treat yourself—AT HOME?

Nearly 1,500,000 women have bought Wine of Cardui from their druggists and have cured themselves at home, of such troubles as periodical, bearing down and ovarian pains, leucorrhœa, barrenness, nervousness, dizziness, nausea and despondency, caused by female weakness.

These are not easy cases. Wine of Cardui cures when the doctor can't.

Wine of Cardui does not irritate the organs. There is no pain in the treatment. It is a soothing tonic of healing herbs, free from strong and drastic drugs. It is successful because it cures in a natural way.

Wine of Cardui can be bought from your druggist at $1.00 a bottle and you can begin this treatment today. Will you try it?

In cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Patronize Home Industry

by having your work done at the

Riverside Steam Laundry.

All work guaranteed.

GEORGE BOYER, PROP.

West Side, Near Commercial House

GET THE HABIT

And get your work done ....at the....

DIXON HOTEL BARBER SHOP.

All our work guaranteed.

Frank Dudley, Prop.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Sept. 29, 1904

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....$1.50
Six Months..... 75

Advertising Rates. A flat rate of 8 cents per inch will be charged for all display advertising. Our columns are 24 ems long, and this rate makes the price per column $1.92 per insertion. Local notices, cards of thanks, resolutions of respect and notice of like character will be charged at the rate of five cents per line. Those subscribing the same for everybody, and no declination will be made. The Tribune guarantees a circulation of over 1,100 copies each week.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President—

ALTON B. PARKER of New York.

For Vice-President—

HENRY G. DAVIS, of W. Virginia.

Governor, George W. Peck, Milwaukee.

Lieutenant Governor, Dr. Henry A. Lathrop, Marshfield.

Secretary of state, James P. Nolan, Manitowoc.

Treasurer, Andrew Jenson, Edgerton.

Attorney General, William F. Wolfe, La Crosse.

Railroad Commissioner, Edward L. Hanton, Superior.

Insurance Commissioner, Henry W. Felzer, Sturgeon Bay.

Congressman, Wells M. Ruggles, Ashland.

CRANMOOR.

Miss Caroline Fitch took the Monday evening train for St. Louis where she will spend some time visiting relatives and the great exposition. Miss Fitch was accompanied by Mrs. Edmonde Gorman and little son who are returning to their St Louis home after a visit of some weeks with their realtives the Fitch family.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Brazeau of Grand Rapids spent the Sabbath with their friends, the Whittlesey family.

A son of Mr. John Rutledge arrived at his father's place Monday at the D. R. Barr marsh after a summer's absence down the line.

The last dance of the season at the Arpin marsh took place Monday evening and was largely attended. Most of the Stevens Point pickers left on the early train Tuesday and the Junction city people on the 5 p. m.

We believe the cranberry crop is harvested in all the marshes in this region except the E. E. Warner, Edward Kruger, Searls Bros., D. R. Barr and L. S. Cohn properties.

A death occurred last week at the Indian camp on the S. N. Whittlesey marsh. The deceased was Lucy Whitesnake, wife of Peter Rockman. The body was laid to rest with the red man's ceremony on an island where repose the remains of Winnebago, Pottawattamie and other Indian tribes. Hekona, the little girl, has been legally adopted by Mary Pettibone, the mother-in-law.

Thomas Hopinkwah, a clean, fine looking Winnebago, has been spending his vacation among the people of his tribe soliciting pupils for the Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, of which institution Mr. Hopinkwah is a student. The address, manners and language of this young man are in marked contrast to his uncultured brethren and shows plainly what education will do for his race.

Advices received from officials at St. Louis exposition state that Wisconsin people are proud of their state productions and especially so of the novelty and attractiveness of the unique cranberry log and barry exhibit, which daily draws a crowd of the sight seers, notable among the number being people from the south who are strangers to the growth and habits of this world famed fruit.

Reports from the East confirm the estimates of crop made at our August convention, which gave Massachusetts approximately the same as last year, New Jersey one half and Wisconsin forty five per cent, so that the aggregate is the smallest crop of berries raised in six years.

The new warehouse on the Emmerick Co. marsh presents a completed appearance and is another feature to the many improvements made on that property this season.

Mr. and Mrs Emmerick were Nekoosa shoppers on Monday.

Mrs. Isaac Witter of Grand Rapids was a recent visitor at the W. H. Fitch and H. F. Whittlesey homes.

L. P. Haskins of the experimental station left for Madison and the southern part of the state Sunday evening.

Mr. Mahle, assistant at the experimental station, was a Grand Rapids visitor Monday evening.

Fearful Odds Against Him.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, O. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies. "I am on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for liver and kidney troubles and all forms of stomach and bowel complaints. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

27 Years of Misery and Torture

from Rheumatism was experienced by Mr. Michbalder P. O. Box 12', Rendville, Ohio. He writes: For 27 years I was effected with this merciless disease. Doctors could not help me, but 5 packages of Gloria Tonic cured me completely. John E. Daly.

—Get your house painted and your paperhanging done by expert workmen in all kinds of house finishing, done first class and guaranteed by Nels Larmann. Phone No. 89. Give me a call.

Don't neglect that Cough.

Because it is nature's warning of coming trouble such as asthma, consumption, pneumonia, croup, etc. Gloria Lung Balsam will instantly relieve all throat, lung and bronchial trouble. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

KELLNER.

The dance given in the hall last Saturday night was quite well attended and every one reports a good time. Andrew Carter of your city had charge of the floor.

John Boles is nursing a fractured rib this week as a result of a fall Saturday.

O. D. Billings spent Monday in your city and Nekoosa on business.

A couple of tramps were around here Monday one of them was lame and the other couldn't work on account of a broken arm so it became necessary for them to sell court plasters in order to earn their way home. Forgetful, however, of their home every package they sold was turned into a "can" at our "hardware" stores and they spent the night in the never failing stockyard. On Tuesday morning they started in search of new pastures forgetting to return the pail they had borrowed from our good natured section foreman.

Henry Pribbanow returned from Gaynor's marsh Tuesday morning.

A number of our young men who are digging potatoes spent Sunday here. They report a good crop where they are working.

Rev. Mr. Krusche is spending a few days visiting friends and relatives in Stevens Point this week.

G. H. Munroe expects to take in the Wautoma fair Friday and Saturday.

Potatoes are not coming very fast at our warehouse yet. Some of the farmers are reporting a small yield this year around here. The late potatoes seem to have been considerably damaged by the drought during the summer.

Nellie Fuller, Denver—"My face was full of pimples and black-heads. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea has driven them away, 'People hardly know me. I'm looking fine." 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. Johnson & Hill Co.

The auction of the M. O. Krogfoss mill which was to have taken place Sept. 26 has been postponed to Oct. 8th.

BIRON.

Mrs. C. Crottoau is visiting the LaVaque family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Beimler of Amherst were visiting the LaVaque family last week.

There was a very pleasant crowd taking an outing at the Lutz clubhouse Sunday afternoon. The men spent their time pigeon shooting and the women getting a fine chicken chowder ready for their spread. We did not learn who was the best shot but know that they all had a fine time and were well pleased with the way the afternoon was spent. Among the party were the following: Messrs. J. Herron, J. T. Herron, R. Grosskopf, Louis Gross, Anton Hirzy, J. Lutz, J. Possley, C. A. Sipe and U. Schank, Mesdames J. Herron, J. T. Herron, R. Grosskopf, L. Gross, A. Hirzy, J. Lutz and J. Possley.

J. Lupa, Joe Klappa and Miss Mary Porch spent Saturday with friends at Sigel, returning Sunday.

Miss Gertrude LaVaque, who is teaching at Rudolph, spent Sunday with her parents, returning to her duties on Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Tomczyk spent Wednesday at Sigel. While there Mr. Tomczyk had his grain threshed. He reports the oats crop as being very poor.

F. Benkert and wife spent the fore part of the week with Mrs. Benkert's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Grab, at Rudolph.

Mrs. LaVaque received word from A. LaVaque, who is at Prairie du Chien in the sanitarium being treated for rheumatism, that he is doing nicely and will remain there for four weeks more at which time he expects to be perfectly well.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. DeMars spent the fore part of the week visiting relatives at Rudolph.

Joe Faubart took advantage of the time the mill was shut down to get the boys together and all joined in helping him move his old house to the back part of the lot, and the way the boys went at the work and the short time it took them to move the building, we must say that they deserve a credit mark. The boys think now of going on the road and going into the moving business.

NEW ROME.

The New Rome Sunday school program given at the New Rome school house was well attended and all appeared to have a good time. The treat of candy and peanuts was generally dealt out to the crowd. September 25 was the last day of the New Rome Sunday school. It has been well attended all summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fiegol of Grand Rapids visited at B. Burhite's on Sunday.

G. W. Anderson of Necedah visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Anderson on Sunday.

Miss Orah Nisson, who is teaching in Armenia visited at Mr. Sweat's Sunday and was present at the Sunday program.

Miss Verla Ross of Saratoga visited at Mr. Webb's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart have returned from Almond where they have been visiting her son, W. E. Monroe.

Mr. and Mrs. Corbins and family spent Sunday at G. Thurber's.

Jess and Jay Weaver of Plainfield were seen on our streets on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams are entertaining their daughter Polly and her husband who have just came from St. Ann, Ill.

James Webb made a trip to Saratoga Sunday to attend the Saratoga Sunday school program.

Notice.

Milch cows for sale. Will exchange for beef cattle. Peter Brown farm, Sigel, Chandos and Gillett.

People who Bark:

If you are coughing your head off and if your worst foretells you that it is the forerunner of consumption, try Gloria Lung Balsam. It is the best in the world. Good for children. Daly Drug & Jewelrp Co.

CORDELL SENT UP.

GETS TEN YEARS FOR HIS CRIME.

Wausau Record:—It was after twelve o'clock this noon when Judge Silverthorn pronounced the words that made Hubert J. Cordell a convict, and sentenced him to the penitentiary for ten years, commencing at noon today, with the seventh day of each September to be in solitary confinement.

It was a dramatic scene. The man who was the center of the drama, confessedly guilty of a desperate crime, maimed in the effort of this intended victim to protect herself from his violence, was battling for the imposition of the lightest sentence he could secure. A little way from him crushed with the awful anguish of shame and sorrow, was his broken hearted mother, listening with strained ear for every word that would give her the slightest hope, shrinking in agony from every move that brought the climax she was dreading nearer to its culmination.

About 11 o'clock the proceedings were commenced by a statement of the facts in the case which was made by District Attorney Genrich who presented the writen request of the prisoner to be taken before the court to plead guilty to the charge of criminal assault. The court appointed R. A. Edgar counsel for the defendant.

Mr. Edgar explained to the court that the defendant had signed the request to be permitted to enter a plea of guilty before he had consulted him, but that after such consultation he was prepared to advise him that that was the wisest course. He said that in his own mind he was not prepared to conclude, from all that Cordell had told him that there was an intent to commit the crime as charged, but he said that from the statement made, he was satisfied that Cordell went to the Reeve house with a wrong and unlawful intent, and that he should be punished. He did not think, however, in view of the circumstances, he should be punished as for the crime with which he was charged. He took the position that as the girl was of bad repute, and the crime attempted was not accomplished, that as Cordell was drunk, and that as he had no intention of using force to accomplish his purpose, and above all, as he had been so terribly punished by the loss of his arm, he felt that the ends of justice would be subserved by a minimum sentence of one year. Mr. Edgar referred feelingly to Cordell's wife, who would be left without means of support and his only child, a daughter born since his arrest, and whom he has not yet even seen.

District Attorney Genrich replied, showing more in detail the occurrences of the day, as they have been recounted, expressing his convictions that the maximum penalty of ten years should be imposed.

Mr. Edgar responded, urging upon the court the severity of the punishment already meted out in the loss of his arm and the helpless condition of his wife and child.

Judge Silverthorn then asked Cordell to stand up and said: "The court has listened to your counsel in his plea for clemency in your behalf, and has listened to the statement of the district attorney on behalf of the state. The court will give the statement of your counsel all the weight to which it is entitled, and is willing to listen to any personal statement you may desire to make in your own behalf."

"I would like to tell you my story," said Cordell in a low voice.

"I will be glad to listen to you," said the judge.

Then Cordell stood up and told his version of the occurrence, plainly, without extenuation, without shame, but without bravado, and, without faltering till he came to plead for mercy for his wife and baby—when tears overcame him and he sank sobbing into his chair, while in the stillness of the silent court room the sobs of mother and son were mingled in a common grief that touched the hearts of all who were present.

"The court must take the plea of guilty to mean what it says," said Judge Silverthron, breaking the tension of the scene, "and if I had any doubt arising upon what has been said here, it would be whether to receive the plea of guilty, or refuse to receive it, and let a jury pass upon the question of guilt." The judge commended the course of Attorney Edgar in advising a plea of guilty, and explained that clemency was not within the province of the court, as that was reserved to the executive alone. He could not find in the plea advanced the least bit of extenuation which altered the nature of the crime. The reputation of the girl had nothing to do with the crime. She had a right to protect her person from assault, even tho the matter of honor were not involved. Even the woman of the town has a rigt to protect herself from assault with whatever force may be necessary, even to taking human life. The defendant had violated a principle that the state must sustain and the courts vindicated. Personally the court was moved to sympathy with the wounded and maimed, whether injured in the cause of right or wrong—to the extent of the wound the sympathy extends. But the act of the woman in defending her person was right. "But, under all the circumstances in this case," concluded the judge, "I should feel that a grievous error would be committed if I gave you less than the full extend of the law. If at any time hereafter you can secure the aid of executive clemency, I feel now that I should interpose no objection. Until then the court must impose the full penalty."

Cordell was then formally sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, with the 7th of September, the day the crime was committed, to be passed in solitary confinement, each year.

BABCOCK.

Col. G. G. Pabst of Milwaukee and J. J. O'Riley of Joliet, Ill., formerly a resident of Babcock, have been hunting in this vicinity the last few days.

Miss Edna Sanville left for her home in Pittsville after a sojourn in our village during the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sullivan left for the Adams Co. fair today.

Miss Maggie Sullivan is a New Lisbon visitor this week.

Miss Maggie Raymond of City Point is employed in the store of W. F. Noltner.

Miss Nina Gillett of Necedah is in our village with a stock of millinery this week.

R. A. Jaynes of Wausau was in our village between trains today.

Mrs. George Ward returned from a two weeks visit at LaCrosse on Saturday.

Mrs. Pero, who has been visiting in Rhinelander, returned home Monday noon.

Mrs. Sam Griffith and daughter and Mrs. Fred Disher were Grand Rapids visitors last week.

Pete LaSargo has moved his family into the John Sullivan home.

Barney James fell and hurt his shoulder quite badly while at his duties at the round house on Friday.

Seven Doctors Agree.

Mr. Jacob Sexauer, of Fountain City Wis., writes: "Gloria Tonic cured me of rheumatism after suffering 33 years and after seven doctors agreed that I was incurable. Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

Do you Want a Piano?

I handle some of the best, the Cable goods. Among them are the

Cable,
Conover,
Kingsbury,
Wellington,
Mason & Hamlin
Mason & Hamlin Organ,
Chicago Cottage Organ,

I can give you a low price and easy terms. If you want an instrument, talk the matter over with me.

MRS. F. P. DALY.

Building Lots

I have a number of lots in the Daly addition on the east side, also in the Daly & Ring addition on the west side which will be sold cheap, on easy monthly payments. A chance for a cheap home.

MRS. F. P. DALY

ISAAC F. WITTER, PRESIDENT.
GEO. W. MEAD, VICE-PRESIDENT.
F. H. JACKSON, CASHIER.

[Established 1888.]

Bank of Grand Rapids

[WEST SIDE]

CAPITAL, $50,000.
SURPLUS, $6,000.

"It's what you save, not what you earn, that makes wealth." Investigate our system of Home Savings Banks."

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

SHOE SAVING

Many persons do not care to pay more than $2.00, or $2.50 per pair for shoes. And they ought to receive the best possible value for their money. I have good shoes for those prices, also better shoes at slightly higher prices. It is my purpose to furnish stylish and serviceable foot covering at popular prices. Ladies and gentlemen will find my shoes the embodiment of sterling worth. Expert Repairing.

G. BRUDERLI

WEST SIDE

DRS. NORTON--ORR--NORTON CO.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Practice in Stevens Point and Grand Rapids. Infirmaries in Grand Rapids and Stevens Point.

DR. V. P. NORTON,

Local Representative.

Telephone 161. Grand Rapids, Wis.

ARE YOU GOING ABROAD?

Or are you going to buy any tickets from Europe? If so, remember that I represent all the leading steamship lines sailing between this country and Europe and am in a position to furnish promptly the very best accommodations at the lowest rates. I represent: The Hamburg American; The Cunard; The White Star; The American; The Red Star; The Holland-American The Allan; The Allan State; The Beaver; The Dominion, and The Scandinavian Lines and shall be pleased to furnish on application rates, sailings, and all information desired concerning any of these lines.

JOHN CASBERG,

CENTRALIA, WIS.



We have all grades of Hamilton movements, which is the highest and best grade movement in the world.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

A. P. HIRZY

LUMBER

Combination Prices Broken

THIS IS NO "JOLLY" but a fact. It stands you in hand, if you are thinking of building this spring, to see the WEST SIDE LUMBER CO. before making your purchases. Our stock of Yellow Pine Finish is the finest in Central Wisconsin. Come in and see our Tar Felt and Paroid Roofing and we will explain their merits to you. We carry a complete line of Screen Doors and Windows and keep in stock a large assortment of Sash, Doors and Mouldings. Yards and office just south of Market Square on French street.

WEST SIDE LUMBER CO.

M. G. GORON, Manager.

TELEPHONE 169

One Guess

For everyone at

KRUGER & WARNER'S STORE

On how long the Mammoth Candle will burn, which stands in their show window, after being lighted.

The person guessing nearest to the exact time will be

Presented with a $20.00 Suit or Overcoat



Come in and Register your Guess.

Yours respectfully,

KRUGER & WARNER

Outfitters and Haberdashers.

Attention Ladies

Big Cloak Sale

Monday, October 3rd.

For one day only, Monday October 3rd, The Chicago Novelty Cloak and Suit Company, represented by Mr. Ethur, will be here with the most select line of Ladies and Children's Cloaks ever displayed in this city.

Don't Forget the Date

MONDAY

OCTOBER 3rd.

We will be pleased to have you come in and look at these as we know he can please you. If you need a suit come and let him take your measure. A perfect fit guaranteed or you need not take the suit. Remember Monday, October 3rd.

HEINEMAN

MERCANTILE COMPANY.

T. B. SCOTT

FREE LIBRARY.

—HOURS—

From 2:30 to 6 p. m. & 7 to 8:30 p. m.

Every Day Except Sunday.

From 9 to 12:00 Saturday morning.

Children's Room Closed After 6 O'clock

NEIMAN'S

Have added a new stock of Shoes, Ladies', Gents' Misses' and Boys'.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

G. NEIMAN & SON

MISS HARRIET WILLIAMS,
Teacher of Piano,
Residence 920 Baker St. Phone 293

F. G. GILKEY,
Insurance.
Fire, Life and Accident. Office with G. W. Pauley at east end of bridge, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

W. E. WHEELAN,
Attorney at Law.
Office in the Daly Block on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

W. J. CONWAY,
Attorney at Law.
Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Offices in Court House, East Side, and MacKinnon Block, West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

GOGGINS & BRAZEAU,
Attorneys at Law.
Office in the MacKinnon Block on the West side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

B. M. VAUGHAN,
Attorney at Law.
Money loaned. Real estate bought and sold. Gardner Block, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

CONWAY & JEFFREY,
Attorneys at Law.
Law, Loans and Collections. We have $20,000 which will be loaned at a low rate of interest. Offices over First National Bank, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

GEO. H. METCALFE,
Attorney at Law.
Office in MacKinnon block on the west side, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

JOHN A. GAYNOR,
Attorney at Law.
Office over the Postoffice on the East Side. Will practice in all courts.

WIPPERMAN & HAMBRECHT
Attorneys at Law,
Office on east side, over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids, Wis.

J. R. RAGAN,
Licensed Undertaker and Embalmer.
Successor to H. W. Baker. Store phone 319 Night Phone 69. East Grand Rapids, Wis.

HELEN MAUD GILKEY,
Soloist - Instructor
PIANO, Organ, Mandolin, Guitar. Studio Sycamore street. Telephone 90.

T. J. COOPER,
Justice of the Peace.
And Notary Public. Office in G. N. Wood building, east end of bridge, Grand Rapids, Wis

DR. J. W. ROCKWELL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Grand Rapids, Wis. Office over Otto's Pharmacy, west side. Hospital rooms and nurses for a limited number of patients. Telephone No. 95

DR. W. D. HARVIE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses accurately fitted. Office over Cohen's store, East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. J. J. LOOZE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246 Office over Wood County Drug store on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. A. L. RIDGMAN,
Physician and Surgeon.
Telephone No. 82. Residence 'phone No. 23 Office over Church's Drug Store on West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. F. POMAINVILLE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Telephone at office, No. 335; residence No. 248. Office in rear of Seeli's Drug Store on East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. CHAS. POMAINVILLE,
Dentist.
Telephone No. 216. Office in Pomainville Block West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

DR. D. WATERS.
Physician and Surgeon.
Night Calls at Dixon House, telephone No. 55 Office over Church's Drug Store telephone 182 West Side, Grand Rapids, Wis. Office Hours 9 to 11:30, 1 to 4 and 7 to 8:30.

DR. D. A. TELFER,
Dentist.
Office over Wood County National Bank on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

S. M. KYES, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, west side. Office hours 9 to 11 a. m. and 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Office telephone 368. Residence, 371.

PAUL B. WALLACE, M. D., D. O.
Specialist in
Osteopathy.
Office in MacKinnon block residence on Oak street (in Mrs. Bolanger's residence.) Phone, 186. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Office Phone 156.

DR. A. B. CRAWFORD,
Dentist.
High grade service at reasonable fees. Office in Reiland building on the East Side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

E. J. CLARK,
Dentist.
Office on west side over the Gross-Lyons store

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

There will be a regular meeting of the Elks tonight.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. E. T. McCarthy last week.

Fred Bossert was a business visitor in Milwaukee on Thursday.

W. H. Remington of Babcock is in the city today on business.

F. G. Gilkey returned yesterday from a week's trip thru Minnesota.

—FOR RENT.—Nine room house, west side. Inquire of W. S. Gardner.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Carey have moved into rooms in the Lyon block.

Mrs. C. S. Warren departed last week for an extended visit at Plainfield

Maurice Kallerud of Chicago visited relatives here the first of the week.

G. W. Mason won the suit in the drawing at Slattery' suit club last evening.

Clarence Vaughn is visiting relatives in the vicinity of Wild Rose for a few weeks.

Miss Muehlstein who is teaching at Sigel was in to spend Saturday and Sunday at home.

—The ladies of St. Katherine's Guild will hold a supper on election night, November 8.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Laramie and left for Marshfield today to attend the fair for a few days

James Chamberlain and family are spending the week at Syndon visiting Mr. Chamberlain's parents.

Mrs. J. W. Bird and children of Stevens Point were guests of Mrs. Dixon a few days last week.

A. J. Hasbrouck expects to move into his new house on the east side the latter part of the week.

V. D. Simons left Tuesday evening for Chicago on a business trip, expecting to return Thursday morning.

A. J. Freund, manager of the Northern Paper company, was a business visitor at Milwaukee Tuesday.

George Payzant of Appleton arrived in the city on Sunday to spend a week at the home of E. H. Stoddard.

—Lost, Sunday afternoon, a child's jacket. The finder will please return same to Mrs. J. A. Stolb and receive reward.

Rev. Quincy L. Dowd will occupy the pulpit in the Congregational church on Sunday, both morning and evening.

H. J. Bassuener, one of the substantial young farmers of Hanson, favored this office with a pleasant call on Saturday.

A. L. Dodge, one of the proprietors of the Wausau Daily Record, was in the city over Sunday the guest of J. G. Hamilton.

Fred Roenius is at Marshfield this week, where he is exhibiting the Roenius Wood and Coal Chute at the Central Wisconsin fair.

Geo. Houston left on Tuesday for Chicago where he will take up his studies in dentistry at the Chicago College of Dental Surgery.

Mrs. Huldah Dahlke of the east side died Sunday night at 10 o'clock. She was 52 years of age and leaves four children to mourn her death.

The Ladies Foreign Missionary Society of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. M. S. Jackson on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Mead left on Monday for Chicago and St. Louis, expecting to be gone a couple of weeks attending the World's Fair.

Miss Anna Bamberg who is teaching at Sherry came down to spend Saturday and Sunday with her parents. She reports teaching all right.

Ellsworth Grottenu was in the city yesterday moving his household goods to Milwaukee. He has secured a position as fireman on the St. Paul road.

Dr. and Mrs. S. M. Kyes now occupy rooms in the Lyon block, and as the doctor has his office in the same building it makes it very handy for him.

Mrs. Wm. Petzold, who had been visiting her parents and other relatives and friends at Mondovi for a couple of weeks, returned home on Wednesday.

Mrs. John A. Gaynor and daughter, Miss Bessie, left on Thursday for Madison where Miss Bessie will enter the University of Wisconsin for the coming year.

Oscar Potter of the Lester Cranberry Co., was a caller at the Tribune office on Friday. He reports that his company will harvest about 450 barrels of berries this year.

Hugh Corbett moved has his tailor shop into the Kromer building and expects to have everything in readiness to open up for business by the latter part of the week.

George Halvorson, one of the solid farmers of Altdorf, paid the Tribune office a pleasant call today. Mr. Halvorson was on his way home from the cranberry marshes where he had put in the season.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES!

The biggest and best Line. Everything bright and clean. See them.

Have our magazine premium offer explained to you.

CITY BOOK AND NEWS STORE

Tel. 84 Near Witter House East Side

Last Friday evening Mr. and Mrs. John Steib and a number of friends were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Lincoln Putnam, the occasion being the eighth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Steib's wedding day.

The special "Christian Culture" program was postponed from last Sunday on account of rain and will be given at the Baptist church next Sunday evening at 7:30. In the morning the pastor will preach on "Bribery." All are welcome.

F. L. Rourke has purchased the lot on Front street on the west side from Mrs. Caroline Norton. The property adjoins that of G. W. Mason. The place is a good one for residence purposes.

—A stray buck sheep, white, with a black head, came to my enclosure one day last week. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away. Jacob Kissinger.

Taking effect Monday, Sept. 26, the Sunday train service between Grand Rapids, Stevens Point and Green Bay will be discontinued. The last train of the season will be run on Sunday, the 25th.

Peter Holberg came down from Prentice last week to visit relatives and friends in this city and Sigel. He returns home today accompanied by his wife who has been spending the past two months here.

George Lawler the heavy weight pugilist who appeared here last week at the opera house, has decided to quit the pugilist game and has entered the Milwaukee Medical college and will study to become a doctor.

Andrew Searls of Elm Lake was in the city on Saturday. He reports that he has about finished picking his cranberries for this year and that his crop will amount to between four and five hundred barrels, or about one third of what it was lats year.

The new 65 and 70 pound iron which the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway has been laying between Babcock and New Lisbon was completed Saturday night, and Monday morning a gang of 140 men commenced the work of smoothing and surfacing it.

Oscar Winger, who has been located at New Orleans for some time past, is home to visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Winger, in this city. Mr. Winger has been engaged in the cotton business, and this, like other branches of business, is booming at the present time.

Mrs. J. S. Thompson returned on Saturday from a three weeks visit at St. Louis where she had been attending the fair. She reports that the fair is now well worth the time necessary to visit it, everything being completed and presenting a handsome appearance.

Editor B. E. Walters of the Eagle River Review was in the city on Monday and favored the Tribune office with a pleasant call. Mr. Walters formerly owned and operated the Pittsville Pilot, but has been at Eagle River during the past two years where he is getting out a neat little paper.

Dr. Stephen Brazeau, who has been in Michigan during the past two months where he has charge of a practice, arrived in the city on Monday to visit for a few days. He expects to leave on Friday for Chicago where he will take up a special course of study for the treatment of the eye, ear and nose.

What might have been a serious accident occurred on the west side near the Centralia Hardware Co. store on Friday evening. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cochran and Mrs. Beulah Biron were driving down Cranberry street when they ran into a wire that led to the arc light on the corner, the light having been lowered at the time for the purpose to fixing it. The top was torn off the rig and the three occupants were thrown to the ground, but luckily all escaped with little or no injury. It was a very lucky escape for all concerned.

W. L. Oswald visited his friends in this city several days during the past week. He goes from here to Minneapolis and during the coming year he will hold a position of instructor in the University of Minnesota. Mr. Oswald is looking well and his many friends here were pleased to meet him. While here he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. Wipperman.

—There are seventeen characters in "Why Women Sin," the successful society melodrama, which will be the attraction at the grand opera house on Saturday night. Among those characters, all of which are pertinent to the action of the play, are some that stand out as distinct and unique as photographs. This splendid play, while thrilling and exciting, is educating to the young.

Frank Whitrock reports that he has delivered some 2500 water melons this year and something like 1800 muskmelons. He says that had the frost held off for a time he would have had a large number of fine muskmelons, as the vines were damaged so seriously that this fruit would not sweeten up sufficiently to be marketable. Mr. Whitrock, by honest dealing, has made a reputation for delivering only first-class fruit so that it is a real pleasure to trade with him.

—With much pleasure we announce our return visit to your city on Saturday, Oct. 8th, Witter House. Expert specialists in Dentistry, Painless Extracing of teeth; the doctors treat chronic diseases of men and women, the eye, ear, nose and throat. Surgical operations by the new Vienna System of bloodless Surgery—no cutting and no detention from business. You can do your friends and acquaintances a great favor by recommending them to our care, especially those who have been long suffering with bad teeth, and those invalids who have not received benefit from home treatment. Medical and Dental services free from 8 to 9 a. m. and 1 to 2 p. m. J. H. Little, M. D., in charge Minneapolis Medical Dental Company.

—At the Grand opera house on next Saturday night will be seen M. W. Taylor's fine production of Will C. Murphey's dramatic story in four acts, entitled "Why Women Sin." In connection with this great melodrama of high life in new York it may be said emphatically that no prettier play or one purer in morals was ever written. It is a story of human life with a world of human pathos in it, relieved here and there with bright little bits of comedy which but tend to make the emotional features the stronger. The characters of Dorothy Pemberton, Philip Pemberton, her husband, Charles Wadsworth and Fifi Folliette are all strong creations and are acted by Bernice Howard, J. F. White, Fred Alyn and Gracia de Foy respectively.

Don't Wait too Long.

"He who will not when he may, when he will, he shall have nay."

It is with a feeling of pardonable pride that Dr. Turbin points to the work he is doing in this community. The testimonials he can present, prove some indications of its extent and character. But its real scope and nature can only be learned from the hundreds of patients who are receiving the attention and care of this physician.

A genuine enthusiasm pervades these good people, who, in many cases, bring their friends to Dr. Turbin to receive treatment also. The mild and painless methods in use by this physician are exceedingly gratifying to those who have suffered from the harsh forms of treatment in vogue with doctors who have not learned that the use of acids, electrodes, hot wires, caustics, and escharotics, has been relegated to the bleeding and cupping, refuse piles of other days.

All cases undertaken by Dr. Turbin are given the closest and most painstaking attention. Some people may be indisposed to obey the impulse that prompts them to go to this physician, because they have a prejudice against "advertising doctors." Dr. Turbin has frequently defined the line between physicians and "doctors." Of the latter there are as many as can be counted; of the former Dr. Turbin stands alone. The work he has done, the results he shows, the practice he possesses, show he has no equals in his specialties.

Dr. Turbin will be in Grand Rapids, Thursday Oct. 6th at the Dixon Hotel.

Has Sold a Pile of Chamberlains Cough Remedy.

I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for more than twenty years and it has given entire satisfaction. I have sold a pile of it and recommend it highly.—JOSEPH MCELHINNY, Linton Iowa. You will find this remedy a good friend when troubled with a cough or cold. It always affords quick relief and it is pleasant to take. Otto's Pharmacy.

In Praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

"Allow me to give you a few words in praise of Chamberlain's colic, cholera and diarrhoea remedy," says Mr. John Hamlett, of Eagle Pass, Texas. "I suffered one week with bowel trouble and took all kinds of medicines without getting any relief, when my friend, Mr. C. Johnson, a merchant here, advised me to take this remedy. After taking one dose I felt greatly relieved and when I had taken the third dose was entirely cured. I thank you from the bottom of my heart for putting this great remedy in the hands of mankind." Otto's Pharmacy.

9-28-5w.

Claims of Creditors.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Frederick Leu, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said John Frederick Leu, deceased, having been granted and issued to Otto Leu on the 26th day of Sept., 1904, is now at this special term of this court.

Ordered, that all creditors of said John Frederick Leu, deceased, do present their claims for examination and allowance to this court on or before the 4th day of April, 1905, which time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.

Ordered further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented, received, examined and adjusted by this court at the regular April term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the first Wednesday, the 5th day of April, 1905.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within ten days from the date of the order.

Dated Grand Rapids, September 20th, 1904.

By the Court W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

Miss Eva Blakeslee, sister to Rev. Mr. Blakeslee, arrived in the city last Thursday and will make her home here for the present, expecting to attend the county training school

Rev. F. A. Nimtz, who has been at Antigo since leaving this city, has been transferred to Stevens Point. W. A. Hall, who has been at Stevens Point, has been transferred to Antigo

WHEELAN & DALY

Money to Loan at a Low Rate of Interest.

Insurance, Abstracting and Collections. Real Estate Bought and Sold.

If You Have Anything in Our Line Give Us a Call

Office in COHEN BLOCK, - - East Side

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER



Wise Words to Sufferers

From a Woman of Notre Dame, Ind.

I will mail, free of any charge, this Home Treatment with full instructions and the history of my own case to any lady suffering from female troubles. You can cure yourself at home without the aid of any physician. It will cost you nothing to give the treatment a trial, and if you decide to continue it will only cost you about twelve cents a week. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. I have nothing to sell. Tell other sufferers of it—that is all I ask. It cures all, young or old.

Say! If you feel a bearing-down sensation, sense of impending evil, pain in the back or bowels, crawling feeling up the spine, a desire to cry frequently, hot flashes, weariness, frequent desire to urinate, or if you have Leucorrhea (Whites), Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Profuse, Scanty or Painful Periods, Tumors or Growths, address MRS. M. SUMMERS, NOTRE DAME, IND., U. S. A., for the FREE TREATMENT and FULL INFORMATION. Thousands besides myself have cured themselves with it. I send it in plain wrappers.

TO MOTHERS OF DAUGHTERS I will explain a simple Home Treatment which speedily and effectually cures *Leucorrhea, Green Sickness* and *Painful or Irregular Menstruation* in young ladies. It will *save you anxiety* and *expense* and save *your daughter the humiliation* of explaining her troubles to others. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

Wherever you live I can refer you to well-known ladies of your own state or county who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this Home Treatment really cures all diseased conditions of our delicate female organism, thoroughly strengthens related muscles and ligaments which cause displacement, and makes women well. Write today, as this offer will not be made again. Address

MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box Notre Dame, Ind., U. S. A.

For home reference call on or address Mrs. J. F. DeLap Box 527 Grand Rapids Mrs. J. F. DeLap

DR. TURBIN

Of Berlin, Germany, the Expert Specialist and Surgeon

Who is well known throughout the state for his honesty toward his patients, will visit

Grand Rapids, Thursday, Oct. 6th

At the DIXON HOUSE. Hours 9 a m to 8 p m. Will return every Fourth Thursday thereafter.



DOCTOR TURBIN,
103 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with nervous debility, stupidness, or are otherwise unfitted for business or study, caused from youthful errors or excesses, you should consult this specialist at once. Don't delay until too late.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MANKIND There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success.

ALL DISEASES of delicate nature—inflammations and kindred troubles—quickly cured without pain or inconvenience.

CATARRH which poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption, also Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Dyspepsia, Diarrhea and all diseases of the stomach and bowels treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

WRITE your troubles if living away from city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence and medicine sent as directed. Absolute secrecy in all professional dealings. Address all letters, giving street and number plainly. Send 2-cent stamp for list of questions and pamphlet.

Cure Nervous Debility, Blood Poison, Rheumatism, Enlarged Veins, Fistula, Piles and Other Rectal Diseases, Kidney, Bladder and Lingering Ailments.

I MAKE NO CHARGE FOR CONSULTATION, whether you take treatment or not.

VARICOCELE.

Varicocele Impairs Vitality and Destroys the Elements of Manhood.

I want every man afflicted with Varicocele, Blood Poison, Nervo-Vital Debility, or allied troubles to come to my office, where I will explain to him my method of curing these diseases. I invite in particular all men who have become dissatisfied with treatment elsewhere. I will explain to you why you have not been cured, and will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction why I can cure you safely, quickly, and permanently. MY COUNSEL WILL COST YOU NOTHING, BUT MY CHARGES FOR A PERFECT CURE WILL BE REASONABLE AND NOT MORE THAN YOU WILL BE WILLING TO PAY FOR THE BENEFITS CONFERRED. I WILL DO BY YOU AS I WOULD WANT YOU TO DO BY ME IF OUR CASES WERE REVERSED.

LADIES If you are suffering from persistent Headache, Painful Menstruation, Uterine Displacements, Pains in Back, and feel as if it were impossible for you to endure your troubles and still be obliged to attend to your household and social obligations, give the Doctor a call. He will cure you if you trust yourself to his care. A great many have taken treatment of this Specialist, and he can refer you to those who have been cured by him.

...Public Sale of Shorthorn Cattle...

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN. Sat. Oct. 1



GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN. Sat. Oct. 1

On the above date I will sell fifty head of pure bred Shorthorn bulls and heifers, ranging from six to sixteen months old. Most of these are sired by the great prize winner and champion bull, The Admiral 156,839. This sale is intended to give the farmers of Wood and adjoining counties an opportunity to improve their stock at little cost Don't fail to come and look them over whether you intend to buy or not

L. M. NASH.

Closing out the stock

Until the supply is exhausted the Grand Rapids COOK BOOK, issued by St. Catherine's Guild will be sold for . . . . . .

50 cents a copy.

This is a fine edition, well bound, and contains more than 700 pages, with recipes and methods of cooking for everything. The price has always been 75c per copy, so if you purchase one of these books now you will get it at a great reduction

Copies for sale at the Drug Stores and by members of the Guild.

LOTS FOR SALE.

CLOVERDALE Addition West Side.

This addition is platted and on record.

Streets are all graded and every street drains to a catch basin.

All alleys are 14 feet wide and lead to each lot in every block.

Every foot of this addition is cleared and ready for building.

Soil is the best and will make fine gardens or beautiful lawns.

This addition is the nearest to business.

TERMS: $10 down and $5 per month.

TAYLOR & SCOTT,
AGENTS.

Abstracts of Title
Real Estate

Money to Loan on Improved Farms and City Property

FOR SALE Good six room house and 2 1-2 lots near factories at $800.00 for quick sale. . . . . .

C. E. BOLES
Office in Mackinnons Block. West End of Bridge
TELEPHONE NO. 322

Just Received!

A full line of Sporting Goods for the fall trade, consisting of Shot Guns, Rifles. Loaded Shells, Cartridges, Sportsmen's Clothing, etc. Call and see us, we can do you good.

GEO. W. PURNELL,
—EAST SIDE—

VICTORIA, DEWEY, SUNBEAM

A WISE WOMAN Knows that one of the first requisites in making good bread is to have first-class flour, and she will generally have it if it is obtainable.

A WISE MAN Will always see to it that his wife has good flour and to make sure of the matter he will order VICTORIA, DEWEY or SUNBEAM.

GRAND RAPIDS MILLING CO.



HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVEBRAIN PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AFTER USING.

For Sale by Daly Jewelry and Drug Company.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

GRAND RAPIDS, · WISCONSIN.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Frank Austin, considered the wealthiest resident of Medina, N. Y., was murdered by robbers while acting as watchman at his storage plant to allow the regular watchman to see a play.

The soldiers' bounty bill, providing for the payment of $125 to every civil war veteran, passed by the last Massachusetts legislature over the governor's veto, was declared unconstitutional by the state Supreme Court.

A strike of the allied mechanical trades employed on the Canadian Pacific Railway for an increase in wages was called Saturday, 700 men at Winnipeg, Man., and the employes at Fort William and other points walking out. It is reported the company will fight the strike.

Judge Alexander P. Daly, from whose court room the negroes Reed and Cato were taken by a mob and burned on the outskirts of Statesboro, Ga., was in consultation with Governor Terrell in Atlanta. He will urge the grand jury to indict the members of the mob.

More than 5,000 farmers, representing sixteen counties in the dark tobacco growing counties of Tennessee and Kentucky, met in Guthrie, Ky., and adopted resolutions asking the federal grand juries throughout the two states to investigate the alleged ruinous competition of the tobacco trust.

John Jennes, a traveling salesman for a Boston firm, starved himself to death in a hotel in Galesburg, Ill. He died after having refused food for a week. He had been ill all summer.

Fire in the plant of the J. A. Fay & Egan company, manufacturers of woodworking machinery at Cincinnati, caused a loss of $200,000, fully covered b ylnsurance. The Christian Pepper tobacco plant in St. Louis was damaged to the extent of $90,000. Five hundred employes escaped with difficulty.

A Baltimore & Ohio fast freight train struck a wagon loaded with 750 pounds of dynamite at North Branch, W. Va., and was wrecked. Brakeman C. Walter Whitehair and Engineer Nelson Pike were killed and nine others injured. Several residences were destroyed, and every house in town was damaged.

Two men were killed by an engine in the freight yards at St. George, S. I.

The American European squadron will hold its autumn practice at Aboukir bay.

The warerooms of the Abbott Downing Carriage company, Boston, Mass., were burned. Loss, $50,000.

Moses D. Lewis, a negro, was hanged at New Orleans for assaulting Elizabeth Klentz, a 13 year old child.

The main building of the Tiffin, O., brewery, owned by Phillip Grummel, was gutted by fire. Loss, about $50,000.

Newton Jones and John Taylor were arrested in Newport, Ky., charged with counterfeiting. Their entire outfit was captured.

William Seibart, a brakeman, was thrown from the top of a rapidly moving freight train near Denrock, Ill., and instantly killed.

Consul General Cordova of Honduras said the boundary question between Honduras and Nicaragua would be settled by arbitration.

Mr. Lee, the British merchant of Rabat, Morocco, who was reported to have been captured by tribesmen while fishing, has returned safely to Rabat.

Gen. Lew Wallace has consented to have "The Prince of India" dramatized.

Fire caused by a mysterious explosion in the hardware store of H. Sandmeyer & Co. of Peoria caused a loss of $100,000.

Word has been received at the navy department that the cruiser Mayflower has sailed from Genoa for Gibraltar on her way home.

Santa Fe passenger train No. 5, eastbound, was wrecked at Nepesta, Col., a station east of Pueblo. Several persons were slightly injured.

The schooner Elvira French foundered off the Jersey coast, and Capt. Daniel G. Connor and six members of the crew were drowned.

Frank Wheeler, aged 8 years, was kidnaped at Springfield, Ill., by two men, who are believed by his mother to have been acting for her husband, from whom she is separated.

Fire in the cold storage plant of Swindell & Brothers at Plymouth, Ind., destroyed the entire structure and 100,000 dozen of eggs. The loss on the building is estimated at $15,000.

The Imperial Limited, eastbound, and Transcontinental express, westbound, on the Canadian Pacific railway have been in collision at Medicine Hat station. Eight passengers were injured.

The annual conference of the Illinois Free Methodist church is in session at Lewiston, Bishop W. T. Hogue of Chicago presiding.

Upon the opening of the academic year at Brown university President Faunce announced a gift of $5,000 from John D. Rockefeller, Jr., '97.

The cornerstone for the $250,000 hall of sciences of the State University of Iowa, at Iowa City, has been laid.

The eleventh annual convention of the Missouri and Kansas Hotel Men's association is in session at St. Joseph Mo.

Frederick Karr of Chicago has been appointed head of the oratorical department of the University of Notre Dame.

Gen. Frederick D. Grant attended the reunion of the Twenty-first Illinois, his father's old regiment, at Bethany, Ill.

Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd of New York, secretary of the Episcopal board of missions, was elected bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Kentucky by the diocesan council at Louisville to succeed the late Bishop Thomas M. Dudley.

J. Max West of Union, Ohio, is declared to have confessed to County Attorney Hungate of Topeka, Kan., that he killed J. S. Collins in that city five years ago. John H. Collins, son of the murdered man, is serving a life sentence in the penitentiary for the crime.

Secretary of the Navy Morton has sent a telegram to M. H. de Young, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle, naming his daughter, Miss Helen de Young, as sponsor for the training ship Intrepid, to be launched at Mare Island on Oct. 3.

LATEST CASH MARKET REPORTS

WHEAT.
Liverpool—American, 7s 6¾d.
Chicago—No. 2 red, $1.15½@1.17¾.
New York—No. 2 red, $1.19¾@1.19½.
Minneapolis—No. 1 hard, $1.26.
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, $1.06@1.08.
Duluth—No. 1 hard, $1.21½.
Milwaukee—No. 1 northern, $1.22½@1.24
St. Louis—No. 2 red, $1.12¾@1.13¾.
CORN.
Liverpool—American mixed, 4s 7½d.
Chicago—No. 2, 55½c.
New York—No. 2, 59½c.
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 49½@50c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 49½@51½c.
Peoria—No. 3, 54c.
OATS.
Chicago—Standard, 31½@31½c.
New York—No. 2, 29½c.
Kansas City—No. 2 white, 29@35½c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 30½@30½c.
Peoria—No. 3 white, 31½@32c.
CATTLE.
Chicago—$1.25@6.25.
New York—$1.10@6.75.
Kansas City—$1.50@6.15.
Omaha—$1.75@6.10.
St. Joseph—$2.00@6.10.
Pittsburg—$2.75@5.75.
Buffalo—$2.75@6.40.
St. Louis—$2.00@5.75.
HOGS.
Chicago—[illegible]
New York—$6.00@6.25.
Kansas City—$4.80@5.80.
Omaha—$5.20@5.75.
St. Joseph—$5.10@5.67½.
Pittsburg—$5.00@6.
Buffalo—$4.00@6.15.
St. Louis—$4.50@5.95.
SHEEP AND LAMBS.
Chicago—$3.00@5.75.
New York—$2.25@6.37½.
Kansas City—$2.75@5.90.
Omaha—$2.25@5.80.
St. Joseph—$2.75@5.10.
Pittsburg—$1.00@5.10.
Buffalo—$1.50@5.50.
St. Louis—$1.50@5.25.

A man giving the name of John R. Blaney surrendered to the San Francisco police, saying he had embezzled $10,000 from the Wire Workers' Union of Holyoke, Mass., of which he was secretary and treasurer.

The Leadville District Mining Association will hereafter employ only miners who bear working cards declaring that they are not members of the Western Federation of Miners or any order controlled by the federation.

The wire department of the American Steel and Wire Company at South Sharon, Pa., started double turn Monday.

After a running exchange of shots three alleged highwaymen, Henry Leslie, William Krepts and James Orris, were lodged in jail at Tarentum, Pa.

While trying to board a moving train on the Chicago and Alton at Minier, Ill., F. W. Gilchrist of Pleasant Plains, Ill., missed his hold and was fatally injured.

By the accidental discharge of a revolver his wife was cleaning, Winfield Roe of Chrisney, Ind., was fatally shot.

Samuel J. Ayers, the aged proprietor of the Marshalltown, Iowa, Herald, was shot by holdup men and probably fatally injured.

The Valverde Smelter, near Prescott, Arizona, has been destroyed by an explosion of molten slag. The plant cost $175,000.

Ben Hall, recently from Chicago, shot himself through the head at Prescott, Arizona. He left a note saying bad luck and poor health were the causes for the deed.

Mrs. George Hendricks fell from a balloon into Rock Island lake at Phillipsburg, Kan., and was drowned. Her parachute failed to work properly.

E. A. Barber of Vallejo, Cal., dropped dead during the big parade of Odd Fellows in San Francisco. The first cash prize of $1,000 for drill was won by the Washington, D. C., canton.

Committees representing the Amalgamated Window Glass Workers and the Employers' association at Erie, Pa., agreed on a new wage scale, which provides for a horizontal reduction of 10 per cent from last year's scale.

John Temple Graves, in the Atlanta News, urges the revival of the Ku Klux clans to punish negro assailants of women. James Armstrong, a farmer, is arrested in Huntsville, Ala., on a charge of murder in the lynching of Horace Maples.

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor has officially indorsed the strike of the 25,000 textile operatives of Fall River, Mass. President Samuel Gompers has made an appeal for contributions to aid the strikers.

The boiler in a big cotton mill at Dukes, N. C., exploded, instantly killing General Superintendent Henry C. Fowler of Burlington and three other men, scalding another so badly he will die and partially wrecking the building.

Officers of the eGrman general staff will conduct a topographical survey and make new maps of southwest Africa and a railway line will be built in the rear of the army, which is fighting natives.

William R. Patterson, registrar of records in the tenement house department of New York, has resigned to accept a chair in the University of Iowa.

Thomas Browning, Ray Moore and Henry Becker were killed, three men fatally hurt and twenty-one others injured by the collapse of a bridge pier being erected near Afton, Ind. T.

Henry Frantz, aged 31, was drowned in the canal near Boonville, Ind. He was fishing in a boat which overturned.

The Puget Sound presbytery of the United Presbyterians voted in favor of union with the Associated Reformed church south.

The old Thibeaudeau block, in Quebec, was destroyed by fire. The loss is about $100,000.

The report that an attempt had been made to assassinate Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, at Venice is without foundation.

President W. H. Newman of the New York Central road denies the report that he had resigned.

Ambassador Extraordinary Alfred Picard has gone from St. Louis to Washington to extend to President Roosevelt fraternal greeting from President Loubet of France.

At the annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland at Indianapolis a resolution recommending the use of the word "Union" instead of "Federal," referring to those who fought during the civil war, was defeated.

The Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad demolished and moved its station buildings in Savanna, I. T., and terminated all business relations with the place. The opposition of the townspeople to the company's nonunion telegraph operators was given as the cause.

Robert P. Bringhurst, the sculptor, has lost the first two fingers of his left hand by having them crushed in the door of a railroad car. He is at his home in St. Louis and fears the injury may make a difference in his modeling.

Michael Schall, a wealthy manufacturer of York, Pa., and Miss Nettie Gattmat, his stenographer, committed suicide together with gas in the young woman's apartments in York.

Prince De Bearn, attache of the French embassy in Washington, is in San Francisco.

PARKER WRITES OF THE ISSUES

Exhaustive and Able Document Made Public by the Democratic Nominee.

TARIFF CHANGE IS PROMISED

With Victory in November the Rapacity of the Trusts Will Be Curbed by Wise Legislation.

Reciprocal Trade Treaties a Necessity of the Situation—Underhand Methods of the Administration in Panama Denounced—Justice for the Filipinos Urged—National Leader Pleads for Co-operation of All Members of the Party in the Struggle for Wise Legislation and Good Government.

Esopus, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Judge Parker to-day made public his letter supplementing his acceptance of the nomination for President of the United States tendered him by the national Democratic convention. The document follows:

To the Honorable Champ Clark and Others, Committee, Etc.:

Gentlemen: In my response to your committee, at the formal notification proceedings, I referred to some matters not mentioned in this letter. I desire that these be considered as incorporated herein, and regret that lack of space prevents specific reference to them all. I wish here, however, again to refer to my views there expressed as to the gold standard, to declare again my unqualified belief in said standard, and to express my appreciation of the action of the convention in reply to my communication upon that subject.

Imperialism.

If we would retain our liberties and constitutional rights unimpaired, we cannot permit or tolerate, at any time or for any purpose, the arrogation of unconstitutional powers by the executive branch of our government. We should be ever mindful of the words of Webster, "Liberty is only to be preserved by maintaining constitutional restraints and a just division of political powers."

Already the national government has become centralized beyond any point contemplated or imagined by the founders of the constitution. How tremendously all this has added to the power of the president! It has developed from year to year until it almost equals that of many monarchs. While the growth of our country and the magnitude of interstate interests may seem to furnish a plausible reason for this centralization of power, yet these same facts afford the most potent reason why the executive should not be permitted to encroach upon the other departments of the government, and assume legislative, or other powers, not expressly conferred by the constitution.

The issue of imperialism which has been thrust upon the country involves a decision whether the law of the land or the rule of individual caprice shall govern. The principle of imperialism may give rise to brilliant, startling, dashing results, but the principle of Democracy holds in check the brilliant executive and subjects him to the sober, conservative control of the people.

The Tariff and Trusts.

Tariff reform is one of the cardinal principles of the Democratic faith, and the necessity for it was never greater than at the present time. It should be undertaken at once in the interest of all our people.

The Dingley tariff is excessive in many of its rates, and, as to them at least, unjustly and oppressively burdens the people. It secures to domestic manufacturers, singly or in combination, the privilege of exacting excessive prices at home and prices far above the level of sales made regularly by them abroad with profit, thus giving a bounty to foreigners at the expense of our own people. It levies oppressive and unjust taxes upon many articles forming, in whole or part, the so-called raw material of many of our manufactured products, not only burdening the consumer, but also closing to the manufacturer the markets he needs and seeks abroad. Its unjust taxation burdens the people generally, forcing them to pay excessive prices for food, fuel, clothing and other necessaries of life. It levies duties on many article not normally imported in any considerable amount, which are made extensively at home, for which the most extreme protectionist would hardly justify protective taxes, and which in large amounts are exported. Such duties have been and will continue to be a direct incentive to the formation of huge industrial combinations, which, secure from foreign competition, are enabled to stifle domestic competition and practically to monopolize the home market.

Even now the argument most frequently urged in behalf of the Dingley tariff, and against tariff reform generally, is the necessity of caring for our infant industries. Many of these industries, after a hundred years of lusty growth, are looming up as industrial giants. In their case, at least, the Dingley tariff invites combination and monopoly, and gives justification to the expression that the tariff is the mother of trusts.

For the above-mentioned reasons, among many others, the people demand reform of these abuses, and such reform demands and should receive immediate attention.

In the words of our platform we demand "a revision and a gradual reduction of the tariff by the friends of the masses, and for the common weal, and not by the friends of its abuses, its extortions and discriminations."

It is true that the Republicans, who do not admit in their platform that the Dingley tariff needs the slightest alteration, are likely to retain a majority of the Federal Senate throughout the next presidential term, and could, therefore, if they chose, block every attempt at legislative relief. But it should be remembered that the Republican party includes many revisionists, and I believe it will shrink from defying the popular will expressed unmistakably and peremptorily at the ballot box.

The people demand reform of existing conditions. Since the last Democratic administration the cost of living has grievously increased. Those having fixed incomes have suffered keenly; those living on wages, if there has been any increase, know that such increase has not kept pace with the advance in the cost of living, including rent and the necessaries of life. Many to-day are out of work, unable to secure any wages at all. To alleviate these conditions, in so far as is in our power, should be our earnest endeavor.

Trust Remedies.

I pointed out in my earlier response the remedy, which, in my judgment, can effectually be applied against monopolies, and the assurance was then given that if existing laws, including both statute and common law, proved inadequate, contrary to my expectations, I favor such further legislation, within constitutional limitations, as will best promote and safeguard the interests of all the people.

Whether there is any common law which can be applied and enforced by the Federal courts, cannot be determined by the president, or by a candidate for the presidency.

The determination of this question was left by the people in framing the constitution, to the judiciary and not to the executive. The Supreme Court of the United States has recently considered this question, and, in the case of the Western Union Telegraph Company vs. The Call Publishing Company, to be found in the one hundred and eighty-first volume of the United States Supreme Court reports, at page 92, it decided that common law principles could be applied by United States courts in cases involving interstate commerce, in the absence of United States statutes specifically covering the case. Such is the law of the land.

Reciprocity.

In my address to the notification committee I said that tariff reform "is demanded by the best interests of both manufacturer and consumer." With equal truth it can be said that the benefits of reciprocal trade treaties would enure to both. That the consumer would be helped is unquestionable. That the manufacturer would receive great benefit by extending his markets abroad hardly needs demonstration. His productive capacity has outgrown the home market. The very term "Home Market," has changed in its significance. Once, from the manufacturers' point of view, it meant expansion; to-day the marvelous growth of our manufacturing industries has far exceeded the consumptive capacity of our domestic markets, and the term "Home Market" implies contraction, rather than expansion. If we would run our mills to their full capacity, thus giving steady employment to our workmen and securing to them and to the manufacturer the profits accruing from increased production, other markets must be found. Furthermore, when our manufacturers are dependent on raw materials in whole or part imported, it is vital to the extension of their markets abroad that they secure their materials on the most favorable terms.

Our martyred president, William McKinley, appreciated this situation. He pointed out in his last address to the people that we must make sensible trade arrangements if "we shall extend the outlets for our increasing surplus." He said, "a system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued and healthful growth of our export trade. . . . The period of exclusiveness is past. The expansion of our trade and commerce is the pressing problem. Commercial wars are unprofitable. A policy of good will and friendly relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not."

This argument was made in the interest of our manufacturers, whose products, he urged, "have so multiplied, that the problem of more markets requires our urgent and immediate attention." He had come to realize that the so-called "stand pat" policy must give way—that there must be a reduction of duties to enable our manufacturers to cultivate foreign markets. The last words of this president—who had won the affection of his countrymen—ought to be studied by every man who has any doubt of the necessity of a reduction in tariff rates in the interest of the manufacturer. They present with clearness a situation and a proposed remedy that prompted the provision in our platform which declares that, "We favor liberal trade arrangements with Canada and with peoples of other countries where they can be entered into with benefit to American agriculture, manufactures, mining or commerce."

The persistent refusal of the Republican majority in the Federal Senate to ratify the reciprocity treaties negotiated in pursuance of the policy advocated alike by Mr. Blaine and Mr. McKinley, and expressly sanctioned in the Dingley act itself, is a discouraging exhibition of bad faith. As already mentioned by me, the exorbitant duty imposed on many an imported article by the Dingley tariff was avowedly intended by its author not to be permanent, but to serve temporarily as a maximum, from which the Federal government was empowered to offer a reduction, in return for an equivalent concession on the part of a foreign country. President McKinley undertook honestly to carry out the purpose of the act. A number of reciprocity agreements were negotiated, which, if ratified, would have had the two-fold result of cheapening many imported products for American consumers, and of opening and enlarging foreign markets to American producers. Not one of those agreements has met with the approval of the Republican masters of the Senate. Indeed they did not even permit their consideration. In view of the attitude of the present executive, no new agreement need be expected from him. Nor does the Republican platform contain a favorable reference to one of the suspended treaties. The reciprocity clauses of the Dingley act seem destined to remain a monument of legislative cozenage and political bad faith, unless the people take the matter in their own hands at the ballot box and command a reduction of duties in return for reciprocal concessions.

Independence for the Filipinos.

In some quarters it has been assumed that in the discussion of the Philippine question in my response, the phrase "self-government," was intended to mean something less than independence. It was not intended that it should be understood to mean, nor do I think as used it does mean less than independence. However, to eliminate all possibility for conjecture, I now state that I am in hearty accord with that plank in our platform that favors doing for the Filipinos what we have already done for the Cubans; and I favor making the promise to them now that we shall take such action as soon as they are reasonably prepared for it.

Reclamation of Arid Lands.

A vast expanse of country in the West, portions of which are to be found in each of the sixteen states and territories, mentioned in the law, is directly affected by the national statute—the outcome of intelligent and persistent efforts of leading citizens, providing for the reclamation of the arid lands for the benefit of homeseekers. During the years of the development of the measure which finally received the vote of every member of the upper house of Congress, it encountered opposition, based to a large extent upon the view that the aim of its promoters was to secure the benefits of irrigation to private owners at government expense. The aim of the statute is, however, to enable this vast territory to reclaim its arid lands without calling upon the taxpayers of the country at large to pay for it. Whether the purposes of the bill will be fully accomplished must depend in large measure upon the ability, sobriety of judgment, independence and honesty of the officers of the Interior Department having this great work in charge.

Panama Canal.

An isthmian canal has long been the hope of our statesmen, and the avowed aim of the two great parties, as their platforms in the past show. The Panama route having been selected, the building of the canal should be pressed to completion with all reasonable expedition.

The methods by which the executive acquired the Panama canal route and rights are a source of regret to many. To them, the statement that thereby a great public work was assured to the profit of our people is not a sufficient answer to the charge of violation of national good faith. They appreciate that the principles and healthy convictions which in their working out have made us free and great, stand firmly against the argument or suggestion that we shall be blind to the nature of the means employed to promote our welfare. They hold that adherence to principle, whether it works for our good or ill, will have a more beneficent influence on our future destiny than all our material upbuilding, and that we should ever remember that the idea of doing a wrong to a smaller, weaker nation than we, or even all mankind, may have a resultant good is repugnant to the principles upon which our government was founded.

American Shipping.

Our commerce in American bottoms amounts to but eight percent of our total exports and imports. For seventy years prior to 1860, when the Republican party came into power, our merchant marine carried an average of seventy-five per cent of our foreign commerce. By 1877 it had dwindled to twenty-seven per cent. Now we carry but a contemptibly small fraction of our exports and imports.

American shipping in the foreign trade was greater by over one hundred thousand tons in 1810—nearly a hundred years ago—than it was last year. In the face of the continuous decline in the record of American shipping during the last forty-three years, the promise of the Republican party to restore it, is without encouragement. The record of the Democratic party gives assurance that the task can be more wisely entrusted to it.

It is an arduous task to undo the effect of forty years of decadence, and requires the study and investigation of those best fitted by experience to find the remedy—which surely does not lie in the granting of subsidies, wrung from the pockets of all the taxpayers.

Investigation of Government Departments

Recent disclosures, coupled with the rapid augmentation of government expenditures, show a need of an investigation of every department of the government. The Democrats in Congress demanded it. The Republican majority refused the demand. The people can determine by their vote in November whether they wish an honest and thorough investigation. A Democratic Congress and executive will assure it.

We are justly proud of the officers and men of our army and navy. Both, however, have suffered from the persistent injection of personal and political influence. Promotions and appointments have been frequently based on favoritism instead of merit. Trials and court-martials have been set aside under circumstances indicating political interference. These and other abuses should be corrected.

Pensions for Our Soldiers and Sailors.

The National Democracy favors liberal pensions to the surviving soldiers and sailors and their dependents, on the ground that they deserve liberal treatment. It pledges by its platform adequate legislation to that end. But it denies the right of the executive to usurp the power of Congress to legislate on that subject. Such usurpation was attempted by Pension Order No. 78, and effect has been given to it by a Congress that dared not resent the usurpation. It is said that "this order was made in the performance of a duty imposed upon the president by act of Congress," but the provision making the imposition is not pointed out. The act to which the order refers, which is the one relating to pensions to Civil War veterans, does not authorize pensions on the ground of age. It does grant pensions to those "suffering from any mental or physical disability, or disabilities, of a permanent character, not the result of their own vicious habits, which so incapacitates them from the performance of manual labor as to render them unable to earn a support." This specified requirement of incapacity is in effect set aside by Order No. 78 as to all persons over sixty-two.

The war closed nearly forty years ago. In the meantime many of our soldiers and sailors long survived the age of sixty-two, and passed away without receiving any pension. Skillful pension attorneys hunting through the statute failed to find there a provision giving a pension to all who had reached sixty-two. Many prominent veterans urged the justice of congressional action giving a service pension to all veterans. Bills to that effect were introduced in Congress. And not until March of this year did any one ever claim to have made the discovery that the president had power to treat the statute as if it read that when a claimant had passed the age of sixty-two years he is necessarily disabled one-half in ability to perform manual labor and therefore entitled to a pension.

If elected, I will revoke that order. But I go further and say that that being done, I will contribute my effort toward the enactment of a law to be passed by both houses of Congress and approved by the executive that will give an age pension without reference to disability to the surviving heroes of the civil war; and under the provisions of which a pension may be accepted with dignity because of the consciousness that it comes as a just due from the people through their chosen representatives, and not as largess distributed by the chief executive.

Foreign Relations.

The foreign relations of the government have in late years assumed special importance. Prior to the acquisition of the Philippines, we were practically invulnerable against attacks by foreign states. Those tropical possessions, however, seven thousand miles from our shores, have changed all this and have in effect put us under bonds to keep the peace. The new conditions call for a management of foreign affairs the more circumspect in that the recent American invasion of foreign markets in all parts of the world has excited the serious apprehension of all the great industrial peoples. It is essential, therefore, more than ever, to adhere strictly to the traditional policy of the country as formulated by its first president and never, in my judgment, wisely departed from—to invite friendly relations with all nations while avoiding entangling alliances with any.

Reform in Governmental Expenditures.

Twenty-eight years have passed since the Democratic party of the state of New York, in convention assembled, recommended to the National Democracy the nomination of Samuel J. Tilden as its candidate for the presidency, and declared it to be "their settled conviction that a return to the constitutional principles, frugal expense and administrative purity of the founders of the Republic is the first and most imperious duty of the times—the commanding issue now before the people of the Union." This strong expression was called forth by the national expenditures for the year 1875, which amounted to $274,000,000—a situation which, in the opinion of a majority of our people, justified an imperative demand for reform in the administration of public affairs. As the expenditure of the last fiscal year amounted to the enormous total of $582,000,000, it is evident that a thorough investigation of the public service and the immediate abandonment of useless and extravagant expenditures are more necessary now than they were then. This astounding increase is out of all proportion to the increase of our population, and finds no excuse from whatever aspect we view the situation. The national Democratic platform declares that "large reductions can easily be made in the annual expenditures of the government without impairing the efficiency of any branch of the public service." Can there be any doubt of the accuracy of this statement?

In this connection it is interesting to note the recent administrative orders forbidding government officers from making public any statement of estimates on which future appropriations are to be based.

If a man of ordinary intelligence and prudence should find in the operating expenses of his business such a tremendous percentage of increase, would he not promptly set on foot an inquiry for the cause of the waste, and take immediate measures to stop it, especially when trusted employes have been found dishonest and convicted, and a widespread impression exists that a thorough investigation may discover other cases of malfeasance? When the chief executive reported to Congress that, "through frauds, forgeries and perjuries, and by shameless briberies the laws relating to the proper conduct of the public service in general, and to the due administration of the postoffice department have been notoriously violated . . . ," there was a general popular demand for a rigid, sweeping investigation by Congress, in addition to that undertaken by the executive himself. Such an investigation the Republican majority in Congress would not permit, although the minority insisted that the interests of good government demanded it. And the minority was right. The liberality, patriotism and national pride of the people should not be made an excuse for waste of the public funds. Official extravagance is official crime.

Reform in expenditures must be had in both the civil, military and naval establishments in order that the national expenditures may be brought to a basis of peace and the government maintained without recourse to the taxes of war.

Conclusion.

I have put aside a congenial work, to which I had expected to devote my life, in order to assume, as best I can, the responsibilities your convention put upon me.

I solicit the cordial co-operation and generous assistance of every man who believes that a change of measures and of men at this time would be wise, and urge harmony of endeavor as well as vigorous action on the part of all so minded.

The issues are joined and the people must render the verdict.

Shall economy of administration be demanded or shall extravagance be encouraged?

Shall the wrongdoer be brought to bay by the people, or must justice wait upon political oligarchy?

Shall our government stand for equal opportunity or for special privilege?

Shall it remain a government of law or become one of individual caprice?

Shall we cling to the rule of the people, or shall we embrace beneficent despotism?

With calmness and confidence, we await the people's verdict.

If called to the office of president, I shall consider myself the chief magistrate of all the people and not of any faction, and shall ever be mindful of the fact that on many questions of national policy there are honest differences of opinion. I believe in the patriotism, good sense and absolute sincerity of all the people. I shall strive to remember that he may serve his party best who serves his country best.

If it be the wish of the people that I undertake the duties of the presidency, I pledge myself, with God's help, to devote all my powers and energy to the duties of this exalted office.

Very truly yours,
ALTON B. PARKER.

WHOLE ARMY IN ASSAULT

Gen. Nogi Said to Have Thrown His Entire Force Against Port Arthur—Kouropatkin Attacked on Front and Flanks.

Paris, Sept. 24.—The Matin's St. Petersburg correspondent telegraphs as follows:

"Telegrams, of which the general staff has as yet no knowledge, reached the emperor at 4 o'clock this morning. I can affirm that they concern Port Arthur, regarding which place the greatest anxiety prevails at court.

"The Japanese are now engaged in a general assault, which is more furious than its predecessors, attacking the town on three sides simultaneously and employing their whole forces, being determined to finish the business.

"Russian mines blew up whole battalions.

"Gen. Fock especially distinguished himself, directing the fire from the wall, which the Japanese reached after indescribable massacre.

"The whole of Admiral Togo's and Vice Admiral Kamimura's squadrons are aiding in the struggle, which, it is feared here, will be final. The besieged forces are fighting as in a furnace. A perfect storm of shell is falling on the town, port and fortress from the whole hill and roadstead.

"Gen. Stoessel is going from fort to fort encouraging the defenders in their desperate efforts.

"In St. Petersburg the facts concerning the tragic event, which perhaps will terminate by a glorious fall of Port Arthur, are wholly unknown. At court hope has not yet been entirely abandoned."

All Classes of Russians Anxious to End Struggle

Berlin, Sept. 23.—Col. Gaedke, the military editor of the Tageblatt, who is with the Russian army in Manchuria, says he meets with many who wish the war ended at any price. Even in the highest circles this view prevails. He adds it is not impossible that this feeling will result in a sudden and surprising cessation of histilities.

Fleet Expected to Reach Port Arthur in January

St. Petersburg, Sept. 23.—In spite of constant affirmations to the contrary, there are undoubted indications that a second Pacific squadron will leave the Baltic so that under economical coal consumption and moderate speed it will reach Port Arthur in January.

Then, with greatly augmented forces, Kouropatkin will tune himself for a simultaneous effort to reach the defenders of the stronghold, while Admiral Wiren will leave the harbor and attack the Japanese fleet.

Attack by Two Japanese Divisions Is Unsuccessful.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 23.—An official dispatch from Harbin states that on Wednesday two Japanese divisions with a strong force of artillery attacked the Russian left flank on the banks of the Hun river. Gen. Bildering repulsed the attack after three hours' fighting. The enemy's loss was over 700. The Russians lost 86 killed and 270 wounded. The Russian forces maintained their advanced positions on the chain of hills before the Hun river ten miles southeast of Mukden.

Vladivostok Fleet Raiding on East Coast of Corea.

London, Sept. 24.—The Vladivostok fleet has started upon another raid along the east coast of Corea. Already a Japanese transport has been captured.

These few details are contained in a St. Petersburg dispatch. It is not stated where the transport was captured or whether the Japanese on board were made prisoners or whether any of them were killed.

All dispatches from St. Petersburg point to a speedy abandonment of Mukden by the Russian troops. It is officially announced that Kuroki's army is moving toward Fu pass, only a short distance east of Mukden and north of the Hun river.

If the Japanese capture Fu pass it is admitted at St. Petersburg that Kouropatkin's position at Mukden would be untenable.

The Russians are not expected to make a strong resistance at Mukden. In fact, there are reasons for believing that the bulk of Kouropatkin's army and all of his reserve artillery and supplies are already at Tieling, far to the north of Mukden.

Oyama's Troops in Steady Advance Towards Mukden.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 22.—Gen. Kouropatkin telegraphs that the Japanese have assumed the offensive from Bentsiaputze, on Fu pass, which is on the road between Mukden and Fushun, about twelve miles from Mukden.

A brief telegram from Lieut. Gen. Sakharoff announces the advance of the Japanese from Bentsiaputze on the village near Fu pass, east of Mukden.

No mention is made of resistance to the advance, but it is not believed this indicates that the Russians do not intend to further oppose the march of the Japanese on Mukden.

Army Under Marshal Oyama Outnumbers Russian Force

St. Petersburg, Sept. 22.—The knowledge that Kuroki's army has been reinforced by two if not by three fresh divisions, outnumbering considerably the reinforcements Kouropatkin has been able to receive since the battle of Liaoyang, causes the belief here that Kouropatkin again will avoid anything approaching a decisive battle.

Seeing the advantageous results of the recent retreat from Liaoyang as reflected in the consequent disastrous fall in the price of Japanese bonds, the policy of retreat, which at one moment threatened to become unpopular, is now fully approved in the highest quarters.

Deaths from Starvation in Beleaguered Fortress

Chefoo, Sept. 1.—Chinese who have arrived here from Port Arthur say deaths from starvation are increasing in number. Food is supplied to foreigners who are about to leave the place in order to deceive outsiders as to the actual conditions prevailing at the fortress.

Europeans arriving here from Port Arthur tell gruesome stories of conditions in the besieged stronghold. It is asserted that there are no contagious diseases, but that many deaths have been caused by the bites of large flies which feed upon the putrifying corpses outside. The old town is almost wrecked.

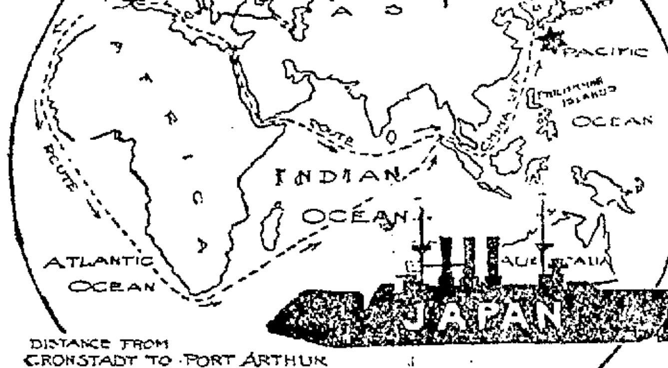
Czar Creates Second Army for Service in Manchuria

St. Petersburg, Sept. 25.—The sensation of the day is the publication of the imperial ukase, in which the czar announces that as the Japanese have shown such unexpected fighting powers it is necessary for Russia to create a second army, the command of which he gives to Gen. Grippenberg. This deposes Kouropatkin from his position of commander in chief, for in the future he ranks on an equal footing with Maj. Gen. Grippenberg.

The second Manchurian army will comprise 300,000 men, and be made up of the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Sixteenth army corps. It is reported that five additional army corps will be mobilized at once and that altogether a force of 700,000 men will be massed in Manchuria.

Nine Forts at Port Arthur Captured by the Japanese

Chefoo, Sept. 25.—Chinese who arrived here from Port Arthur to-day report that in the battle which began last Monday and continued until Thursday the Japanese captured nine forts, three of them being important ones. They took each fort by assault, losing 3,000 men.



Map showing possible routes which may be taken by the Baltic fleet to the far east and diagrams showing comparative available naval strength of Japan and Russia in those waters if the Baltic fleet accomplishes the voyage. The dotted lines from Cronstadt indicate the routes by which the fleet may travel.

HILL'S ESTIMATE OF GRAIN CROPS

Railroad Magnate Declares Wheat Total Will Not Exceed 510,000,000 Bu.

FIGURES CORN AT 2,000,000,000

Expresses the Belief That at No Time Has There Been Ground for Placing the Yield of Coarse Cereal at 2,500,000,000.

CROP YIELDS AND ESTIMATES

Year.	Bu. wheat. Millions.	Bu. corn. Millions.
1900	522	2,105
1901	748	1,523
1902	670	2,524
1903	638	2,244
1904 (Gov't est.)	523	2,237
1904 (Hill est.)	510	2,000

New York dispatch: A total of 510,000,000 bushels is the estimate for the country's wheat crop made by James J. Hill. This is one of the lowest estimates so far made for the crop. "The estimate of the wheat crop which I made some weeks ago," said Mr. Hill, "placing the aggregate for spring and winter wheat at 510,000,000 bushels, was made at a time when deterioration was in progress. Subsequent damage has reduced the yield to about 510,000,000 bushels, or at the extreme 515,000,000 bushels. There will not be more than 300,000,000 bushels of flourishing wheat. My estimate of 2,000,000,000 bushels for the corn crop will not be exceeded.

Doubts Government Figures.

Mr. Hill expressed the opinion that there never at any time were any grounds on which to base an estimate for the year's corn crop as high as 2,500,000,000 bushels, and said that at the most favorable period the indications did not point to more than 2,200,000,000. In speaking of wheat he drew attention to the fact that the government report of condition as of Sept. 1 of last year, when the crop was all made, indicated a yield fully 50,000,000 bushels above the final total. Last year's experience, he thinks, is about to be repeated in this respect.

"If the St. Paul is about to build to the coast," Mr. Hill declared, "I should be very glad to see it make its terminus at Seattle. People would naturally jump at the conclusion that should the St. Paul build to that city the increased competition would work injury to our lines, but this is untrue."

FUMES OF ACID PROVE FATAL

Two Denver Firemen Dead and Others Seriously Injured.

Denver, Col., special: Lieut. Charles Doloff and Truckman John McGlade are dead and two other firemen are in a precarious condition from inhaling fumes of nitro acid, a carboy of which was burst by a bolt of lightning which started a fire in the etching rooms of the Post Printing and Publishing company. Truckman Sherman B. Wilcox has double pneumonia and is in a serious condition. Capt. Charles Eyman is seriously ill. Nine other firemen are also suffering from the effects of the fumes. They are Acting Chief John Dulmage, Lieut. Vincent Davidson, Truckman Edward Hollingsworth, Frank P. Lunt and William Alward, Pipemen John Ryan, Emil Normille and William H. Granges and Driver William Lewis.

APPOINTMENTS BY GOV. YATES

Delegates to Represent Illinois at the National Farmers' Congress.

Springfield, Ill., dispatch: Gov. Yates has appointed the following delegates to represent Illinois at the national farmers' congress, to be held in St. Louis Sept. 26 to 30: G. C. Baker of Plainville, S. N. Black of Clayton, F. M. Weis of Peru, Emory Boyl of Tonica, H. J. Gunn of McNabb and John Bowers, John Benbo, H. W. St. John and Thomas Parrish of Wellington.

Gov. Yates has appointed Dr. N. M. Ross of Carrollton a trustee for the Illinois Central hospital for the insane at Jacksonville, vice F. M. Menke of Quincy, resigned.

MURDER INVOLVES THE WIDOW

Woman Arrested in Connection With Death of Husband.

Helena, Mont., dispatch: A sensation was created at Glasgow by the arrest of Mrs. John Mottner, widow of the late John Mottner, a prominent sheep man, on a charge of being implicated in the death of her husband. Mottner, it is charged, was killed by an employe named Dye, who asserted that Mottner killed himself. He was released from custody, but later rearrested when new evidence of murder was discovered.

STOCK DEALER IS BANKRUPT

A. C. White of Columbus, Ind., Has No Assets and Owes $28,624.34.

Vernon, Ind., dispatch: Albert C. White of Columbus, Ind., a farmer and stock dealer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. His liabilities are $28,624.34, with no assets. The following are some of the heaviest creditors: Commercial bank of Paris, Tenn., $10,504.27; Joseph I. Irwin of Columbus, Ind., $5,220.25; Fall City bank, Louisville, Ky., $5,930.46.

Yarmouth Expects an Heir.

Cresson, Pa., special: The countess of Yarmouth, who has been here since Aug. 27 last, is expecting to be joined by the earl of Yarmouth within two weeks. The stork is said to be expected on a visit early in October.

Steal $1,000 Worth of Pens.

Janesville, Wis., dispatch: The plant of the Parker Pen company was looted by thieves, and a thousand dollars' worth of pens and a large sum of money were obtained.

Ask Receiver for Traction Company.

Lexington, Ky., dispatch: A motion was entered here for a receiver for the Blue Grass Consolidation Traction company, capitalized at $7,000,000 and managed by Senator George B. Davis of Detroit.

Evangelist's Sister Is Divorced.

Ashtabula, Ohio, dispatch: Ira L. Sherman was granted a divorce from Ida Bell Sherman, a sister of Evangelist Sam Small, on grounds of drunkenness.

FEW LIGHTNING ROD AGENTS.

They Have Almost Entirely Disappeared—The Cause.

"What has become of the lightning rod and the interesting fellow who peddled these things in the old days?" asked a writer in the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "I guess he has disappeared, too. Time was when the rural sections of the country were filled with lightning-rod agents. In some of the states, notably in Tennessee, a good revenue was derived from the privilege tax imposed on lightning-rod agents. But in 1895, now about ten years ago, the report of revenue collected in that state showed that only one agent was doing business there, and he was roaming around in the mountains of east Tennessee. Of course, the alert revenue collectors and agents may have overlooked some of the fellows engaged in this business, but the chances are that not many were missed. By this time I suppose there is not one in the state. He has probably disappeared altogether.

"Why should the lightning rod drop out of the list of things useful? Insurance I suppose has had something to do with it. Insurance, somehow, has made human kind more reckless than ever before, and I doubt not that we are all more or less unconsciously indifferent to dangers we would have shunned before the growth and development of this now indispensable institution. Back in an earlier time you could find but few houses without a rod running up from the roof at one or both ends to catch the lightning and conduct it to the ground. But it is not so now. The lightning rod has disappeared, and the agent, too, has gone."

One on the Humorist.

"I called on a charming young widow not long ago," said Simeon Ford, "and was confronted by a strong odor of disinfectants.

"'What is it?' I asked. 'Smallpox or diphtheria?'

"'Neither,' she answered lightly. Then: 'I take the precaution to disinfect every little while,' she explained, 'for fear I might catch another husband.'"

"Cut It Down to a Stick."

Congressman Stephenson told this one:

Willie Stinson, while editor of a paper at Ashland, Wis., fell in love with the pretty stepdaughter of the publisher. The old man tried in vain to get rid of Stinson, and finally discharged him. Stinson went to Milwaukee and worked there for about three months. The young woman explained to all friends that the engagement was dissolved.

Finally Stinson went back to Ashland by a country road on horseback. He drove to the Congregational church, where the pretty stepdaughter of the publisher met him. She was surrounded by numerous girl friends. Stinson had been recognized by several people as he rode to the church, and he was in a hurry to have the ceremony performed.

"Do you want the complete service?" inquired the minister.

"Cut it down to a stick," replied Stinson in printers' English. The preacher was amazed, but he understood, and soon the knot was tied.—New York Tribune.

Story of Harvest Birds.

The stranger in the hotel lobby wore a gray slouch hat and a gray mustache and chintuft a la Buffalo Bill.

"I am a western almond farmer," he said. "I grow almonds, son, the same as your folks grow potatoes and corn. The yellowhammers bothered me last harvest time. They came by thousands to my almond orchard and, carrying off my nuts in their beaks, they stored them in the hollow limb of an oak. That wouldn't do, you know.

"I studied a bit, and then I cut off the hollow oak bough and substituted for it a long wooden funnel, made to look as much like the bough as possible. Beneath this funnel I put a basket. Then, chucklin' to myself, I returned to the office.

"Well, my scheme buncoed the yellowhammers. It buncoed them. The poor birds couldn't tell the funnel from the bough. Every day, thinking they were laying up a fine store of nuts, they dropped almond after almond into the funnel. Every night I collected a big basketful of nuts that had been harvested for me by the birds."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Indian Without a Country.

George Foster, one of the patriarchs of the Cussehto town, appeared before the Dawes commission recently as a witness in an enrollment case. Foster is a sure enough full-blooded Indian, but he is a man without a country.

He was once enrolled as a Seminole, but in an evil moment he elected to establish his citizenship in the Creek nation as a member of the Cussehta town. His name was stricken from the Seminole roll and the roll was closed forever, in accordance with treaty provision.

Meantime he neglected to have his name placed on the final roll of the Cussehta town, and so was shut out of both nations. He has made repeated efforts to establish his rights in the Creek nation, but without success. Nothing but a special act of congress can restore him his lost citizenship.—Kansas City Journal.

NOTICE OF GENERAL ELECTION.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
Department of State. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that at a general election, to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of the State of Wisconsin, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being

THE 8TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1904,

the following officers are to be elected, to-wit:

THIRTEEN ELECTORS of President and Vice-President of the United States.

A GOVERNOR, in place of Robert M. La Follette, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR in place of James O. Davidson, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A SECRETARY OF STATE, in place of Walter L. Houser, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A STATE TREASURER, in place of John J. Kempf, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

AN ATTORNEY GENERAL, in place of Lafayette M. Sturdevant, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A RAILROAD COMMISSIONER, in place of John W. Thomas, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A COMMISSIONER OF INSURANCE, in place of Zeno M. Host, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A Member of Congress to succeed Webster E. Brown, whose term of office expires on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1905.

A Member of Assembly to succeed Frank A. Cady, whose term of office expires on the first Monday in January, A. D. 1905.

In accordance with section 1 of article XII, of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin the following joint resolution adopted by the legislature of the state of Wisconsin at the regular session of 1903, is made a part of the foregoing notice, to-wit:

[No. 28, A.]

JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 11.

Providing for an amendment to section 1, Article VIII, of the constitution, relating to taxation.

Resolved by the Assembly, the Senate concurring, that section 1 of article VIII of the constitution of the state of Wisconsin be amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "The legislature may provide for a graduated income tax," so that when so amended said section shall read as follows: "Section 1. The rule of taxation shall be uniform, and taxes shall be levied upon such property as the legislature shall prescribe. The legislature may provide for a graduated income tax."

In accordance with section 26, of chapter 451, of the laws of 1903, the following act known as chapter 451, laws of 1903, is made a part of the foregoing notice, to-wit:

No. 97, A.] [Published June 3, 1903.

CHAPTER 451.

AN ACT to provide for party nominations by direct vote.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

DEFINITION AND CONSTRUCTION.—Section 1.—The words and phrases in this act shall, unless the same be inconsistent with the context be construed as follows:

1. The word "primary," the primary election provided for by this act.

2. The words "September primary," the primary election held in September to nominate candidates to be voted for at the ensuing general election;

3. The word "election," a general or city election, as distinguished from a primary election;

4. The words "November election," the general election held in November;

5. The word "precinct," a district established by law within which all qualified electors vote at one polling place.

This statute shall be liberally construed, so that the real will of the electors may not be defeated by any informality or failure to comply with all provisions of law in respect to either the giving of any notice or the conducting of the primary or certifying the results thereof.

CANDIDATES, HOW NOMINATED.—Section 2.—Hereafter, all candidates for elective offices shall be nominated:

1. By a primary held in accordance with this act, or

2. By nomination papers, signed and filed as provided by existing statutes.

3. Party candidates for the office of United States senator shall be nominated in the manner provided herein for the nomination of candidates for state offices.

This act shall not apply to special elections to fill vacancies nor to the office of state superintendent, to town, village, and school district officers nor to judicial officers excepting police justices and justices of the peace in cities.

PRIMARIES, WHEN AND WHERE HELD.—Section 3.—1. The September primary shall be held at the regular polling places in each precinct on the first Tuesday of September, 1906, and biennially thereafter for the nomination of all candidates to be voted for at the next November election.

2. Any primary other than the September primary shall be held two weeks before the election for which such primary is held.

NOTICE OF PRIMARIES, HOW GIVEN.—Section 4. 1. At least sixty days before the time of holding such September primary, the secretary of state shall prepare and transmit to each county, town, city and village clerk, a notice in writing designating the offices for which candidates are to be nominated, at such primary.

2. Upon receipt of such notice, such county clerk, shall, not less than ten days thereafter, publish so much thereof as may be applicable to his county, once in each week for six consecutive weeks in at least two, and not to exceed four, newspapers of general circulation published in said county.

3. Each town, village, and city clerk shall within ten days after the receipt of such notice cause notice of such primary to be posted in three public places in each precinct in his town, city, or village; such notice shall state the time when, and place where, the primary will be held in each precinct therein, together with the offices for which candidates are to be nominated.

4. In case of city elections, the city clerk shall cause one publication of such notice to be given, and shall also post such notice in three public places in each election precinct therein, such publication and posting to be not more than twenty and not less than ten days before such primary election.

5. Each county clerk shall, on the first Tuesday of June, 1906, and biennially thereafter, transmit to the secretary of state the name and post-office address of each town, city and village clerk in his county.

NOMINATION PAPERS, HOW PREPARED AND SIGNED.—Section 5. 1. The name of no candidate shall be printed upon an official ballot used at any primary unless at least thirty days prior to such primary a nomination paper shall have been filed in his behalf as provided in this act in substantially the following form:

I, the undersigned, a qualified elector of (the........precinct of the town of................) or (the........precinct of the........ward of the city of ....), county of............and state of Wisconsin, and a member of the ....party, hereby nominate ...., who resides (at No........ on.............. street, city of........) or (in the town of........), in the county of........as a candidate for the office of (here specify the office)............ to be voted for at the primary to be held on the first Tuesday of September, 19.., as representing the principles of said party, and I further declare that I intend to support the candidate named herein.

Name of Signer.	In Cities. Street.	In Cities. No.	Date of Signing.

2. All nomination papers shall have substantially the above form written or printed at the top thereof. No signatures shall be counted unless they be upon sheets each having such form written or printed at the top thereof.

3. Each signer of a nomination paper shall sign but one such paper for the same office, and shall declare that he intends to support the candidate named therein, he shall add his residence with the street and number, if any, and the date of signing.

4. For all nominations, except state officers, all signers of each separate nomination paper shall reside in the same precinct. For state officers, all signers on each separate nomination paper shall reside in the same county. The affidavit of a qualified elector shall be appended to each such nomination paper, stating that he is personally acquainted with all persons who have signed the same, and that he knows them to be electors of that precinct or county, as the nomination papers shall require; that he knows that they signed the same with full knowledge of the contents thereof and that their respective residences are stated therein and that each signer signed the same on the date stated, opposite his name, and that he, the affiant, intends to support the candidate named therein. Such affidavit shall not be made by the candidate, but each candidate shall file with his nomination paper, or papers, a declaration that he will qualify as such officer if nominated and elected.

5. Such nomination papers shall be signed,—

(a) If for a state office by at least one per cent. of the voters of the party of such candidate in at least each of six counties in the state, and in the aggregate not less than one per cent. of the total vote of his party in the state.

(b) If for a representative in Congress, by at least two per cent. of the voters of his party in a least one-tenth of the election precincts in each of at least one-half of the counties of the congressional district, and in the aggregate not less than two per cent. of the total vote of his party in such district.

(c) If for an office representing less than a congressional district in area, or a county office, by at least three per cent. of the party vote in at least one-sixth of the election precincts of such district and in the aggregate not less than three per cent. of the total vote of his party in such district.

The basis of percentage in each case shall be the vote of the party for the presidential elector receiving the largest vote at the last preceding presidential election.

But any political organization which at the last preceding general election was represented on the official ballot by either regular party candidates or by individual nominees only, may, upon complying with the provisions of this act, have a separate primary election ticket as a political party. If any of its candidates or individual nominees received one per cent. of the total vote cast at the last preceding general election in the state, or subdivision thereof, in which the candidate seeks the nomination.

Nomination papers may also be filed for non-partisan candidates; such papers shall contain at least two per cent of the total vote cast at the last preceding general election in the state, or subdivision thereof, in which the person is a candidate, such signers to be distributed in each case as required by the provisions of this act.

NOMINATION PAPERS, WHERE FILED.—Section 6. All nomination papers shall be filed as follows:

1. For state officers, United States senator, representatives in congress, and those members of senate and assembly whose districts comprise more than one county, in the office of the secretary of state.

2. For officers to be voted for wholly within one county, in the office of the county clerk of such county.

3. For city officers, in the office of the city clerk.

PUBLICATION OF NAMES OF CANDIDATES.—Section 7. At least twenty-five days before any primary preceding a general election, the secretary of state shall transmit to each county clerk a certified list containing the name and post office address of each person for whom nomination papers have been filed in his office, and entitled to be voted for at such primary, together with a designation of the office for which he is a candidate, and the party or principle he represents.

Such clerk shall forthwith upon receipt thereof publish under the proper party designation, the title of each office, the names and addresses of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed, giving the name and address of each, the date of the primary, the hours during which the polls will be opened, and that the primary will be held at the regular polling places in each precinct.

It shall be the duty of the county clerk to publish such notice for three consecutive weeks prior to said primary.

Such clerk shall also forthwith mail copies of such notice to each town, village and city clerk of his county, who shall immediately post copies of the same in at least three public places in each precinct in his town, village or city, designating therein the location of the polling booth in each election precinct.

PUBLICATION OF NOTICES.—Section 8. Every publication required in this act shall be made in at least two, and not to exceed four newspapers of general circulation in such county or city, one of such newspapers shall represent the political party that cast the largest vote in such county or city at the preceding general election, and one of such newspapers shall represent the political party that cast the next largest vote in such county or city at the preceding general election.

In any case where the publication of a notice can not be made as hereinbefore required, it may be made in any newspaper having a general circulation in the county or city in which the notice is required to be published.

OFFICIAL BALLOTS.—Section 9. An official ballot shall be printed and provided for use at each voting precinct in the form provided herein and annexed hereto. The names of all candidates for the respective offices, for whom the nomination papers prescribed shall have been duly filed, shall be printed thereon.

On the reverse of the ballot the following endorsement is required:

OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT.

.... Precinct, ...Ward

City of..........................

March.............., 190....

....

....

Ballot Clerks.

I certify that the within ballot was marked by me for an elector incapable under the law of marking his own ballot and as directed by him.

....

Inspector of Election.

I certify that the within ballot was marked by me for a blind elector, at his request, and as directed by him.

....

PREPARATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF BALLOTS.—Section 10. 1. At least twenty days before the September primary each county clerk shall prepare sample official ballots, placing thereon, alphabetically, under the appropriate title of each office and party designation, the names of all candidates to be voted for in the precinct of his county, for whom nomination papers have been filed. Such sample ballot shall be printed upon tinted or colored paper and shall contain no blank endorsement or certificate.

2. Such clerk shall forthwith submit the ticket of each party to the county chairman thereof and mail a copy to each candidate for whom nomination papers have been filed with him as required by this act, to his post office address, as given in such nomination paper, and he shall post a copy of each sample ballot in a conspicuous place in his office.

3. On the tenth day before such primary the county clerk shall correct any errors or omissions in the ballot, cause the same to be printed and distributed as required by law in the case of ballots for the general election, except that the number of ballots to be furnished to each precinct shall be twice the number of votes cast thereat in the last preceding general election.

EXPENSES OF PRIMARY, HOW PAID.—Section 11. All ballots, blanks, and other supplies to be used at any primary, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or conducting such primary, shall be paid out of the treasury of the city, county, or state, as the case may be, in the same manner, with like effect, and by the same officers as in the case of elections.

CONDUCT OF PRIMARIES—MANNER OF VOTING.—Section 12. 1. The provisions of chapter 5, statutes of 1898, shall be applicable to the conduct of primaries where not otherwise provided. Section 47, statutes of 1898, is hereby amended so that all election officers shall be chosen or appointed in the manner therein provided, except that such choice shall be made in the month of August instead of September, as therein now provided.

2. The polls at primaries shall be open:

(a) In cities from six o'clock in the morning until nine o'clock in the evening.

(b) In all other precincts from eight o'clock in the morning until eight o'clock in the evening.

3. At all primaries there shall be an Australian ballot made up of the several party tickets herein provided for, all of which shall be securely fastened together at the top and folded, provided that there shall be as many separate tickets as there are parties entitled to participate in said primary election. There shall also be attached a non-partisan ticket upon which, under the appropriate title of each office shall be printed the names of all persons for whom nomination papers shall have been filed, as required by this act, who are not designated on such nomination papers as candidates of any political party, as defined by this act. The names of all candidates shall be arranged alphabetically according to surnames under the appropriate title of the respective offices and under the proper party designation upon the party ticket or upon the non-partisan ticket as the case may be. If any elector write upon his ticket the name of any person who is a candidate for the same office upon some other ticket than that upon which his name is so written, this ballot shall be counted for such person only as a candidate of the party upon whose ticket his name is written, and shall in no case be counted for such person as a candidate upon any other ticket. In case the person is nominated upon more than one ticket, he shall forthwith file with the proper officer, or officers, in charge of the preparation of the ballots, a written declaration indicating the party designation under which his name is to be printed on the official ballot. The ballots with the endorsements shall be in substantially the form heretofore annexed, provided that ballots for any city primary may be varied as to the title of the offices to be printed thereon, so as to conform to the law under which each such primary is held. The provisions of section 51, statutes of 1898, so far as applicable shall govern the preparation of the ballot. After preparing his ballot, the elector shall detach the same from the remaining tickets and fold it so that its face will be concealed and the printed endorsements and signatures or initials thereon seen. The remaining tickets attached together shall be folded in like manner by the elector who shall thereupon, without leaving the polling place vote the marked ballot forthwith, and deposit the remaining tickets in the separate ballot box to be marked and designated as the blank ballot box. Immediately after the canvass, the inspectors shall, without examination, destroy the tickets deposited in the blank ballot box.

VACANCIES, HOW FILLED.—Section 13. Vacancies occurring after the holding of any primary shall be filled by the party committee of the city, district, county or state as the case may be.

VOTING AND REGISTRATION AT PRIMARIES.—Section 14. 1. No person shall be entitled to vote at any primary unless a qualified elector of the precinct and duly registered therein, if registration thereat be required by law.

2. Every primary election day and the Monday next preceding it, shall be registration days, where registration is required, on which the inspectors shall exercise the powers prescribed by sections 25 and 26, statutes of 1898; but no person shall be registered on or after the day of holding the primary without personally appearing before the inspectors.

3. The inspectors shall register any person who shall on any registration day file an oath or affirmation to the effect that he is a qualified elector in such precinct, or when they personally know him to be such.

4. Any person registered on either of said days as prescribed herein, shall be entitled to vote at the succeeding election without other registration.

5. There shall be no other registration day or days for either a primary, a general or city election, except that prescribed by section 27, of the statutes of 1898.

6. No voter shall be required to register under the provisions of this act were registration is not now required by law.

7. The inspectors shall be in session for the purpose of registration from nine o'clock in the morning until eight o'clock in the evening, except that on the day of holding the primary they shall be in session from six o'clock in the morning until nine o'clock in the evening. No inspector or clerk shall be paid to exceed three dollars as compensation for services on any registration, primary, general or city election day.

CHALLENGES.—Section 15. The party committee of each precinct may appoint in writing over their signatures, two party agents or representatives, with an alternate for each, who shall act as challengers for their respective parties, and have the powers prescribed by section 46, statutes of 1898. The right of any person to vote at a primary may be challenged upon the same ground and his right to vote be determined in the same manner as at an election. The chairman of each party committee of any precinct may represent his party at the polling booth during the canvass and return of the vote at a primary or he may appoint an agent or designate a member of his committee for that purpose.

CANVASS OF VOTES.—Section 16.—Canvass of votes cast shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be made in the same manner and by the same officers as the canvass of an election. The party chairman of the precinct in a precinct canvass, of the county in a county canvass, of the state in a state canvass, or some duly appointed agent to represent each party shall be allowed to be present and observe the proceedings.

1. The precinct inspectors of election shall, on separate sheets, on blanks to be provided for that purpose, make full and accurate returns of the votes cast for each candidate, and shall within twenty-four hours cause to be delivered one copy of such returns as to each political party, to the county chairman of that party and also cause such returns to be delivered to the county clerk, if a September primary, or to the chairman of the city committee and city clerk if a city primary, provided always that such returns shall be sent by registered mail where practicable.

2. The county canvass of the returns of the September primary shall be made by the same officers and in the manner provided in chapter 5, statutes of 1898, for the canvass of the returns of a November election. The canvassers shall meet and canvass such returns at ten o'clock on the Friday following the September primary. Their returns shall contain the whole number of votes cast for each candidate of each political party, and a duplicate as to each political party shall be delivered to the county chairman of such party.

3. The canvassers shall also make an additional duplicate return in the same form as provided in subdivision 2, showing the votes cast for each candidate not voted for wholly within the limits of the county. The county clerk shall forthwith send to the secretary of state by registered mail one complete copy of all returns as to such candidates, and he shall likewise send to the chairman of the state central committee of each party a duplicate copy of the returns last described relating to such candidates of each such party.

Section 17. The board of canvassers provided for by section 93, statutes of 1898, to canvass returns of a November election, shall constitute the state board of canvassers of September primaries, and all the provisions of section 94 and 94b inclusive of said statutes relating to the canvass of the return of a November election, shall, as far as applicable, apply to the canvass, return, and certification to the secretary of state, of such primary. Such board shall meet at the office of the secretary of state at ten o'clock a. m. on the third Tuesday of September next after the September primary.

PARTY CANDIDATES.—Section 18. 1. The person receiving the greatest number of votes at a primary as the candidate of a party for an office, shall be the candidate of that party for such office, and his name as such candidate shall be placed on the official ballot at the following election.

2. As soon as a state canvass of a primary shall be certified to him, the secretary of state shall publish in the official state paper a certified statement of the result of such primary as to candidates for state officers, United States senators, and representatives in congress and any other candidate whose district extends beyond the limits of a single county, and shall mail to the chairman of the state central committee of each party so much of such certificate as relates to his party.

SECRETARY OF STATE TO CERTIFY TO COUNTY CLERKS.—Section 19. 1. Not less than fourteen days before any November election the secretary of state shall certify to the county clerk of each county within which any of the electors may vote for the candidates for such offices, the name and description of each person nominated for any such office as specified in the nomination papers.

Section 20. The canvass of the returns of a city primary shall be made by the mayor, the city clerk, and the treasurer of such city, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum. Such board of canvassers shall meet at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the day following the city primary and canvass the vote substantially as provided by sections 52 and 82, statutes of 1898. They shall make and certify duplicate returns as to the votes cast for the candidates and forthwith certify and file one complete return with the city clerk and deliver so much of the other as relates to each party to the respective city chairman.

PARTY COMMITTEES.—Section 21. 1. At the September primary each voter may write in the space left on his ticket for that purpose the names of not to exceed three qualified electors of the precinct for members of his party precinct committee. The three having the highest number of votes shall constitute such committee, and the one having the largest vote shall be chairman. The official return made by the inspectors shall show the names and addresses of each party committeeman chosen.

2. The party committee of each city and county and of each assembly district shall consist of the party chairman of each precinct in such city, county or district; the state senatorial district committee of the chairman of the assembly district committees in such senatorial district; the congressional committees of the party chairman of the senatorial district committees, wholly or partially within such congressional district; the state central committee as hereinafter provided. Each such committee shall choose its officers by ballot excepting as herein provided.

3. Each committee and its officers shall have the powers usually exercised by such committees, and by the officers thereof, in so far as is consistent with this act. The various officers and committees now in existence shall exercise the powers and perform the duties herein prescribed until their successors are chosen in accordance with this act. At all meetings of said city, county and assembly district committees, each precinct chairman shall have one vote for every fifty votes, or major fraction thereof cast by his party in his precinct at the last general election, each such chairman to have at least one vote, the vote at such general election to be determined as provided in section 5 of this act. The duties of the party precinct chairman, when he shall be unable to perform the same, shall be performed by a member of his party precinct committee designated by him. The duties of the chairman or secretary of any other committee may be performed by members of such committee, selected by such chairman or secretary. Any vacancy in any committee office shall be filled in the same manner as that in which such officer was originally chosen, except that in the case of a vacancy in the chairmanship of a precinct committee, the committee shall elect one of its members to fill such vacancy.

PARTY PLATFORM.—Section 22. The candidates for the various state offices, and for senate and assembly nominated by each political party at such primary, shall meet at the capitol at twelve o'clock noon on the fourth Tuesday of September after the date on which any primary is held preliminary to any general election. They shall forthwith formulate the state platform of their party. They shall thereupon proceed to elect a state central committee of at least two members from each congressional district and a chairman of such committee, and perform such other business as may properly be brought before such meeting. The platform of each party shall be framed at such time that it shall be made public, not later than six o'clock in the afternoon of the following day.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.—Section 23. 1. In case of a tie vote, the tie shall forthwith be determined by lot by the canvassers.

2. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state and attorney general, on or before July 1st, 1905, to prepare all forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, which forms shall be substantially followed in all primaries held in pursuance hereof. Such forms shall be printed with copies of this act for public use and distribution. Every day on which a September primary shall be held shall be a legal holiday.

THE PENAL PROVISION.—Section 24. 1. Any person who shall offer, or with knowledge of the same, permit any person to offer for his benefit any bribe to a voter to induce him to sign any election paper to any person who shall except any such bribe or promise of gain of any kind in the nature of a bribe as consideration for signing the same, whether such bribe or promise of gain in the nature of a bribe be offered or accepted before or after such signing, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon trial and conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail of not less than ten days nor more than six months, or by both fine and imprisonment.

2. Any act declared an offense by the general laws of this state concerning caucuses and elections shall also, in like case, be an offense in all primaries, and shall be punished in the same form and manner as therein provided, and all the penalties and provisions of the law as to such caucuses and elections except as herein otherwise provided, shall apply in such case with equal force and to the same extent as though fully set forth in this act.

3. Any person who shall forge any name of a signer or witness to a nomination paper shall be deemed guilty of forgery, and on conviction punished accordingly. Any person who, being in possession of nomination papers entitled to be filed under this act, or any act of the legislature, shall wrongfully either suppress, neglect, or fail to cause the same to be filed at the proper time in the proper office shall on conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed six months, or by a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

GENERAL ELECTION LAWS TO APPLY.—Section 25. The provisions of the statutes now in force in relation to the holding of elections, the solicitation of voters at the polls, the challenging of voters, the manner of conducting elections, of counting the ballots and making return thereof, and all other kindred subjects, shall apply to all primaries in so far as they are consistent with this act, the intent of this act being to place the primary under the regulation and protection of the laws now in force as to elections.

SUBMISSION OF ACT TO VOTE OF PEOPLE; WHEN TO TAKE EFFECT IF APPROVED.—Section 26. The question whether the foregoing provisions of this act shall take effect and be in force shall be submitted to the people of this state, in the manner provided by law for the submission of an amendment to the constitution, at the next general election to be held in November, 1904.

If approved by a majority of the votes cast upon that question, it shall go into effect and be in force from and after such ratification by the people; otherwise it shall not take effect or be in force. Upon the ballot shall be printed "Shall Chapter..............(insert on the ballot the number of chapter) of the laws of 1903, entitled 'An act to provide for party nominations by direct vote' be adopted?"

Section 27. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with or in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Section 28. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication subject to all provisions herein contained for its submission to the people for their ratification or rejection.

Approved May 23d, 1903.

Given under my hand and official seal at the Capitol in the City of Madison, this 31st day of August, A. D., 1904.

[Seal] W. L. HOUSER, Secretary of State.

To the County Clerk of Wood County, Wisconsin:

Notice is hereby given that at a general election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of Wood county, Wisconsin, on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being the 8th day of November, A. D. 1904, the following officers are to be elected, to-wit:

A Sheriff in the place of John J. Ebbe, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A County Clerk in the place of Edward S. Renne, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A County Treasurer in the place of Jacob Searls, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A Register of Deeds in the place of Everett A. Upham, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A District Attorney in the place of Theodore W. Brazeau, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A Clerk of the Circuit Court in place of Albert R. Bever, appointed to fill vacancy, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A Coroner in the place of Jacob Lusk, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

A County Surveyor in the place of G. W. Severns, appointed to fill vacancy, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1905.

Resolution of the county board for or against building a soldiers' monument at a cost not to exceed [illegible].

Given under my hand and official seal at the court house in [illegible] Grand Rapids, this 5th day of [illegible], A. D. 1904.

E. S. RENNE, [illegible] Clerk.

Official Primary Ballot.

GENERAL ELECTION.

....PARTY.

(Designation of Party.)

To vote for a person whose name is printed on the ballot, mark a cross (X) in the square at the **RIGHT** *of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote. To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write or paste his name in blank space provided for that purpose.*

STATE.

Office / Candidate	Vote
Governor — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Lieutenant Governor — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Secretary of State — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
State Treasurer — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Attorney General — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Railroad Commissioner — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Commissioner of Insurance — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
CONGRESSIONAL.	
United States Senator — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Representative in Congress......District — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
LEGISLATIVE.	
State Senator......District — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Member Assembly....District — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	

COUNTY.

Office / Candidate	Vote
County Clerk — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Treasurer — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Sheriff — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Coroner — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Clerk of the Circuit Court — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
District Attorney — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Register of Deeds — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Surveyor — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Superintendent of Schools — Vote for One	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
JOHN DOE........................	
Party Committeemen — Vote for Three	

A Spider's Appetite.

The spider has a tremendous appetite, and his gormandizing defies all human competition. A scientist, who carefully noted a spider's consumption of food in twenty-four hours, concluded that if the spider were built proportionately to the human scale he would eat at daybreak, approximately, a small alligator, by 7 a. m. a lamb, by 9 a. m. a calf, and by one o'clock a sheep, and would finish up with a lark pie in which there were 120 birds.

Savages First to Use Mortar.

Mortar was made by the people of Tahiti when our ancestors were shivering in holes in the rocks. They dived into the sea, brought up great lumps of coral, burned them in pits, using wood as fuel, and mixed the lime they got in this fashion with sharp sand and water. With this mixture the ingenious savage plastered the walls and floor of his house, and a better mortar could not be obtained.

A Contented Husband.

No, my wife's not educated, and when she tries to talk upon the topics of the day, you're apt to get a shock. She isn't up in music, and she never went to dances, yet when old enough to marry, she had a dozen chances. No, she isn't very handsome, but then she takes the cake when it comes to making biscuit like mother used to make.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Sage Fixes Wedding Date.

No Korean couple would think of marrying without consulting the sage, who fixes the happy day for them. This he does simply by adding the bride's age to the bridegroom's and after determining which star rules the destiny of their united ages, he decrees that the wedding shall take place upon the day sacred to that star.

The Devil Grows Clumsy.

A Malden woman whose sprained knee was made well by faith alone, two days after she fell from her bicycle, explains the accident: "Satan had a special spite against my bicycle, because it was dedicated to God before I ever mounted it." Yet the bicycle did not suffer. The devil is growing clumsy.—Boston Advertiser.

Disinfect Railway Carriages.

On the Bavarian state railways the passenger carriages are regularly disinfected with formaldehyde. The method adopted is to close the windows and doors tightly, and on the floor of the car is placed a pan which contains metal weights heated to a dull red color. A 20 per cent solution of formaldehyde is then poured into the pan. After having been left for about seven hours the carriage is then thoroughly ventilated.

Kiss Once a Religious Observance.

The kiss has been common among English-speaking people for uncounted centuries. It was known even to those mystical, half-forgotten persons, the Druids, who appear to have made it in some way a very important part of their religious observances. The Christian kiss under the mistletoe comes down from them, and is thought to have had in years long past a sacred significance.

Persian Remedy for Extortion.

They have curious methods in Persia of insuring law and order. A failure of the crops had resulted in a dear loaf, which much enraged the populace. In order to quell the tumult, the Shah ordered a number of bakers to receive several hundred strokes with a rod, besides a few minor little attentions, such as the amputation of an ear or two.

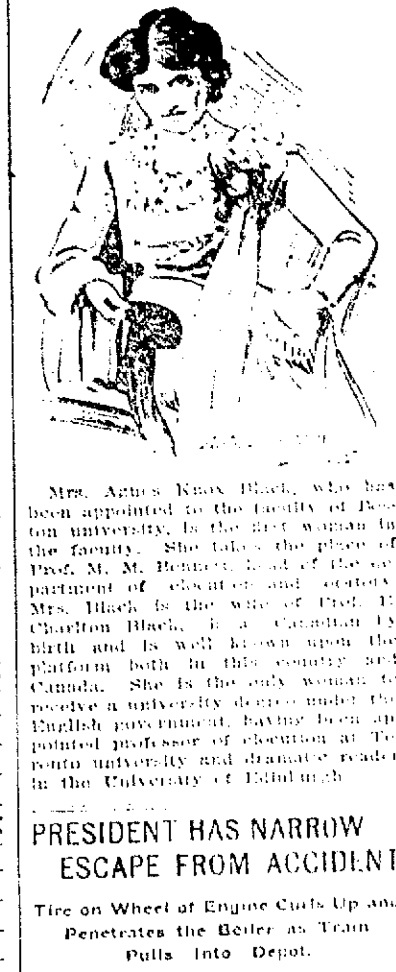
Bank Sets Style for Clerks.

A bank clerk writes to the London Chronicle stating that he is afraid the irritation caused by his high collar will produce a cancer under his chin. But he does not know what to do, "for," he says, "I dare not assuage my anxiety by resorting to the low or turned-down variety, for I am sure I should be immediately dismissed from my bank."

Game Ought to Be Popular.

A new game has just been invented in north Georgia. It takes a young man, a girl and an apple. The young man tosses the apple up in the air. If it comes down, he kisses the girl. If it stays up, he doesn't. After the apple wears out new apples may be substituted. There is no time limit to the game.—Atlanta Journal.

FIRST WOMAN IN FACULTY.



Mrs. Agnes Knox Black, who has been appointed to the faculty of Boston university, is the first woman in the faculty. She takes the place of Prof. M. M. Bennett, head of the department of elocution and oratory. Mrs. Black is the wife of Prof. E. Charlton Black. She is a Canadian by birth and is well known upon the platform both in this country and Canada. She is the only woman to receive a university degree under the English government, having been appointed professor of elocution at Toronto university and dramatic reader in the University of Edinburgh.

PRESIDENT HAS NARROW ESCAPE FROM ACCIDENT

Tire on Wheel of Engine Curls Up and Penetrates the Boiler as Train Pulls Into Depot.

Washington dispatch: The engine of the special train on which the president and his family were returning to Washington from Oyster Bay met with an accident at Baltimore which probably would have resulted in a terrible disaster but for the fact that it occurred during the few moments of the entire trip when the train was not running rapidly.

Just as the train was entering the tunnel, and gathering speed after slowing up at the Charles street station, the tire flew off the rear driving wheel of the engine on the fireman's side.

The heavy steel ring, four inches wide and two inches thick, curled up under the engine and one end of it was driven into the boiler. The hiss and rush of escaping steam told the engineer, Joe Weatherby, that something was wrong, and he instantly applied the brakes.

The train was not running more than three miles an hour, and it came to a stop within a car length.

The steam escaped from the torn boiler so rapidly that the engine was "dead" in a few minutes, and it was pulled away and a fresh engine substituted, causing a delay of forty-five minutes.

SEX BARRIER IN ODD FELLOWS

Sovereign Lodge Defeats Amendment to give Rebekahs Representation.

San Francisco dispatch: Amendments proposing that the barrier of sex be removed so that the Rebekahs might become representative to the grand lodge and that the color line be extended so as to permit the admission of men who were partly of Indian descent were defeated at the annual session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows. The grand lodge has reconsidered its action designating Washington as the meeting place next year. By a unanimous vote Philadelphia has been selected.

WILLS BRAIN TO UNIVERSITY

Dead Doctor Believed Disease Could Be Traced to That Organ.

New York dispatch: Dr. George S. Conant, aged 51 years, who died here of diabetes, is said to have willed his brain to the medical faculty of Cornell university that further investigation may be made of a theory that his disease could be traced to the brain. He suffered for years and consulted many specialists without obtaining any promise or hope of a cure. Dr. Conant then took up the study of diabetes, using himself as a subject for his experiments. After an exhaustive study he came to the conclusion that the trouble had its root in the brain, which he believed to be affected.

FROST RUINS CRANBERRY CROP

Loss in Massachusetts Amounts to Thousands of Dollars.

Sandwich, Mass., dispatch: The heavy frost has ruined a large part of the cranberry crop which remained unharvested in this section of the state. About one-third of the crop had been housed and of that remaining out one-half to two-thirds has been frozen. The loss amounts to thousands of dollars. The frost was the heaviest ever known in this section in September.

Anti-Jewish Disturbances.

London cable: A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that anti-Jewish disturbances took place at Odessa and that it is reported similar disorders have broken out at Kharkoff, but that details regarding them are lacking.

Reduces Steel Men's Wages.

Passaic, N. J., special: Announcement has been made by a steel company employing 1,400 men of a reduction in wages. The electrical crane men, numbering 500, immediately quit.

Change of Venue for Vanderbilt.

Asheville, N. C., dispatch: George W. Vanderbilt declares he cannot get justice here owing to prejudice and local influence, and has obtained an order to remove all suits in which he is interested to another court.

Old Resident Is a Suicide.

Virginia City, Ill., special: George Wilkie, an old Cass county resident, committed suicide by cutting his throat. He leaves a widowed mother and several sisters.

Broken Rail Wrecks Train.

Pueblo, Col., dispatch: Santa Fe passenger train 5 was wrecked at Nepesta. Three sleepers left the track, but only a few persons were slightly injured. A broken rail is said to have caused the wreck.

To Build New Steamers.

Cleveland, Ohio, special: The contracts for two freight steamers, to cost upward of $800,000, have been closed by the American Shipbuilding company.

SIXTY-TWO DIE IN RAIL CRASH

Trains Come Together on Curve, Killing and Injuring Many Passengers.

CREW FAILS TO OBEY ORDERS

Engineer Does Not Take Siding as Instructed, and Wreck Occurs Without Giving Men in Cabs a Chance to Apply Air Brakes.

Knoxville, Tenn., dispatch: Death in terrible form came to scores of persons in an instant Saturday forenoon when two passenger trains on the Southern railway crashed together head-on on a curve west of Hodges Station, eighteen and one-half miles east of this city. Sixty-two persons are dead and one hundred and [illegible] injured are in the hospitals here or at the homes of friends, and many of them may die.

Many even of the [illegible] after being extricated from the debris. An army of rescuers put forth heroic efforts to save those pinioned beneath the masses of twisted iron and splintered wood, driven to frenzy in their work by the shrieks of those unable to help themselves and by the groans of the injured.

Death in Day Coaches.

The story of the fatal wreck as related in this, the worst wreck in the history of railroading in this section, is the old familiar story of slaughter in the day coaches.

"The sleepers did not leave the track," was one of the early bulletins that came from the scene of the wreck. A [illegible] sleeper was attached to one of the trains and four sleepers to the other.

But the lighter coaches, the [illegible] that [illegible] all the roads of the country for the accommodation of local traffic, and in which by far the greater percentage of passengers must find accommodation, were crushed as if they had been so many berry crates. The locomotives and practically the entire equipment of both trains, with the exception of the heavily constructed sleepers, were demolished.

Failure in Orders.

Failure of the crew of the westbound train to carry out orders to meet the eastbound train at Hodges Station is believed to have been the cause of the wreck. According to the reports of the railroad people the westbound train should have taken the siding at Hodges. Each train was running at a speed of about thirty miles an hour.

There was not the slightest warning of approaching disaster, according to passengers who escaped, the trains suddenly coming around the curve with such velocity that neither of the engineers had time even to apply the air brakes before the crash occurred.

MORGAN AND PRIMATE IN CRASH

Special Carrying Financier and Archbishop Hits Engine.

East Brookfield, Mass., special: A New York Central two-car special train, carrying a party that included the archbishop of Canterbury and J. Pierpont Morgan, struck a light engine here Friday. The special was running at sixty miles an hour, but no one, even the crew of the light engine, was hurt. Mr. Morgan was at breakfast and was considerably shaken up, as were the others in the party. Mirrors and other articles were broken by the impact. The special remained on the track and carried the light engine 100 yards. The party was on the way from Bar Harbor to Washington. There was a delay of an hour. Mr. Morgan sent several messages, emphasizing the fact that no one was hurt.

AMERICAN STEAMER IS SEIZED

Dominion Government Alleges Vessel Poached on Fisheries.

Vancouver, B. C., dispatch: The steamer Alert of Bellingham and two large scows, one of them loaded with salmon, and $1,000 worth of nets were seized at Oyster creek, Vancouver Island, by the Ruth, a dominion government fisheries protection steamer. The value of the property seized is about $15,000. The authorities allege that the American boat was poaching on fisheries 125 miles from the American boundary. The seized steamer has been brought to this port.

Honors University Professor.

Berlin cablegram: It is officially announced that Emperor William has conferred on President Harper of Chicago university the order of the Red Eagle of the second class and on Vice President Judson the Crown order of the second class.

Throws Many Out of Work.

Colorado Springs, Colo., dispatch: The Telluride mill at Colorado City, owned by the General Metals company, will be shut down pending liquidation of indebtedness. This will throw 125 men out of employment.

Drops Dead on Casket.

New York dispatch: While gazing at the dead face of a lifelong friend, the coffin lid having been reopened at her request, Mrs. Mary Reeves of Brooklyn fell dead across the casket.

Packers' Property to Be Sold.

Seattle, Wash., special: The property of the Pacific Packing and Navigation company, which is now in the hands of receivers, is to be sold at public auction. It is estimated to be worth from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000.

Admiral Evans to Command.

Washington dispatch: Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans may be assigned to command the North Atlantic station at the retirement of Rear Admiral Barker in 1905.

Dies of Hemorrhage.

Denver, Col., dispatch: Charles F. Martin, secretary of the National Live Stock association, was seized with a hemorrhage of the lungs and expired a few minutes after being removed from a train at Greeley, Col.

Milwaukee May Get Convention.

Buffalo, N. Y., special: Milwaukee is in the lead in the race to secure the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, now in session here.





DR. SECRIST,
The Specialist
New method of treatment in
ALL CHRONIC DISEASES.
Consultation sacredly confidential
Examination and advice Free.
Dr. Secrist will visit Grand Rapids
Tuesday, Sep. 27.

WITTER HOUSE.

No pay unless cured

The doctor's wonderful power of diagnosis, greatest of all gifts, enables him to determine the causes of obscure and chronic ailments and to apply certain remedies which effect certain, speedy and permanent cures.
X-Ray examinations in appropriate cases upon reasonable notice.

Hope for The Afflicted.

Many hundreds of sufferers pronounced by other physicians as hopelessly incurable, have been restored to health by Dr. Secrist.
Letters of endorsement from many prominent clergymen and hundreds of grateful patients are on file in his office.
The doctor has devoted much time and attention in the French hospitals to the study of

All Special Diseases of Men

and has imported many special medicines and appliances necessary to effect certain cures in the worst cases of

Physical Weakness, Varicocele, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Etc.

caused by youthful errors, night losses, general dissipation, improper treatment and neglect.
The doctor will forfeit $500 where a cure is guaranteed and not effected.
Kidney and Bladder diseases treated by new and eminently successful methods.
Catarrh in all its various forms positive, prompt and permanent cures always effected.
Club Feet, cross eyes, and all other deformities treated with special care and unfailing success.
Nervous Diseases, Epilepsy and diseases of the blood and skin always yield to the doctor's modern methods of treatment.
Piles cured permanently without detention from business and without the use of the knife.
Lung Troubles receive careful attention, and are always treated successfully, when not too long neglected.
Delay Is Dangerous.—Those who are chronically ailing should lose no time in consulting a special physician whose reputation for skill is so well and widely known.
Special attention given to

Diseases Peculiar to Women

No unnecessary exposure. No examination. No sacrifice of modesty.
The doctor does not publish his patients' names except with their full consent and approval.
English, French and German spoken
Address:
DR. H. C. SECRIST,
Chicago, - Milwaukee.
Address all mail to the Chicago offices, 4712 Calumet Ave., Chicago.
Established, 1880

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MEAT MARKET!
Fresh, Salt and Smoked
MEATS.
All kinds of Fish, Poultry and Sausages. Cash paid for Hides and Pelts. Prompt delivery of orders, wholesale and retail.
N. REILAND,
TEL. 275. EAST SIDE.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS

Weak Men Made Vigorous



What PEFFER'S NERVIGOR Did!

It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely Guaranteed to Cure Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, either sex, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. Wards off insanity and consumption. Don't let druggist impose a worthless substitute on you because it yields a greater profit. Insist on having PEFFER'S NERVIGOR, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Prepaid, plain wrapper, $1 per box, or 6 for $5, with A Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund Money. Pamphlet free
PEFFER MEDICAL ASS'N, Chicago, Ill.
For Sale at Otto's Drug Store

Hack, Hack, Hack.

A chronic cough can now be instantly relieved by Gloria Lung Balsam, a new preparation of wild cherry, honey, tar, etc. Best for children. Daily Drug & Jewelry Co.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS

NEKOOSA.

The Sunday School entertainment at New Rome Saturday night was well attended, and every one present was well pleased with the program.
Ben Brock, Will Youngchild, Nettie Akey and Lizzie Bova spent last Tuesday evening at Miss Akey's home in Biron.
Miss Kathryne Galligan returned on Tuesday from her visit in New York.
Mrs. Pulgrin is visiting relatives in St. Paul this week.
Mrs. Wm. Hooper is visiting relatives at Bancroft.
Rev. Matt Wing delivered a very able sermon Sunday evening at the First Congregational church, which was enjoyed by all.
Several new pupils were enrolled in school on Monday.
Mrs. Conroyer of Marshfield spent Saturday and Sunday with her daughter Lucy, who is one of the teachers here.
Mrs. Charles Gould and daughter Ernie were shopping at Grand Rapids on Saturday.
Messrs. Mogg and Harris spent Sunday at Stevens Point.
Howard Richmond is now employed as delivery clerk at Mrs. J. Gatholl's.
Mrs. R. M. Burroughs is visiting friends in Green Bay this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Day were Grand Rapids on business Saturday.
Miss Frances Lauch has resigned her position with the Nekoosa Paper Co.
Rev. C. W. Pickney delivered a very interesting sermon at the Saratoga school house Sunday.
Miss Verla Ross spent Sunday at the H. Webb home in Barnum.
Miss Orah Nissen spent Sunday with Louisa Swent.
The Nekoosa school building was struck by lightning Friday night. No great damage was done.
Harvey George of Barnum was seen in Nekoosa on Monday.
Mrs. Charles Herring and Wilber were at Grand Rapids on Saturday.
Mrs. Morse of Strongs Prairie has been visiting her brother, C. V. Hammond, and friends the past week.

RUDOLPH.

Wendell Mersch has nicely recovered from an attack of appendicitis. He had the misfortune to sprain his ankle recently while alighting from a buggy, which necessitates his carrying a crutch while performing his duty of teacher in the schoolroom.
W. M. Slattery is recovering as fast as can be expected. He will be able to be out with the aid of a crutch in two or three weeks.
W. J. Clark is doing an extra lot of grinding in his feed mill at present. Glad to see it, W. J.
J. A. Duncan took a business trip to Chicago and Indiana last week. It is rumored that Mr. Duncan is about to dispose of his farm and move away. We hope it is not so as Mr. Duncan is a handy man and a good neighbor to have here.
Mrs. Andrew Shares returned from her old home last week accompanied by her father and mother. They stayed here three or four days.
Frank Rogers writes back from Manitowoc to his friends here that he is doing a thriving business in his hotel. We are all glad to hear it.
The Vandahovel boys have moved their planing mill here. They intend to do custom work.
The town board meets at the town clerk's office on Oct. 4th.
Miss Hannah Jacobson is teaching a successful term of school in district No. 4.
Mr. Picht, living two miles east of the station has a large quantity of tame hay, also 16 cows, which he wishes to dispose of.
The old and young enjoyed themselves at a social hop at Mr. Phillips place Saturday evening.
Low Whitman buried an infant child three days old last Friday.
Peter Codere's children of Grand Rapids and Port Edwards visited their parents on Sunday.
Nels Justeson's infant son of eight months died on Monday of meningitis.
Miss Orellia Akey of the Tribune force spent part of her vacation with her parents last week.
Don't fail to attend the auction of Jasper Crotteau if you want some good bargains. Over $500 worth of goods to be sold.
Charles Daly purchased over a hundred sheep which he placed on his farm here last week.
Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Donniston of Peru, Ind., are visiting relatives hereabouts for a few weeks.
Abe Allie purchased the Beimler hall last week.
Miss Beatrice Ratelle has accepted a position in the office of the R. Connor Company at Auburndale.
Ray Cooper and Ben Benson are building an addition to Mr. Logan's store.
Hattie Johnson has accepted a position at Fred Logan's.
Paul Mow, who is one of Milwaukee's "finest police," returned after a pleasant visit here with relatives.
A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Casper last week.
Mrs. John Akey was pleasantly surprised at her home last Sunday. It was her 60th birthday and on her return from church she found the house all decorated with maple leaves and in the dining room a large table was set with everything imaginable good to eat. She also received many pretty presents.
O. Crotteau and wife of Grand Rapids were visiting here last week.
The dance of last Friday evening was not very well attended on account of the storm, but those who did attend report a very pleasant time.
Miss Martha Daly of Grand Rapids spent the latter part of last week at the Slattery home and also attended the dance Friday evening.

MILLADORE.

While Mr. and Mrs. Reidle were in their cornfield last Friday afternoon their three year old son, Robert, in some way got hold of a box of matches and set his clothes on fire. His cries attracted the attention of his little six year old sister, who was in the barn. When she got to the house his clothing was a mass of flames. She grabbed up a pail of water and dashed it upon him, putting out the flames and then ran to tell her parents. When they arrived at the house they found that the little fellow was burned so bad that it was impossible for him to live. They secured medical aid but the boy died Saturday morning at 1 o'clock. Funeral services were held Monday morning at the M. E. church.
John Fait arrived home from Kewaunee where he has been running a threshing outfit. In some way John got his hand tangled up with the cylinder and lost one of his fingers.
Misses Alice Bazel and Minnie Streck came home to spend last Sunday from Grand Rapids where they are attending the traning school.
George Hunter and Miss Anna Beronik of this place were married in the Catholic church last Tuesday, Rev. Billik officiating.
Rev. J. Conway of the M. E. church has been returnoil to us for another year. We are all glad to see him back.

A Boy's Wild Ride for Life.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis, coughs, colds and grip prove its matchless merit for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

VESPER.

C. R. Goldsworthy disposed of his building occupied by Chas. Heisor for a saloon to C. W. Wittig of Fond du Lac; consideration, $2,600.
F. W. Merrill is preparing to move to Babcock, where he has accepted a position as teacher in the public schools.
It is understood that Carsten Otto has decided not to be a candidate for the office of county treasurer on the republican ticket. It was Mr. Otto's friends more than himself who would have liked to see his name on the ticket.
C. R. Goldsworthy went up to Butternut Saturday, returning Monday.
Harry Cole, who recently purchased a lot on the west side, is hurriedly completing his residence being built on the property.
Westward the orb of glory takes its way,
Wisconsin is the state, you hear every body say,
It's made itself famous by one great stride;
Rocky Mountain Tea has made its name world wide.
From present appearances we will soon have a rural mail route leaving from this point. The route will extend in a south and southwesterly direction through a good farming country.
Mike Cahill moved his family to Grand Rapids last week. They reside on the west side.
Chris Thompson, sr., will hold an auction on his farm, Tuesday, Oct. 4, at 10 o'clock. He offers a good many things for sale. Mr. Loomins is the auctioneer.
Miss Margaret Lambert of Wausau, Miss Daisy Zeigler of Merrill and Elsie Flora Kimmie of Sigel left for Milwaukee Saturday to visit with friends for a few weeks.

An Editor's Opinion.

Our readers will be interested in the statment by Mr. John Edmonds, editor of the Daily and Weekly Courier, at Lincoln, Ill. He says: "I have long been a sufferer from constitutional constipation and have used Re-Go Tonic Laxative Syrup. I found it an agreeable medicine and just the thing for men engaged in sedentary pursuits. I take pleasure in recommending Re-Go Tonic Laxative Syrup as safe and effective, without any griping or nauseating effects common to similar remedies." 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles sold by Sam Church and John E. Daly druggist.

BLENKER.

Quite a number of people took in the Beronik-Hunter wedding at Milladore Tuesday.
Mrs. Eg. Koller, who is visiting relatives at Nekoosa, is reported to be very ill there.
Mrs. Geo. Davol, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. H. Blenker, returned to her home at Stratford Monday.
Miss Josie Johnson of Edgar opened her school in the Hoffman district Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. P. Krings of Auburndale were callers in town Saturday.
Miss K. Brandl of Milladore attended church here Sunday.
Mrs. P. Tolefson and her coachman of Auburndale were in town Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff of Vesper were the guests of Mr. Garret Saturday and Sunday.
C. Hoopy of Marshfield was a business caller here Saturday.
Miss Lizzie Altman and Barbara Koller left for Rhinelander Monday where they expect to stay for the winter.

Emergency Medicines.

It is a great convenience to have at hand reliable remedies for use in cases of accident and for slight injuries and ailments. A good liniment and one that is fast becoming a favorite if not a household necessity is Chamberlain's Pain Balm. By applying it promptly to a cut or bruise or burn it allays the pain and causes the injury to heal in about one-third the time usually required, and as it is an antiseptic it prevents any danger of blood poisoning. When Pain Balm is kept at hand a sprain may be treated before inflammation sets in, which insures a quick recovery. Otto's Pharmacy.

PORT EDWARDS.

Mrs. Frank Grode of Nekoosa visited at Joe Brudner's last Tuesday.
A party of young people surprised Miss Mary Leverance at her home Saturday evening, in honor of her sixteenth birthday.
Mrs. Phil Ward of Grand Rapids spent a few days the past week with her daughter, Mrs. Emile Garrison.
Charley Whittlesey of your city made a business trip here Saturday afternoon.
Mrs. Dan Whitmore is reported to be seriously ill.
Messrs. and Mesdames Herman Zurfluh, Emmett Aucutt and Chas. Heike, were at Grand Rapids Sunday.
Mrs. Thorsen of Rudolph, spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Chris Peterson.
When troubled with constipation try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and produce no griping or other unpleasant effect. Otto's Pharmacy.
Mr. and Mrs. Levi LeRoux and the Misses Anna and Emma Wendland were visiting at Nekoosa Sunday.
Mrs. Emile Garrison is spending the week at the Rapids.
Sidney Borrows has gone to Rhinelander, where he has accepted a position.
Don't forget the ball at the village hall Friday night, Sept. 30. Good music.

MEEHAN.

Mrs. Walter Parsons of Stevens Point is visiting at the home of her mother-in-law, Mrs. J. Parsons.
Miss Lizzie Pascawis spent a few days at Stevens Point.
Mrs. Durfee and family spent last week with relatives in Linwood.
Warren J. Frost died at the Wanpaca Veterans Home last Sunday. His remains were brought here for interment in the Meehan cemetery beside those of his wife and daughter.
George Lynn of Linwood is visiting at the home of his uncle, Frank Pascawis.
Rev. J. L. Smith spent a few days with his son-in-law, D. W. Parks.
Miss Nellie McGinnily closed a successful term of school here last Friday.
A. E. Pike and wife are up from Adams county. Mr. Pike will put in a few weeks on the old farm here.

SARATOGA.

(Too late for last week.)

Mrs. Tim Smith and two children and sister, Amelia, of Plainfield are visiting at the home of their father, Hans Peterson.
Miss Katie Spohn of Nekoosa visited relatives here last Sunday.
Albert Larson and Sovert Hansen of Grand Rapids spent Sunday at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Lena Hansen.
A team belonging to Hans Peterson took a bad runaway last Monday. The wagon was broken and one of the horses quite badly bruised.
P. Knutson is plastering the new schoolhouse in Dist. No. 6.
Alex Peterson has commenced building a new house.
James Knutson spent Saturday at Nekoosa.
H. P. Rasmussen has commenced building a large new barn.
Miss Laura Knutson spent Monday and Tuesday at the home of her brother here.
Peter Johnson of Chicago spent a few days the fore part of the week at the home of Chas. Lundberg. Mr. Johnson contemplates buying a farm and moving here in the near future.

DEXTERVILLE.

James K. P. Hiles has donated the use of a spacious building for church purposes which is very much appreciated by the residents of this place. Now the parents should take an interest and see that their children attend services and to have them take an interest in the work, it is necessary for the parents and it is certainly worth the parents attention. To teach your child to fear and serve the Lord is certainly every parents duty. Now hope everyone will take an interest and help the good work along and do not be too quick to criticise, everyone ot us is subject to criticism, but do what you can regardless of anyone else's opinion as long as you know it is right.
Mrs. Kahterine Green returned to her home at Providence, R. I., last Thursday after enjoying a two months visit with her parents at this place, Mr. and Mrs. Hiles accompained their daughter on her return trip as far as Chicago.
Bert Wells, principal of our school, Sundied in Pittsville with his parents returning to his duties Monday morning.
Mary—Sponge the pimples with warm water. You need a blood tonic, would advise you to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It drives away all eruptions. 35 cents. Tea or tablet form. Johnson & Hill Co.
Mr. Johnson of Minneapolis was a guest of Mr. Gothke over Sunday.
Fred Mosher was a Grand Rapids visitor Saturday.
Hugh Monogan and wife of Plainfield were guests of his brother, John Monegan, the past week.
Mr. Kidd of Granton visited with his sister, Mrs. Blaksley, Saturday and Sunday.
Mrs. A. E. Keenan will have a fine line of millinery arrive this week which will compete with any this side of Chicago with prices the lowest.
Master Frank Crye came home from your city to spend Sunday with his parents.
E. Rose and wife visited friends in Babcock Sunday.
Messrs Brown and Harlow of Pittsville preached the Gospel to a crowded house at this place last Sunday afternoon.
Wm. Downing and wife visited relatives in Babcock last Friday.
Frank Downing Sundied at Millston.
We have another store in town, H. Winegardner proprietor. We wish Mr. Winegardner success in his new undertaking.
Miss Agnes Keenan Sundied under the parental roof returning to her school Monday morning.

MONROE CENTER.

L. M. Baily tarried with us a couple days last week. He expects soon to go to Minnesota where he will make his future home.
Ed. Evans is helping Fred York in putting down a new well.
Frank York is moving his barn and making additional improvements.
H. H. Ward is building and repairing his farm buildings.
Clover hulling is now in progress with some of our farmers.
Potato digging is close at hand, in fact some have already begun.
We are glad to hear that Mr. Grith has so far recovered his health that he is able to walk to his barn.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; infallible for piles. Cured guaranteed. Only 25c at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

SPRING CREEK.

Are you ready for the fair? It occurs at Friendship on the 27th, 28th and 29th.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fryett have a daughter born to them on Monday.
Mrs. Eva Thurber is at her son's near Hancock.
Mrs. Myra Thompson is able to be up now. Mr. Thompson is not much better.
The Norwegian aid society met with Mrs. Ida Van Tassel last Wednesday. They did sewing and knitting, served refreshments at five o'clock and passed a very pleasant afternoon. Between forty and fifty were present. Rev. Hagan was there also.
Rev. F. A. Crown preached at Spring Creek on Sunday. He will fill his appointments after this. There will be quarterly meeting at Spring Creek next Sunday night, we are told.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed Thurber have a new daughter.
Arnold Preston and family start for the west on Monday. Frank Dawes and wife visited with relatives here on Sunday.

What is Life?

In the last analysis nobody knows, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting constipation, headache or liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly readjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25c at Daly Drug & Jewelry Co.

—WANTED—Quickly, few persons to represent long established wholesale house among retail merchants and agents. Local territory of few counties. $18 salary and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Commission extra. Permanent engagement. Business successful. Previous experience not essential. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Superintendent Travelers, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Sour Stomach.

When the quantity of food taken is too large or the quality too rich, sour stomach is likely to follow, and especially so if the digestion has been weakened by constipation. Eat slowly and not too freely of easily digested food. Masticate the food thoroughly. Let five hours elapse between meals, and when you feel a fullness and weight in the region of the stomach after eating, take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the sour stomach may be avoided. Otto's Pharmacy.

MARKET REPORT.

Potatoes, ℔ bushel	25
Wheat, No. 2, ℔ bushel	65
Rye, ℔ bushel	.43
Oats, ℔ bushel	.31
Corn, shelled, ℔ 100 lbs	1.00
Hay, marsh, ℔ ton	5.00
Hays timothy, ℔ ton	7.00@8.00
Eggs, ℔ dozen	.18
Butter, ℔ lb	12 @15
Beans, ℔ bushel	65 1.75
Peas, ℔ bushel	.75
Onions, ℔ bushel	50@60
Beef, live, ℔ 100 lbs	$2.60 @ 3.00
Beef, dressed, ℔ 100 lbs	$4.00 @ 6.00
Pork, live	5.00
Pork, dressed	.07
Veal, live, ℔ lb	.05
Veal, dressed, ℔ lb	.08
Chickens, live, ℔ lb	8 @ .10
Chickens, dressed, ℔ lb	8 @ .12
Turkeys, live, ℔ lb	8 @ .10
Turkeys, dressed, ℔ lb	11 @ .12
Flour, patent, ℔ bbl	6.70
Feed, ℔ ton	25.00
Middlings, ℔ ton	21 50
Bran, ℔ ton	19.50
Rolled Corn Meal, bbl	3.75
Lard, lb	.11
Whole Hams, lb	.14
Mess Pork, bbl	16.50

8-7-6w **Summons.**

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Mary Glogerich, Plaintiff,

M. H. Harriman, William Carroll, Mary Allen, Lizzie Haupt (nee Kruger) and Charles Kruger, sole heirs at law of C. J. Kruger, deceased; George Carr and Peters Carr, his wife, J. F. Hamilton and C. A. Hamilton his wife, T. W. Hamilton and Adelia J. Hamilton, his wife, Harry B. Hamilton, John Higgs, William Higgs and Ellen Higgs, his wife, and Helen Gutman; the unknown heirs of M. H. Harriman, if any; the unknown heirs of William Carroll, if any; the unknown heirs of Mary Allen, if any; the unknown heirs of George Carr and Frances Carr, his wife, if any; the unknown heirs of J. F. Hamilton and C. A. Hamilton, his wife, if any; the unknown heirs of T. W. Hamilton and Adelia J. Hamilton, his wife, if any; the unknown heirs of Harry B. Hamilton, if any; the unknown heirs of John Higgs, if any; the unknown heirs of William Higgs and Ellen Higgs, his wife, if any; the unknown heirs of Helen Gutman, if any and the unknown grantees, devisees and legatees and heirs and claimants of the above named parties, if any of said parties be deceased, Defendants.

The State of Wisconsin—To the said Defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is hereby served upon you. CONWAY & JEFFREY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

P. O. address, Grand Rapids, Wood Co., Wisconsin.

Note: To you, the defendants named in the above entitled action and in the above and foregoing summons, and to each of you:
TAKE NOTICE, that the following is a description of the real estate and premises affected by the above entitled action commenced by said summons, to wit:
The NW¼ of NW¼ of Section 5; the SW¼ of NE¼, the SE¼ of NE¼, the NE¼ of NW¼, the S. fractional ½ of NW¼, the N. fractional ½ of SW¼ and the NW¼ of SE¼ of Section 6; all in Township Twenty-one North, of Range 3 East.
FURTHER TAKE NOTICE, That the summons and complaint in said action was duly filed in the office of the clerk of said court at the city of Grand Rapids, in said Wood county, Wisconsin, on the 20th day of August, 1904, and has there continued and remained and now remains on file in the office.
FURTHER TAKE NOTICE, That said action is brought to quiet and establish the plaintiff's title to said lands, and each and every tract thereof, against any claim and all claims of said defendants, or any or either of them to said lands, and to each and every parcel thereof, and to forever bar and cut off said defendants and each and every and all of said defendants from having or claiming any right or title to or interest in said lands adverse to said plaintiff. And plaintiff here refers to said complaint for full facts on which this action is based and for a more full description of the land affected.
Dated August 20th, 1904.
CONWAY & JEFFREY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. address, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wisconsin.

6-4 week. **Claims of Creditors.**

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the Matter of the estate of John Fitzgerald deceased.

Letters of administration of the will annexed on the estate of said John Fitzgerald deceased, having been granted and issued to D. D. Conway on the 5th day of July, 1904, it is now at this special term of this court,
Ordered, That all creditors of said John Fitzgerald deceased, do present their claims for examination and allowance to this Court on or before the 5th day of January, 1905, which time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.
Ordered further, That the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjusted by this court at the regular term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the first Tuesday, being the 10th day of January, 1905.
And it is further Ordered, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within ten days from the date of the order.
Dated Grand Rapids, Wis. July 8th 1904.
By the Court, W. J. CONWAY
County Judge.

DR. H. McELWEE,
Chicago's Leading Specialist.



Will visit Grand Rapids
Friday,
October 7
AT WITTER HOUSE
For ONE DAY ONLY and every fourth week thereafter.

CHRONIC DISEASES

Successfully treated by the latest scientific method as practiced in the principals hospitals of Europe and America.
Consultation and Examination Free. Many leading citizens will testify to the successful results obtained during the several years of my practice in Grand Rapids.

NO SUFFERER NEED DESPAIR.

I have cured hundreds. Why need you suffer? All cases of Stomach and Bowel Trouble quickly cured. A monthly trial of my special remedies will convince those afflicted.
Kidney and Bladder Diseases receive a new and most successful treatment.
I have the greatest success in treating Nervous Diseases, Epilepsy (commonly called Fits) and Chorea (St. Vitus Dance) promptly yield in the great majority of cases to my Special treatment.
PILES quickly cured without the use of the knife, painlessly and with no detention from business on the part of the patient.

THE AGE DEMANDS A SPECIALIST

Who is fitted through special studies in his laboratories and investigation in the largest medical centers in the world to offer afflicted humanity a reasonable guarantee that they will be CURED, not temporarily relieved or stimulated, but CURED TO STAY CURED.

CURE IS GUARANTEED IN EVERY CASE ACCEPTED

In adopting the most modern medical methods, I have not abandoned CLEAN MEDICAL PRACTICE but am ever ready to sacrifice purely commercial gain if in any way I can help my patient more rapidly or more certainly to health.

Men's Diseases
I have devised a special treatment as the result of my investigation in Europe as well as in America, that insures immediate relief and a permanent cure in cases of Varicocele, Hydrocele, Weakness, Losses, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Blood Poison, Inherited or acquired, and all diseases resulting from early excesses or indiscretions. Men suffering from chronic diseases who do not get well will be surprised and delighted by a trial of my special treatment for nervous weakness. You physical, mental and business welfare depends on your nervous vitality. Let me make you a man again.

CONSTIPATION PREMANENTLY CURED

Diseases of the Liver.—How many sick people in every community, due to this important organ's inaction. The greatest laboratory in our body abused and neglected. Let me help you to get this "workshop" going again. My treatment gives unfailing and prompt relief in these cases.

Woman's Diseases
I have been a patient student of the many diseases afflicting womankind. I know that time and again her life and the most charming attributes of her sex are sacrificed to the surgeons knife, cruelty and needlessly. I have the pleasure of being able to announce to this class of sufferers that I have perfected a plan of treatment that will within five days demonstrate to any woman its power to cure the most difficult and distressing case. My charges are always reasonable and never more than you will be willing to pay for successful treatment. I practice no schemes to invite business and refer to my several years of successful and honorable practice in your midst as a guarantee of fair and square dealing. ENGLISH, GERMAN and FRENCH spoken. Consultations are invited free by mail. All correspondence and interviews strictly confidential.

DR. H. MCELWEE.
5025 Forestville Ave., - - CHICAGO, ILL.

There's Just One Place to Buy
Guns, Ammunitions Fishing Tackle and Sportsman's Supplies
And thats at the
CENTRALIA HARDWARE CO.
Bement Stoves and Ranges
The best in use. When getting ready for cold weather remember that the Best is the Cheapest and that we carry the best. Come in and see our "Quick Meal" Stoves.
CENTRALIA HARDWARE CO.

T. A. TAYLOR. WM. SCOTT.
TAYLOR & SCOTT
Abstracts, Loans, INSURANCE and Real Estate.
Telephone No. 364.
GRAND RAPIDS. WISCONSIN.

16,000 — PEOPLE — 16,000
DR. BREWER,



Will show you the names, the record of medicines used and the result obtained of over 16,000 people treated by him.
THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE OF BENEFIT TO THE SICK.
If you have met DR. BREWER you know him to be candid and honest in all he tells you. He never sacrifices such need for the dollar, and does he profess to perform wonders, but to CURE ALL CURABLE DISEASES. He has had the largest experience of any doctor in the United States in the treatment of chronic diseases. Do not give up if other doctors have failed.
Get the benefit of his experience FREE.
We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Youthful Indiscretions, Cancers, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Pneumonia, Catarrh, Constipation, Influenza, Asthma, Scrofula, Pimples, Eruptions, Humors, Blotches, and all diseases of long standing.
Address Dr. Brewer, 1234 Chicago Ave., Evanston, Ill.
Will be at Dixon House, this city, Oct. 20, 1904.
Will also be at Stevens Point, Oct. 19; Marshfield, Oct. 21.



The family man,
The family man,
Of all the men to adore
Is the man who can sit,
With his toes turning in,
Caring for children four.

The family man,
The family man,
The pride of the men I know,
Is the man when one twin
Is pulling his chin
Gives all the rest a show.

The family man,
The family man,
Is only a foolish cub,
If when tending the kids,
Getting kicked in the ribs,
His wife is at the club.

No, but if she is down at the lumber yard, making a better bargain than he could, it is all right. Come down yourself and look us over.

Grand Rapids Lumber Co.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS., West Side.
East Side yard, H. Rablin, Mgr., Tel. 377.
West Side yard, H. A. Sampson Jr., Mgr., Tel. 132

EXPERT REPAIRING.
I do anything in the line of repairing Sewing Machines and Bicyles. Razors, Shears and Saws sharpened. All work guaranteed.
The Best Carpenter Tools Can Always Be Found Here
A full line of Fine Cutlery, Guns and Revolvers kept in stock. Fishing Tackle of all kinds.
D. M. HUNTINGTON.
East Side, Near City Hall.

WOOD COUNTY NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $50,000. Surplus $25.000.
Commenced Business November 1st, 1901.
FRANK GARRISON, President, F. J. WOOD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS: F. Garrison, L. M. Alexander, Thos. E. Nash, E. Rochlin, J. Wood.
Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

...MONEY TO LOAN...
Abstracts, Insurance, Real Estate.
Office over West Side P. O. Telephone No. 41.
CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY.